THE COURIER-JOURNAL "OWL" TRAIN OVER SOUTHERN RAILWAY
Lv. Louisville (4th-St. Crossing) Daily .....3:30 a. m.
Ar. Jeffersontown...*3:49 a. m.
Fisherville .. ...*4:00 a. m.
Shelbyville ..... 4:25 a. m.
Ar. Lawrenceburg. .. 5:05 a. m.
Tyrone .....*5:09 a. m.
Versailles ..... 5:22 a. m.
Lexington . ..... 5:45 a. m.
*Stops on flag signal.

The Courier-Journal.

RETURNING—THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY'S "ST. LOUIS SPECIAL"
Leaves Lexington 6:10 a. m.; Louisville 9:00 a. m., daily, arriving St. Louis 4:56 p. m.—the fastest train to St. Louis by nearly ly one hour. Entire train with superb dining car runs through complete.

VOL. CIII. NEW SERIES—NO. 13,096. LOUISVILLE, TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 8, 1904.—10 PAGES. PRICE {THREE CENTS, ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.

The Weather.

Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday:

Kentucky—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

Indiana—Fair Tuesday; colder at night; Wednesday fair; light to fresh northwest to north winds.

Tennessee—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

THE LATEST.

The Courier-Journal has made its usual complete arrangements for prompt and accurate election returns from the city, the State and the nation. As fast as received, bulletins will be displayed by stereopticon on a large canvas in front of the counting-room entrance.

The counting-room being used for the stereopticon, business notices for the Courier-Journal will be received from 7 p. m. to midnight in the Times' counting-room.

The national campaign closed last night, with the managers of both parties predicting the success of their respective candidates. An unusually large vote is looked for, both on account of the interest manifested and the Weather Bureau's forecast of fair weather for the entire country, with the exception of the northern section of the Middle Atlantic and the New England States, where cloudiness and local rains are predicted.

The Rev. T. J. Alywood, assistant pastor of St. Patrick's Catholic church, St. Louis, was indicted on the charge of having fraudulent naturalization papers in his possession. He was arrested, but was released on his own recognizance. The indictment was on information furnished by the Republican State Committee, and it is believed, will cost the Republicans 10,000 votes in St. Louis.

A number of speeches were made yesterday by Democratic leaders of Kentucky. Gov. Beckham spoke at his home at Bardstown as did Senator McCreary at his home at Richmond. Congressman Stanley spoke at Morganfield in the afternoon and at Henderson at night. Congressman Sherley made an address at Russellville and Judge Frank Peak at Harrodsburg.

The whisky quotations were posted on the Peoria Board of Trade yesterday, but the independents announced that they had agreed among themselves to maintain the basing price of $1.24. In the meantime they say they will formulate a plan of action against the trust, and will eventually meet the cut or go still lower.

A suit for $1,200,000 damages has been filed against J. Ogden Armour, of Chicago, in the Supreme Court of Massachusetts by James C. Melvin, of Boston; James D. Standish, of Detroit; Frank P. Comstock, of New York, and others, acting as trustees. The ground of the action does not appear.

The winter session of the Cuban Congress opened promisingly at Havana. The members of the minority were present in full force and only a few seats were vacant. President Palma in his message congratulated the country on its tranquillity.

Rufus Bryant, a well known Jessamine county farmer, lay all night by the railroad track after being struck by a train. He was taken to Lexington by a train crew, where he died several hours afterwards.

Democrats profess absolute certainty of the result in the Louisville district to-day, some placing the plurality as high as 4,000. Republicans admit confidentially that they see little cause for hope.

During the campaign the Democratic National Committee sent out and distributed 43,049,743 documents—English, foreign and congressional—lithographs and buttons also being classed as documents.

Abbots of the Trappist Order assembled in Rome and elected the Rt. Rev. Dom Augustine de la Mare to succeed Dom Sebastian Wyarth, deceased, as superior general.

A rate of one cent a mile has been granted for the Kentucky State Reunion of United Confederate Veterans, which will be held at Pewee Valley next Friday.

President Roosevelt left Washington last night for Oyster Bay, where he will vote, returning in time to receive the returns to-night at the White House.

Secret service officials have arrested three men at Cleveland, O., who it is charged, have been making and circulating large sums of bogus Hungarian money.

A white girl, who entered a St. Louis theater escorted by a Filipino, was hissed from the building and the entrance fee refunded at the box office.

The State Superintendent of Elections of New York has arranged for the arrest of 10,000 alleged illegal voters should they attempt to vote to-day.

Nearly all the striking miners in Illinois have returned to work, and the strike of the hoisting engineers has been declared off.

VOTERS

Will Be Both Judge and Jury To-day.

HAVE HEARD [illegible] EVIDENCE.

POLITICIANS [illegible] CAMPAIGNERS MUST [illegible] GIVE WAY.

SUBMIT T[illegible] LAST CLAIMS.

Both Sides Declare Their Unalterable Conviction That the Victory Is "Their'n."

A FORECAST OF THE STATES.

Secretary of the U. S. Senate 30 Nov 1904

ELECTION DAY WEATHER.

Washington, Nov. 7.—Fair weather for election day is predicted by the Weather Bureau for the entire country, with the exception of the northern section of the Middle Atlantic and the New England States. From Northern Pennsylvania, over New York and throughout New England the conditions will be unsettled, with more or less cloudy weather and local rains, conditions arising from a moderate depression over the Ohio valley which is now moving eastward. There will be no general storm over the area referred to. In New York City moderate temperatures are predicted, ranging from 40 degrees in the morning to a maximum of 50 degrees or more during the day. In Northern New York State, from Albany north, lower temperatures will prevail, with flurries of snow instead of rain. Throughout the South, West and Northwest fair weather is predicted, with seasonable temperatures.

New York, Nov. 7.—From the politicians to the people; from the campaign managers to the voters; from the spellbinders to the ballot box, the presidential election of 1904 is now committed. For months the leaders have planned, for days and nights they have schemed and for weeks the people have waited for to-morrow, when they will make their choice.

Right up to the hour when all effort has ceased, the campaign managers of both parties confidently claimed success with a serenity which seemed remarkable in view of the wide divergence of expressed opinion. It is not to be expected that any person connected with a political campaign will surrender his right to claim all doubtful States and no one in this campaign, even privately or in confidence, is willing to concede defeat. The confidence of the managers is shared by their followers, and on every hand the stout declarations of partisans for their party candidates are heard. To-night all is confidence; by to-morrow night the country will know who had been right.

* * *

Unusual Quietude.

Aside from the preparations for the receipt of the election returns there was little evidence of the close of the political campaign to-day, unless it might be found in the absence of familiar faces about the National and State headquarters and hotels. There was nothing that indicated any excitement or undue interest, and, in fact, the political headquarters, both National and State, showed little of the activity that has been noticeable up to the end of last week. Nothing that either campaign committee could do at this late day, it was recognized, would affect the result, and this accounted in part for the quietude, it being well known that the case had gone to the great American jury.

The extreme quiet of headquarters was also apparent at the hotels, and those haunts where politicians often congregate to discuss the prospects of the different candidates were deserted nearly all day by the men who are most interested in the elections.

* * *

To Receive Returns.

Election returns will be received at all the headquarters. Chairman Cortelyou will go to Hempstead, Long Island, to vote, and on his return will remain at the committee rooms all the evening.

Vice Chairman Nicoll, Chairman Sheehan, of the Executive Committee, and Secretary Woodson will receive the returns at Democratic National Committee rooms.

Cord Meyer, chairman, and other Democratic State committeemen, will be at the Hoffman House. William Barnes, Jr., Chairman of the Executive Committee, will be in charge at the Republican rooms at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

Evidences of breaking up were apparent to-day when members of the various committees were observed clearing out their desks of things that have accumulated during the campaign. It looked very much as if the end was near at hand.

* * *

Activity At Headquarters.

The members of the Democratic Committee were at headquarters quite early. Vice Chairman Delancey Nicoll was in charge at the Democratic headquarters and Urey Woodson, secretary of the committee, and J. G. Johnson, member of the committee for Kansas, also were there. Secretary Woodson entertained a number of newspaper men with stories to illustrate his confidence in the result. Mr. Nicoll, in a more serious frame of mind, expressed the opinion which has heretofore been given that the Democrats would have a sufficient number of electoral votes to elect Judge Parker. Vice Chairman Sheehan, of the committee, did not go to headquarters, but went to the rooms in the Waldorf-Astoria, where he has directed his part of the campaign for the past six weeks.

The chairman of the Republican Committee came to national headquarters about 12 o'clock, an hour earlier than usual. Considerable activity was observed around the headquarters.

A great many men who had been making speeches and who had been actively at work in the campaign were in the committee rooms, closing up their business with the National Committee. A statement in reply to that given out by the Democratic National Committee last night was prepared and issued by the representatives of the Sound Money League of the campaign of four years ago.

* * *

Odell Expresses Confidence.

Gov. Odell, chairman of the Republican State Committee, just prior to leaving the Republican headquarters for his home at Newburgh expressed his absolute confidence that the Republicans would carry New York State. Asked as to how far Higgins would run behind Roosevelt, he said, 30,000 or 40,000.

"Will the national ticket have enough votes to pull Higgins through?" the Governor was asked: "Oh, yes," he responded, "we will have margin enough. Murphy (referring to the leader of Tammany Hall), will have to carry Greater New York by more than 140,000 in order to beat us."

The Governor followed this remark with a statement that he did not know whether he should make that assertion, because he had not been giving figures and did not like to give figures on questions of this kind, but he afterward asserted that his statement that the Democrats would have to carry Greater New York by more than 140,000 was warranted.

At the Democratic State headquarters none of the important leaders appeared early in the day, with the exception of Chairman Rodie, of the Bureau of Organization. It was stated that the work of the committee had been completed and they were ready for the contest to-morrow.

* * *

Indiana and West Virginia Safe.

Secretary Woodson, who remained at the Democratic national headquarters all day, had a long-distance telephone conversation with Chairman Taggart, who assured him that he was confident of carrying Indiana. A telegram from John G. McGraw, of West Virginia, a member of the National Committee, assured Mr. Woodson that that State would be in the Democratic column.

At Republican national headquarters confidence of success was expressed. Mr. Brooker, the Connecticut member of the Executive Committee, and Geo. Murphy, the New Jersey member of the committee, were at headquarters for some time, and expressed absolute confidence that their States would be carried by the Republicans.

* * *

Betting Grows Lively.

The betting on the presidential result was livelier to-day than at any other time during the campaign. It is estimated that nearly $200,000 was wagered on the Broad street curb and in the various hotels. The leading odds were 6 to 1 on Roosevelt on the general result; 2 to 1 that Roosevelt will carry New York State and 2 to 1 that Herrick will defeat Higgins for the Governorship. One bet on the President was of $5,000 to $800. One man offered $50,000 or any part of it at odds of 5 to 1 on Roosevelt without takers. The heaviest State bet was $10,000 to $8,500 on Herrick. Another Herrick bet was $10,000 to $6,000.

A Wall street house offered to bet $5,000 even that Roosevelt will carry New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Indiana and West Virginia, but there were no takers.

Several private wagers are said to have been made against Parker at odds of 7 to 1, but no such bets were openly announced. One bettor placed $3,000 against $6,000 that Parker will carry New York State.

A Wall street firm put up $2,000 at odds of 2 to 1 that the President will carry New York, and announced that it had $10,000 to place at the same odds. There was practically no betting to-day on the congressional result or the vote in the electoral college. On national and State issues it is estimated that $2,000,000 has been wagered in New York City.

PRACTICALLY DESERTED.

Qualified Voters In Washington, Including President, Go Home To Vote.

Washington, Nov. 7.—A few hours before the balloting in the presidential contest finds the national capital practically deserted of qualified electors. From every department of the Government hundreds of officials and clerks have gone home to vote, embracing the opportunity afforded by the election to take at least a part of their annual leave.

Only two members of the Cabinet, Secretaries Hay and Morton, are in the city to-night. On account of his health, Secretary Hay felt that he ought not to make the trip to Ohio at this time, and Secretary Morton is detained here by important business in the Navy Department.

* * *

President's Departure.

President Roosevelt left Washington at 12:30 to-night for his home at Oyster Bay, L. I., to cast his vote at to-morrow's election. With him were Secretary Loeb, Dr. C. F. Stokes, of the Navy, Assistant Secretary Barnes, who leaves the train at Philadelphia for his home at Vineland, N. J., and other persons connected with the Executive official household. The party occupied a special car attached to the regular midnight express on the Pennsylvania railroad.

Coming down to the station shortly after 11 o'clock the President passed sometime reading and talking to friends, but considerably before the train departed he had retired for the night. He appeared to be in excellent health and spirits during the evening, and if the prospective events of the morrow were making any impression on him there was no outward manifestation of it. When he alighted from his carriage he shook hands and said good-bye to his coachman and footman and then passed on hurriedly to the car, lifting his hat and smiling to the people congregated about the station.

At Jersey City the party will embark on a tug and be taken around to Long Island City, thus avoiding the ride across New York City. After casting his vote at Oyster Bay the President will immediately return to Washington. He is scheduled to reach here shortly after 6 o'clock to-morrow evening.

* * *

To Receive Returns.

Returns from the election will be received by the President at the White House. The President will have as his guests such members of the Cabinet as may be in the city and a few other personal friends. In addition to the returns received in the regular telegraph and cipher bureau at the executive offices, important messages and bulletins also will be received in the President's library at the White House. Special wires were strung today connecting the main office of the Western Union with instruments placed in the library, and one of the corps of operators in the executive telegraph bureau will be on duty at the side of the President. Communication thus may be had by the President with any city in the country. National Chairman Cortelyou, who will be at headquarters in New York, will keep the President and his friends advised of the returns as they are received by him.

At the headquarters of the Democratic Congressional Committee in the Riggs House, Secretary Charles A. Edwards will receive the returns from

(Concluded On 2d Page, 2d Column.)

ALL OVER

Now But the Voting and the Shouting.

BOTH SIDES MAKE CLAIMS,

BUT RESULT IN NEW YORK IS LIKELY TO BE CLOSE.

HERRICK SEEMS A WINNER.

Charles F. Murphy Makes No Statement, But Believes Parker Will Carry State.

CITY MAY GIVE HIM 150,000

New York, Nov. 7.—[Special.]—It is all over now but the shouting, and whichever way the election goes all frank and candid men will know that it is Parker against the trusts and Roosevelt for the trusts. That much has at least been brought out forcibly in the last three days of the campaign. There is no trust money in the hands of Democrats to-morrow to buy votes for Parker and that there is trust money in the hands of Republicans to buy votes for Roosevelt is so true that it did not meet with even a denial from the President himself.

Judge Parker could have said much more than he did Saturday night in answer to the billingsgate from the White House had it been his disposition to have done so. He could have told the American people that J. Pierpont Morgan, the head of all the trusts in the country, had approached even the friends of Judge Parker and solicited campaign funds to elect Roosevelt. One of the gentlemen he approached said: "Why, Mr. Morgan, last spring you told me that you were against Roosevelt and would put up your money to defeat him if the Democrats nominated a good safe man. Why this change?" Morgan replied that "Roosevelt was all right now."

The man refused to talk, and told Judge Parker of the interview. What did "all right" mean? It meant that if Roosevelt was elected the trusts would be allowed to maintain their robbery of the people. There were many of these stories told to Judge Parker by reliable and responsible men. They were as true as gospel and he knew it, but he refused to repeat them and drag the names of his informant into the public prints. Some think that he should, and that the evidence of his charges against the President and Cortelyou would have been damaging. He was urged to do so by good friends, but he said "no," and remarked that the circumstantial evidence was so strong and the inference so overwhelming that the parties would not mistake the issue and would recognize the candidate who was for the trusts.

* * *

Claims of the Parties.

This closes the chapter and if the American people elect Roosevelt tomorrow they elect a friend of the trusts and vote for higher prices on all that they buy and for an empire at Washington for the next four years. While election "claims" have been made by all the political managers, national, State and local, public interest here seems to center on the result in New York State. The Democratic managers assert, with every appearance of confidence, that New York will give a big plurality to both Parker and Herrick. Gov. Odell, on the other hand, declares that his returns show that Roosevelt and Higgins will carry the State. Betting men accept neither assertion. They are "shy" about offering odds on either Roosevelt or Parker in the State and are offering heavy odds on Herrick.

Veteran political observers who are neither concerned in the arrangement of the campaign nor interested in betting, regard the result in this State as far as the national ticket is concerned, as doubtful. A round was made of the political gathering places to-day, including the Hoffman House, the "Amen corner" at the Fifth Avenue Hotel and Tammany Hall. Some of the veterans expressed the opinion that Roosevelt might have a small plurality in the State; others thought that Parker would pull through, but none of them took seriously the claims of the managers concerning large pluralities.

* * *

Contest a Close One.

They were not talking for publication. If they had been they would have talked differently. The general impression conveyed was that, in the opinion of the old political prophets, the contest in New York State between Roosevelt and Parker was a close one and that the winner would not have many votes to spare.

When the State ticket was discussed there was no talk about a close election. The prophets were nearly unanimous in the opinion that Herrick would win by a large plurality. According to them, Higgins could be elected only in case Roosevelt carried the State by 75,000 or a greater plurality and they could see no possibility of that sort.

Such is the talk outside of the offices of the political managers. Many politicians believe that the same kind of talk is heard inside the office when reporters are not around.

There is one thing on which all the lobby prophets seem to be agreed, namely, that there will be a record-breaking Democratic plurality in New York City. They do not regard as at all extravagant the assertions that Parker and Herrick will have a plurality of 125,000 to 140,000 below the Bronx. The only question with them is whether Roosevelt can get a larger plurality up the State. A remark frequently heard to-day was: "Roosevelt must come down to the Bronx with 140,000 plurality to carry the State."

* * *

What Murphy Says.

Charles F. Murphy will not give out any election figures, because, as he said to-day: "If I predicted 150,000 Democratic majority in this city the Republican managers would set their fraud machinery to work up the State to get 155,000 or 160,000 majority for Roosevelt. All I have to say is that the Democrats of this city will do their duty."

District leaders who are in the confidence of Mr. Murphy say that he is sure that Parker will carry New York City by from 140,000 to 150,000, and that he will carry the State.

The Republicans, on the other hand, while they admit the defeat of Higgins, their candidate for Governor, are confident that Roosevelt will carry the State, and are betting on that result. The betting here to-night is five and six to one on Roosevelt and two to one that he will carry New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Indiana and West Virginia. So far as the money goes the Democrats are not in it, but then in that respect they rarely are. But sometimes the unexpected happens. If Judge Parker gets the silent, thoughtful vote of the country he will be elected. O. O. STEALEY.

Election Returns To-night Will Be Bulletined By the Courier-Journal in Front of the Counting-Room Entrance. The Bulletins Will Be Thrown On a Large Screen and Will Convey News of the Election as Rapidly as It is Received. The Public Has Learned to Look to the Courier-Journal Bulletins For Its First Accurate Information of the Result of the Balloting, and the Arrangements This Time Are Even More Thorough Than Usual.

GREENOUGH-ROGERS SUIT IS RE-INSTITUTED.

Boston, Nov. 7.—The suit for $50,000,000 brought by Elizabeth T. Greenough, of New York, against Henry H. Rogers, of the Standard Oil Company, which was dismissed by agreement of the parties on September 24 last, was reentered to-day in the Supreme Court. The new suit is entered under the name Cadwallader M. Raymond versus Henry H. Rogers, et al., the damages being set at $50,000,000 as before.

SENATOR DEPEW PRAISES BOOKER WASHINGTON.

New York, Nov. 7.—Senator Chauncey M. Depew closed the Republican campaign here to-night with a speech at the Abyssinian Baptist church. Senator Depew said that in the Republican party rests the hope of the negro. He paid a high tribute to Booker T. Washington, of whom he said: "I have rarely met his equal anywhere, and I have met the great men of the world."

Mr. Davis Confident.

Elkins, W. Va., Nov. 7.—Former Senator Henry G. Davis to-night expressed a great deal of confidence in the result of the campaign which is just ended. In fact, it is said by those very close to the candidate that he is more confident of victory than at any previous time during the campaign.

Condition Still Precarious.

Hartford City, Ind., Nov. 7.—The condition of Orvil Walker, who was shot in the fight among officers and members of the rival glass workers' organizations yesterday, remains serious. Excitement has disappeared and no trouble is anticipated. President St. Peter is still in the city. He is under bond in the sum of $1,000.

Drowned While Duck Hunting.

Detroit, Nov. 7.—James H. Foote and Alfred Gaines, electricians, were drowned while duck hunting at the St. Clair flats Sunday and their bodies were recovered in the north channel in shallow water at 150 feet from shore to-day.

Slight Wreck At Bedford.

Bedford, Ind., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—A special train containing a number of New York stone men, guests of John R. Walsh, on a visit to the quarries had their train run into by a switch engine. No one was seriously injured.

DESPERATE

Fighting By the Besiegers At Port Arthur.

EFFECTIVE WEDGE DRIVEN

INTO THE RUSSIAN CENTER BY THE JAPANESE.

MANY SEVERE EXPLOSIONS

And Several Extensive Fires Within the Fortress In the Past Few Days.

BATTLING AT CLOSE RANGE.

Chicago, Nov. 7.—A special to the Chicago Daily News from Dalny, November 7, says:

After three days of continuous bombardment of Port Arthur, which caused extensive destruction to the Shojusan and Niryusan forts, in the west center of the Russian line of defense, and also to Keekwan fort, the right wing of the Japanese army assaulted Shojusan yesterday afternoon. Having carried the approaches to that height the assailants intrenched themselves under the glacis of the forts. In the evening the left wing delivered an assault on Keekwan, fighting its way to the lower parapet. There the Japanese held their ground stubbornly in the face of Russian counter attacks.

Having been re-enforced during the night the Russians charged down upon the Japanese and desperate hand-to-hand conflicts ensued. The Japanese beat back the enemy and destroyed two covered positions in the front moat. A Japanese sub-lieutenant with thirty volunteers then succeeded in making his way to the rear of the fort. There he engaged in a personal conflict with a Russian officer and killed him. Having discovered two more defenses in the rear moat, the sublieutenant withdrew his force with a loss of two men.

Later in the night the advanced position of the Japanese was taken and retaken twice. The besiegers succeeded in holding the approaches and constructing trenches connecting them with the army's front parallel. At dawn numbers of dead were visible on the slopes. Fort P, north of the new and old batteries in the left center of the line of defense, was captured by the severe fighting of the night.

These operations have successfully driven an effective wedge into the Russian center. Severe explosions and extensive fires have occurred in the fortress within the last few days. The total casualties of the Japanese in the late attacks were 1,100. Over 500 were killed up to October 29. The spirit of the men is magnificent. The firing of all the guns is wonderfully effective.

The climax to the late bombardment came between 4 and 6 o'clock Saturday afternoon. It was a superb spectacle. Every fort of the enemy was engaged and the fighting in the trenches was constant and severe. The outposts of the contending forces were only forty feet apart. At 1 o'clock this morning one of the Japanese trenches collapsed into a Russian gallery. The enemy, being surprised underground, fled in confusion.

RESERVE OFFICERS

Are Being Mobilized For Service In the Far East.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 7.—The necessity for officers for service at the front has resulted in the mobilization of all reserve officers in St. Petersburg, Vilna, Warsaw, Kieff, Odessa, Moscow, Kazan and the Caucasus. The loss of officers at Liao Yang and below Mukden was about 1,300. The mobilization, while intended to supply the deficiency, is also necessitated by the grand scale on which the war in the Far East is to be prosecuted.

The news from the front indicates that Gen. Kuropatkin is devoting his attention chiefly to keeping the Japanese busy along the line of their fortification below the Shakhe river. The Russians apparently are enjoying some superiority in the matter of artillery, as many of the heavier field trains and mortar batteries are now arriving and being brought into service.

Viceroy Alexieff will arrive in St. Petersburg Friday. There is renewed talk that he may be transferred as Viceroy to the Caucasus on account of the situation there.

Gen. Alexieff, chief of the bureau of operations of the general staff, has been appointed quartermaster of Gen. Kaulbar's Third Manchurian army.

Gen. Grippenberg, commander of the Second Manchurian army, and his staff, will leave Vilna November 17.

Besides the mobilizations of the Plock and Czestochowa Rifle brigades, the mobilization of other brigades stationed at Zhmerinka, Odessa and Suwalki is proceeding.

WITHIN A STONE'S THROW

Of Each Other Are the Contending Armies On Shakhe River.

Mukden, Nov. 7.—The Japanese on Saturday night attacked some of the Russian outposts in considerable force, but the Russians had been warned and the Japanese were repulsed. They were not able to take away all their killed or wounded, leaving twenty-eight bodies on the field. The Russians lost only nine men.

The Russian and Japanese armies, extending from Bentsiaputze east to the Liao river west, at places are almost within a stone's throw of each other. At Bentsiaputze not more than four hundred yards separate the advance posts, and at Sinchimpu, on the Shakhe river, just west of the railway and fifteen miles south of Mukden, the Japanese and Russians occupy the extreme ends of the same village. At Huangshantse the Russian center has thrown advance posts across the Shakhe river. Both armies are still strengthening their positions all along the line. The slightest movement on either side is the signal for firing, which occasionally lasts all night. The Russians are using six-inch guns on the railway, which must greatly harass the Japanese. Undoubtedly the most decisive if not the greatest battle of the year will be fought in the vicinity of the Shakhe river. The Russians are confident of their ability to hold their positions. The soldiers are building mud huts for winter quarters.

The nights continue cold, but the days are bright and crisp.

A SMALL DISTURBANCE

Among Students Is Suppressed Without Serious Results.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 7.—There was a small student disturbance at the University to-day, but it was handled in the same rational manner as the one at the Kazan Cathedral about ten days ago, and as a result the whole affair passed off without serious consequences.

About a thousand university students divided into two groups one singing the Russian national anthem and the other the "Marseillaise." The police appealed to the latter group to stop, and they agreed to do so if their opponents stopped. This was done, and the affair ended with a hearty laugh all around.

It Will Be Offered To Dewey.

Washington, Nov. 7.—Unofficially, though from an official source, officers of the navy on duty in Washington have learned that the American navy will be invited to send a representative as a member of the Anglo-Russian inquiry commission which will investigate the Dogger Bank affair. It can be stated that Admiral Dewey will of course be given the refusal of this mission.

Fournier May Be Selected.

Paris, Nov. 7.—The names of Admirals Fournier and Creavis are under consideration for appointment as French members of the international commission, which is to investigate the North sea incident. No final decision has been reached, but the officials here think Fournier will be selected.

Practically Complete.

London, Nov. 7.—After to-day's Cabinet meeting the Foreign Office said that the Anglo-Russian agreement upon the inquiry into the North sea incident was practically complete. The one or two unimportant details remaining to be settled, it was added, would cause no difficulty.

The Fifth Commissioner.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 7.—It is believed here that the fifth Admiral to be selected by the four commissioners who are to inquire into the North sea incident, in accordance with the convention being arranged between Russia and Great Britain, will be German or Italian.

UNWISE MOVE

BY ST. LOUIS REPUBLICANS WILL LOSE THEM MANY VOTES.

CATHOLIC PRIEST INDICTED.

Charged With Having In His Possession Fraudulent Naturalization Papers.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—On information furnished by the Republican State Committee, the Rev. Father T. J. Aylward, assistant pastor of St. Patrick's Catholic church, Sixth and Biddle streets, was indicted by a Federal grand jury, and to-day was arrested on a charge of having in his possession fraudulent naturalization papers and having registered on those papers.

Father Aylward was released on his own recognizance. The Catholics of the city are hot with indignation over the incident, and the Republicans are alarmed more than they will admit over the effect of the affair on to-morrow's election. It is freely predicted among Democratic leaders that the indictment of Father Aylward will cost the Republican party 10,000 votes in this city alone, and that its effect throughout the nation will be of tremendous political importance. As evidence of the confidence of St. Louis Democratic politicians in the success of their city ticket to-morrow they are to-night offering two to one that the city goes Democratic, and there are few takers.

Among Democrats all over the city the indictment of Father Aylward is deplored as a most lamentable mistake, growing out of a plan on the part of certain Republican leaders to spring upon the city the indictment of a large number of Democrats for naturalization frauds on the eve of the election.

Father Aylward, when seen shortly after his arrest, said: "I must decline to make an extended statement at this time. I cannot understand it. I am in a daze from having been served with a warrant charging such a thing. I want to find out if some one has not used my name. I have been at St. Patrick's church for two years. I took out papers at the Court of Appeals three years ago, and have them at the parochial residence. So far as I know they are legal in every respect."

TRIAL OF NAN PATTERSON TO BEGIN NOVEMBER 15.

New York, Nov. 7.—The trial of Nan Patterson, who has been in the Tombs prison since last June, charged with the murder of Caesar Young, will begin November 15. That date was fixed to-day by Justice Davis in the criminal bench of the Supreme Court at the request of Assistant District Attorney Rand.

Land Case Dismissed.

Washington, Nov. 7.—In an opinion by Chief Justice Fuller, the Supreme Court of the United States to-day dismissed the case of Stevenson versus Fain. The case grew out of a controversy concerning the ownership of a body of wild lands lying on the border of the States of Tennessee and North Carolina.

The Dolbeer Will Contest.

San Francisco, Nov. 7.—The hearing of the Dolbeer will contest began today in the Supreme Court. Miss Etta Marion Warren, who was bequeathed over $1,000,000 by Miss Dolbeer was in court, as also was Adolph Schander, the contestant, as uncle of the deceased. The hearing will probably consume two weeks.

His Arm Torn Off.

Bedford, Ind., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—Frank Sherrill, aged nineteen years, a prominent young farmer, had his right arm torn off in a corn sheller this afternoon.

SWEEPING

Victory By Democrats Expected.

POLLS OPEN THIS MORNING.

KENTUCKY SAFE FOR PARKER BY BIG MAJORITY.

LOUISVILLE IS DEMOCRATIC.

Fine Organization To Work For the Bond Issue Here.

REPUBLICANS AND BOODLE.

The voters of Kentuncky will to-day express themselves on the issues and the candidates which have been discussed during the campaign just closed. Thirteen presidential electors are to be named, Congressmen will be chosen in each of the eleven districts of the State. In Louisville and Jefferson county in addition to voting for President and Congressman, a Judge of the Circuit Court, a County Attorney, a Magistrate and six School Trustees are to be elected.

All preparations for the election here to-morrow have been completed. The booths were distributed several days ago, the ballot boxes and poll books were given out to the officers of election yesterday, and nothing remains except for the citizens to record their verdict to-day. The polls will open promptly at 6 o'clock this morning and will remain open until 4 o'clock this afternoon. Immediately after closing the polls the election officers will begin the count and remain at their task until the work is finished.

* * *

Great Victory Pointed Out.

All signs point to a splendid victory for Democracy in Louisville and Kentucky to-day. That the State will be carried by a handsome majority for Parker and Davis is conceded by the National Republican Campaign Committee, and though the Republican State Committee has made a feeble claim that they will carry the State, the opinion was expressed for publication only and not as an evidence of good faith. The only contest in Kentucky is in several of the congressional districts, where the Republicans, backed by an enormous campaign fund, hope to elect their candidates. The districts which the Republicans selected to make their fight are the Third, Fifth and Ninth, where the Democratic nominees are James M. Richardson, Swagar Sherley and James N. Kehoe.

The Democratic Committee is confident that Kentucky will go for Parker and Davis by a majority ranging from 12,000 to 20,000, and that Messrs. Sherley Kehoe and Richardson will all be elected. In Mr. Sherley's case but little doubt is felt. The Louisville Democratic organization is intact and capable, and the voters thoroughly understand the situation. Mr. Sherley's excellent record in Congress has brought him support from Republicans, and not a single Democrat has been heard to express himself in favor of Owens. The other Democratic nominees in Louisville have made winning races, and the local Democratic Committee with much assurance predicted the election of Judge Matt O'Doherty and Robert Worth Bingham.

The campaign in Kentucky and Louisville on behalf of the Democrats has been fought cleanly and effectively. Hundreds of speakers have been on the stump, and the only question has been the arousing of Democrats to a necessity for going to the polls and casting their ballots.

* * *

Trust To Over-confidence.

On the other hand, the Republicans have made a gum-shoe fight, trusting to over-confidence in the Democratic voters and the use of a large corruption fund. How much money was handled by the Republican Committee will probably never be known, but that it is the largest sum ever used by a political party in Kentucky is admitted even by Republican leaders. The Federal officeholders of the State were forced to contribute heavily, and a certain per cent. of their salaries was demanded. In some instances the Government employes were let off with a 5 per cent. contribution, but in the majority of cases 10 per cent. was demanded. In addition, the National Committee sent $100,000 to Kentucky to be used on election day, and the most of that will be spent in Louisville and the two other districts where the Republicans are making a fight.

Gov. J. C. W. Beckham passed through Louisville yesterday on his way to Bardstown, where he will cast his vote. The election returns will be received to-night at Democratic headquarters, and many of the Democratic leaders will gather there from all parts of the State to hear the results in Kentucky and the other States.

* * *

Relying On Two Forces.

The Republicans in Louisville are relying on two forces to win for them today. Intimidation of Democratic workers by threats of having them before the Federal Court and the use of large sume of money are the backbone of the professed confidence. No attempt has been made to win voters during the campaign. William C. Owens, the Republican nominee for Congress, has made a few speeches in outlying districts of the city to small crowds, while George Weissinger Smith and Lafon Allen, the other candidates, have made practically no canvass at all. The entire work of the campaign has been left to the committee, headed by Clayton Blakey and Albert Scott. The negro vote has been catered to, and Mr. Owens devoted himself principally to winning the support of the black voters. Hundreds of negroes were illegally registered, and it is hoped to have their votes counted to-day.

* * *

The Bond Issue.

The issue of bonds to build sewers for Louisville will be before the voters in the city to-day and a two-third majority is required for it to carry. Charles F. Grainger said yesterday that he believed the bond issue would carry by a safe majority. The campaign for

the bond issue has been conducted in a nonpartisan manner, and the most active men in favor of its passage were Republicans. A working organization of citizens who volunteered for the purpose will be at the polls to-day in the interest of the bonds. If the measure is carried $3,500,000 of bonds will be issued by the city. They will draw 3½ per cent. interest or the total amount $2,275,000 will be used for a comprehensive system of sewers, $500,000 will be used for new streets and the remainder will be devoted to the improvement of Beargrass creek. The necessity of the improvements has not been questioned anywhere, and the only opposition has come from a few disgruntled politicians.

REPUBLICANS "MAY" WIN.

Gist of Their Conclusions As To Kentucky.

The Republican State headquarters at the Galt House were practically deserted yesterday. Thomas L. Walker, the secretary, went to his home in Lexington to vote and John C. Wood left for Mt. Sterling, where he will cast his ballot. The leaders from all parts of the State will come to Louisville to-day as soon as they have voted and will receive the returns at the Galt House.

Before leaving yesterday John C. Wood said that Kentucky was in the doubtful column, and that the State might be carried for Roosevelt. He claimed three Congressmen out of the eleven for the Republicans. Richard P. Ernst, the chairman, did not come to Louisville as was expected yesterday. In his statement given out at Covington, Mr. Ernst claims Kentucky for the Republicans by a majority of 8,000 to 12,000.

A LEGISLATOR IS SENTENCED TO JAIL.

Judge Declares That Those Who Vote For Curley Will Share His Shame.

Boston, Nov. 7.—State Representatives Thomas F. Curley and Alderman James M. Curley were sentenced to-day in the United States Circuit Court to serve two months in jail for having impersonated others at a Civil Service examination.

In passing sentence Judge Lowell said that the Curleys had not shown a proper realization of their crime. Thomas F. Curley is a candidate for re-election to the Legislature, having been nominated after the first sentence was imposed, and the Judge remarked that those who voted for him shared his shame.

BIG SUIT AGAINST J. OGDEN ARMOUR.

He Is Made Defendant In Massachusetts In Action For $1,200,000 Damages.

Boston, Nov. 7.—A suit for $1,200,000 damages against J. Ogden Armour, of Chicago, was entered in the Supreme Court of Massachusetts to-day by James C. Melvin, of Boston; James D. Standish, of Detroit; Frank P. Comstock and Frank E. Vogel, of New York, and others, acting as trustees. The ground of the action, which is one of the largest ever entered in the Commonwealth, does not appear, since counsel agreed not to file any declaration at this time.

OFFICERS ARE FINED AT JACKSON.

Jackson, Miss., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—Vice President Sam Aby, of Crystal Springs, and Secretary A. V. Smith, of New Orleans, officers of the Mississippi Debenture Company, against which the Postoffice Department issued fraud orders some time ago and who were indicted at the last term of the Federal Court here, pleaded guilty to-day before Judge Niles. Aby was sentenced to pay two hundred dollars fine, Smith one thousand, and they think they got off light. President J. W. Hughes, of Louisville, who was also indicted, was not present.

NO AIRSHIP TRIALS AT ST. LOUIS YESTERDAY.

St. Louis, Nov. 7.—A rent in the inner bag of the balloon of the French airship, which was discovered to-day, prevented the flight arranged by M. Hippolyte Francois. The damage was slight, however, and M. Francois announced to-night that he would probably fly to-morrow. A high wind prevented ascensions of the Baldwin and Benbow airships to-day.

ELECTION BULLETINS ON LIMITED TRAINS.

Chicago, Nov. 7.—A novel example for the enterprise of modern railway management in planning for the convenience of the traveling public will be given to-morrow night by the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company, which will display bulletins on national and State elections, in the buffet library cars of a number of its limited trains.

Warrants of Arrest Issued.

St. Louis, Nov. 7.—Warrants were issued by United States Commissioner Gray to-day against a number of persons, charging them with having registered illegally on false certificates of naturalization. The warrants were issued on the strength of information submitted by Horace Dyer, Assistant District Attorney.

Marine Intelligence.

New York, Nov. 7.—Arrived: Bovic, Liverpool.

Boulogne, Nov. 6.—Sailed: Pretoria, New York.

Gibraltar, Nov. 7.—Passed: Romanic, Boston, for Naples and Genoa.

Glasgow, Nov. 5.—Arrived: Pomeranian, Montreal and Quebec.

Palermo, Nov. 6.—Arrived: Republic, New York.

Lizard, Nov. 7.—Passed: Cassell, Bremen, for New York and Baltimore.

Rotterdam, Nov. 4.—Arrived: Noordam, New York.

Dover, Nov. 7.—Arrived: Kroonland, New York for Antwerp.

Death of Union Veteran.

The body of William Battermann, an old Union soldier, who died at his home at Cecilian, Ky., yesterday morning, will be brought to Louisville at 8:20 o'clock this forning and buried in Cave Hill cemetery. He was seventy-five years old and unmarried. The body will be taken direct from the train to the cemetery.

If you are allowing any of them to grow cold, the chances are that you have "too many irons in the fire." If you have any "irons" to sell, try a Business Chance ad. in the Courier-Journal and Times.

Mrs. Alexander Ill.

Mrs. H. A. Alexander is dangerously ill at her home, 601 West Oak street, from the effects of a stroke of paralysis suffered Sunday. Her entire left side is involved, and, on account of her extreme age, it is feared she cannot survive. Dr. Philip Barbour is attending her. Mrs. Alexander is seventy-two years old.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

VOTERS

(Continued from First Page.)

various States ands from Democratic National headquarters in New York.

* * *

Betting On the Result.

At the headquarters of both the Republican and Democratic parties to-night, the utmost confidence is expressed as to the outlook. This confidence is substantially expressed in the betting on the result, which has been heavier in Washington than ever has been known. The odds on the general results are 5 to 1 in favor of Roosevelt and Fairbanks, but many wagers have been made at short odds. The interest of bettors centers on New York, and large sums have been wagered on the result in that State. Odds of 2 to 1 have been offered by Republicans that Roosevelt would carry his home State and they have been accepted eagerly by Democrats. Many wagers have been recorded on the result in Maryland and West Virginia, but Republican money is as scarce on the former State as Democratic money is on the latter.

GREAT INTEREST IN NEW YORK.

Both Parties Conclude the Campaign With Confidence Unshaken.

New York, Nov. 7.—Election eve finds both parties claiming the Empire State. To-day the leaders took the last estimates of their committeemen and then each side put forth its declarations, the Democrats pinning faith to a statement by Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, that the vote for Parker in the Greater New York would be the greatest ever cast for a Democratic candidate, while the Republican view was expressed by Gov. Odell, who said Parker's plurality in the city would have to be better than 140,000 if he was to carry the State. Two years ago Coler, the Democratic candidate for Governor, had 122,600 plurality over Odell in the city, but was defeated, Odell having 130,800 plurality in the rest of the State.

D. Cady Herrick, Democratic nominee for Governor, made a statement to-day in which he said: "Making every liberal discount upon the rosy views that are always presented to a candidate, I firmly believe that the Republican majority north of the Bronx will be much less than it was two years ago."

Frank W. Higgins, Republican candidate for Governor, said to-day: "I believe Roosevelt will carry this State by over 100,000, and that the Republican State ticket will be elected.

* * *

To Watch Polls Closely.

The feature of the election in this city promises to be remarkably close watching of the polls. The plans to prevent illegal voting have been made on a scale that eclipses all former efforts. In addition to the party watchers and the city's 8,000 policemen, every one of whom will be on election duty to-morrow, Superintendent Morgan, of the State election bureau for the metropolitan district, will have more than 1,000 deputies at work to prevent the casting of ballots by those not entitled to vote, and a force of 100 secret service men will watch for foreign-born men who may present fraudulent naturalization papers.

Warrants will not be obtained for all the alleged illegal voters. That has been found to be physically impossible, because the courts have not time to issue the warrants before to-morrow, and because the State elections bureau has run out of complaint blanks.

Where no warrants are issued in advance, the deputies will be given lists of orders of arrests, and will take into custody every man named on them who votes.

Judge Foster, in charging the grand jury to-day, advised its members to be very careful in handling all political cases, saying:

"Let us have no indictments whatever for the purpose of giving political advantage to any party. You are not here for that purpose."

* * *

Heaviest Vote Looked For.

With good weather promised, to-night's indications are that the vote cast to-morrow will be the heaviest ever known in New York City, and perhaps throughout the State.

Interest is at the highest pitch known in recent years, and evidence of this is shown in arrangements made by the New York Central Railroad Company to have returns furnished to-morrow evening to all its through trains at such points as New York, Albany, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Cleveland and Chicago.

CLAIMS IN OHIO.

Republicans Confident and the Democrats Also Assured of Gains.

Cincinnati, Nov. 7.—On the eve of the election the Republicans are confident that their organization in Ohio will secure unusual results, even exceeding pluralities in what were previously called "the McKinley years." While the Democrats have no such organization as their opponents, they claim that there has been during the past two or three days "a whirlwind in their favor" that justifies their anticipation of a landslide that might make the State close and enable the Democrats to gain three or four Ohio Congressmen. They state that their vote has not been out fully for years as they expect it to-morrow.

The Democrats also say they will be benefited by the reduction of the Populist vote and the increase of the Socialist vote. They estimate that the former Socialist vote of 13,500 will be more than doubled and come largely from Republican workingmen. The Socialists have held more meetings in Ohio than all other parties combined, but their efforts have been confined to the larger cities and will not affect doubtful congressional districts, notably the Third, Twelfth and Fifteenth. As the larger cities in Ohio, with possibly two exceptions, are Republican strongholds, there may be some ground for the claim that the Socialists' agitation will affect the Republicans more than the Democrats. While other localities are lacking in interest the contests in the Third, Twelfth and Fifteenth congressional districts and at Cleveland on the county ticket are among the most animated ever known in the State.

WISCONSIN REPUBLICAN.

Democrats Say, However, That They Will Elect George W. Peck.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 7.—The political contest closed in Wisconsin to-night, with speeches in many places of the State in the interest of all the parties represented on the ballot. It is generally conceded that the Roosevelt and Fairbanks electors will carry the State by a plurality ranging between 50,000 and 75,000.

Chairman W. D. Connor, of the Republican State Central Committee, claims that Gov. LaFollette will have 75,000 plurality. The Republicans have not changed their estimate on the congressional outcome and claim six Congressmen will be elected without doubt, and that they have more than an even chance in electing four others.

Democratic State Chairman A. F. Warden claims George W. Peck will be elected by 25,000 plurality and that the Democrats will control the Legislature. As to Congressmen, Mr. Warden says the outlook is favorable for electing five or six members. The Democrats are counting strongly on the Scofield Republicans to aid them on the State ticket, and it is generally conceded that the Scofield strength will go this way.

It is pretty safe to say that the Republicans will elect six Congressmen, the Democrats one, with four in doubt.

The Legislature, which is to elect a United States Senator, will probably be so divided between the two Republican factions and the Democrats that neither party will have a majority.

OUTLOOK IN MASSACHUSETTS.

State Conceded To Roosevelt, But Contest For Governor Is Sharp.

Boston, Nov. 7.—The final word of the campaign was spoken to-night to voters throughout Massachusetts who to-morrow will ballot for presidential electors, State officers, members of Congress in the fourteen districts, members of the State House of Representatives and Senate and the various officers in the counties throughout the State.

The feature of the eve of the election was the marked activity in rallying on the part of the Republicans who held meetings in many cities and in a large number of towns. The Democratic rallies were comparatively few.

It is upon the vote for Governor and upon the choice of Congressmen in various districts that the claims of the Republicans and Democrats are in conflict, the success of the Roosevelt electors being conceded by the Democrats. The Democrats claim the election of William L. Douglass, candidate for Governor, and they will be disappointed if, this not being achieved, Governor Bates' plurality is not reduced to a small margin.

That the Legislature will be Republican is conceded by the Democrats and the return of Henry Cabot Lodge to the United States Senate is practically assured.

DEMOCRATS CONCEDE ILLINOIS.

Some Sweeping Claims At Republican National Headquarters.

Chicago, Nov. 7.—The Republicans claim that they will carry Illinois by anywhere from 125,000 to 140,000, and the Democrats claim that they will reduce the Republican plurality of four years ago. That is the substance of all the claims put forth by both sides on the night before election.

The fight on Congressmen will not, in all probability, result in any great change in the number of Representatives from both parties. The present congressional delegation is eight Democrats and seventeen Republicans, and the chances are that this ratio will not be greatly disturbed. The Republicans assert they will gain two Congressmen, one in the Twenty-second and one in the First district, while the Democrats say that they will defeat Congressman Rodenberg, in the Twenty-fourth, and thereby make their total nine in the next Congress.

In Chicago and Cook county, the claims of both parties are diametrically opposed. Each party asserts that it will carry the city of Chicago and the county of Cook, outside of the city by 30,000 to 50,000. It is claimed by the Republicans that Charles S. Deneen, the Republican candidate for Governor, will make a remarkable run in this city, which is his home, and that he will leave the national ticket far in the rear as far as Chicago and Cook county is concerned. Outside of this county, they expect him to run about even with the national ticket. The Democrats make no specific claim for the gubernatorial candidate, Lawrence B. Stringer, but claim that he will make a strong run, and will materially cut into previous Republican pluralities.

* * *

Officials Go Home.

The Republican national headquarters in this city were practically closed to-night, all of the officials having left for their homes. Secretary Elmer Dover departed in the afternoon, and Harry S. New went to his home in Indianapolis to-night.

Frank O. Lowden left for his home in Ogle county, of this State, in order to vote early in the morning and then return during the day to take charge of the headquarters. Mr. New, is also expected back some time during the afternoon.

The claims advanced at the national headquarters do not vary greatly from the statement given out by Chairman Cortelyou, but some of the officials were somewhat more sweeping in their claims than the chairman, saying that in their opinion Judge Parker would not carry a single State outside of the "Solid South."

There were no members of the Democratic National Committee around during the day, but the State Central Committee members declared that Judge Parker would without question be the next President of the United States, and put his electoral vote all the way from a number barely sufficient to elect to two-thirds of the electoral college.

INDIANA CLAIMED BY BOTH.

Democrats and Republicans Are Confident of Victory.

Indianapolis, Nov. 7.—Unusual quiet prevails throughout Indiana on the eve of election. The speaking campaign closed Saturday night, and since that time politicians have done little else than predict success for their respective tickets. At Republican and Democratic headquarters the organizers survey the results of their work with satisfaction. The Republican leaders refuse to change their prediction that Roosevelt and Fairbanks will carry Indiana by pluralities variously estimated from 20,000 to 35,000.

* * *

Democratic Claims.

Democratic leaders confidently assert their belief that Parker and Davis will be successful in Indiana, but refuse to make known the figures upon which they found their belief.

The Democrats are also of the opinion that John W. Kern, their gubernatorial candidate, will run ahead of the national ticket; that there will be considerable change in the complexion of Indiana's representation in Congress, and that the next Legislature, which, if the Republican national ticket is successful, will elect two United States Senators to succeed Charles W. Fairbanks, Republican vice presidential candidate, and Albert J. Beveridge, will be Democratic.

* * *

Republican Estimates.

Republicans scoff at such opinions, contending that the next Indiana Legislature will be overwhelmingly Republican, and that two Republican Congressmen from the Twelfth and the Second districts will be added to the present majority of nine in the delegation of thirteen. J. Frank Hanly, Republican candidate for Governor, is sanguine in his expectation of election. He is of the opinion that his reported connection with legislation inimical to labor has not influenced his candidacy adversely. At Republican State headquarters it is believed that Mr. Hanly will poll a vote equal to that of the national ticket.

* * *

Views of Taggart and Goodrich.

When asked to-night for a last word concerning the outlook, Democratic National Chairman Taggart replied:

"Indiana is reliably Democratic, and the vote will so show."

Republican State Chairman James P. Goodrich sees a Republican majority of 30,000 and the re-election of a Republican Legislature.

It is conceded that the Prohibition vote in Indiana will be increased this year, but this contingency is not expected to give either the Republicans or Democrats an advantage. The Populist vote is expected to exert less influence than previously.

NEW JERSEY IN DOUBT.

Both the Democrats and Republicans Are Claiming It.

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 7.—The New Jersey political campaign which closed to-day was the most aggressive since 1892, when the Democrats carried the State for Grover Cleveland for President. The Republicans, so far as the presidency is concerned, entered the campaign just closed with the prestige of a plurality of 56,899 for McKinley four years ago. They are confident of carrying the State for Roosevelt by from 35,000 to 40,000. The Democrats are claiming that Parker will have a small plurality.

The Democrats have made a strong fight for Charles C. Black for Governor on a platform for the greater taxation of railroads, and are enthusiastically confident of winning. The Republicans admit that Edward C. Stokes, their candidate for Governor, will run considerably behind Roosevelt, but claim that Mr. Stokes will have from 10,000 to 20,000 plurality.

New Jersey's congressional delegation of seven Republicans and three Democrats will probably not be changed as to relative numbers.

HARD FIGHT IN COLORADO.

Each Side Claims a Sweeping Victory For Their Candidates.

Denver, Nov. 7.—Despite the tense feeling resulting from the sharp contest over the governorship, indications point to a peaceable election throughout the State, with the possible exception of Teller county, where Republicans and Democrats accuse each other of having planned to provoke trouble.

Largely attended meetings were held to-night in the leading cities and towns and enthusiasm on both sides reached a high pitch. Gov. James H. Peabody made his final appeal for votes in Denver, and on the platform with him at the Coliseum was former Senator Edward C. Wolcott who made his first speech of the campaign, indorsing all the Republican candidates.

Alva Adams, Democratic candidate for Governor, closed his canvass with a speech at Central City, the Gilpin county mining center. Neither side has modified its claims of a sweeping victory, but Republicans and Democrats alike agree that Roosevelt and Fairbanks will get many more votes than the other Republican candidates.

LITTLE DELAWARE.

Each Party Refuses To Concede Success of the Other.

Wilmington, Del., Nov. 7.—The campaign just closed in Delaware was one of the most complicated in the political history of the State. Both the Democrats and the Republicans claim they will carry the little State for their respective national and State tickets, but indications to-night point to Republican success by majorities under those of four years ago. In 1900 McKinley had a majority of 3,671.

The Addicks and anti-Addicks Republicans, who had separate State tickets in the field, but who agreed upon a compromise list of candidates, fully expect to elect their ticket, which is headed by Preston Lea, for Governor. Dr. Joseph H. Chandler, the gubernatorial nominee of the anti-Addicks faction, who refused to withdraw in favor of the compromise ticket, is running independently. Because of this defection Democrats feel they have a chance of winning the Governorship, and are making every effort to bring out the vote to overcome the split Republican forces.

CALIFORNIA FOR ROOSEVELT.

General Estimate Is That His Majority Will Be Over 40,000.

San Francisco, Nov. 7.—Election day promises to be an ideal one in weather. On election eve the Republican State Central Committee claims the election will result in a majority of from 55,000 to 60,000 in California for Roosevelt and Fairbanks.

The committee also claims the State will elect eight Republican Congressmen and that all the State Senators and nearly all of the Assemblymen will be Republicans.

The Democratic State Central Committee make the claim that California will go for Parker and Davis, and that five Democratic Congressmen will be elected; also that the Democratic representation in the Legislature will be increased by more than 50 per cent.

Outside of committee rooms the general estimate is that Roosevelt's majority will be over 40,000.

The fact that voting machines will be used in some parts of the State will considerably expedite the compiling of the returns.

CLOSE IN RHODE ISLAND.

State Claimed By Both Parties For National and State Tickets.

Providence, R. I., Nov. 7.—The political campaign was finally concluded in this State to-night, when, at a meeting in Infantry hall, the Republican nominees for offices delivered addressed. Throughout the State minor rallies were held with a view of keeping up enthusiasm, and everything pointed toward a record vote. A plurality of 10,000, a decrease of 3,000 from McKinley's plurality, is confidently expected by the Republicans for President Roosevelt, though the Democrats figure on a small plurality for Parker.

Gov. L. F. C. Garvin, the Democratic nominee for re-election, says he considers the situation favorable.

The Republicans claim that Lieutenant-Governor Utter will be elected Governor by from 2,000 to 3,000 plurality.

Indications point to a Republican majority in the Legislature, which will elect a successor to United States Senator Aldrich.

ESTIMATES AS TO IOWA.

Republicans Claim Plurality Twice As Large As Democrats Concede.

Des Moines, Ia., Nov. 7.—Iowa Republicans are increasing their estimate of Roosevelt's plurality in this State, instead of cutting it down on the eve of election day. Chairman R. H. Spence, of the Republican State Committee, to-day declared that the Republican ticket would have a plurality of at least 125,000 instead of 115,000 as has been estimated. The Democrats still insist that the plurality will not be more than 60,000.

The last day before the election was uneventful save in the Second district, where the Democrats are making a desperate fight to save the only Democratic Congressman in Iowa. While the result will be close, and A. F. Dawson, the Republican candidate, has made a notable campaign, the chances favor the re-election of Judge M. J. Wade, Democrat, because of his previous plurality of 1,500.

HOW IT LOOKS IN CONNECTICUT.

Each Side Claims the State Beyond Any Doubt.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 7.—All over Connecticut, more aspecially in the large cities, Republican and Democratic town committees met to-night to complete the details of their plans for getting the voters to the polls to-morrow.

Chairman Walsh, of the Democratic State Central Committee, said to-night:

"We have won Connecticut by a great campaign and both Parker and Robertson will carry the State by significant majorities."

At Republican headquarters State Chairman Kenealey said:

"I am more certain to-night than at any time during the campaign that Roosevelt will carry Connecticut by not less than 15,000 majority, and I would not be surprised to see 20,000 posted as the figures."

SITUATION IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Democrats Say That Republican Claims Are Too High.

Philadelphia, Nov. 7.—Pennsylvania to-morrow will return the usual larger Republican plurality for the National and State tickets. With the exception of about a half dozen congressional districts the campaign just closed was the quietest in years. The Republican managers hope for a plurality for the National and State ticket of from 300,000 to 325,000. The Democrats give no figures, but assert the Republican estimates are too high.

The Republicans confidently expect that the present congressional delegation of twenty-nine Republicans and three Democrats will not be changed. The Democrats expect to increase their number to four. A United States Senator is to be elected to succeed Philander C. Knox, who was appointed to the late Senator Quay's seat.

OUTLOOK IN MARYLAND.

Democratic State Chairman Expects a Plurality of 15,000.

Baltimore, Nov. 7.—Chairman Vandiver, of the Democratic State Committee, to-day repeated his claim that Maryland will go Democratic by 15,000 majority, and that the Democrats will certainly elect four and probably five of the six Congressmen.

At Republican headquarters the force of clerks and assistants were hard at work all day, and Chairman Hanna said that final reports received to-day from a number of counties were highly encouraging and indicated that there is a strong chance of a majority for Roosevelt and Fairbanks. He confidently predicted the election of four Republican Congressmen.

The managers of both parties are confident that an unusually full vote will be polled.

BETTING IN CHICAGO.

Big Odds Are Wagered On the Election of Roosevelt.

Chicago, Nov. 7.—Betting on the result of the election was quite brisk to-night around some of the large downtown hotels. The largest wager of the evening was made by a number of Board of Trade men against James O'Leary, a bookmaker, the brokers offering $50,000 on Roosevelt against $7,000 on Parker.

H. W. Dryer, of New York, made a bet of $5,000 to $1,000 on Roosevelt. The name of the taker of the Parker end of the bet could not be learned. These were the largest bets made during the evening, but many small ones were made, the prevailing odds being on Roosevelt at 5 to 1. There were a number of wagers made on the result in New York at 2 to 1 that it would go Republican on the vote for president.

MONTANA IS DOUBTFUL.

Democrats and Republicans Profess Confidence In the Result.

Butte, Mont. Nov. 7.—The Democrats and Republicans alike profess the greatest confidence in the ability of their respective parties to carry Montana. The campaign has been noteworthy for the greatest enthusiasm and interest shown in many years, the registration being the heaviest in the history of the State.

In Silver Bow county, Republicans and Democrats are charging wholesale registration frauds, the Republicans having issued over 2,000 challenges for to-morrow. Sheriff Quinn swore in 500 deputies for service and the Republicans and Democrats together have had 500 more special deputies sworn in to look after their interests.

INDICATIONS IN IDAHO.

Democrats Do Not Concede Republican Claims of 15,000 Plurality.

Boise, Idaho, Nov. 7.—Large meetings of both parties have to-night marked the close of the campaign. The weather promises to be fair to-morrow and a full vote will be polled, except possibly on the State ticket in some of the Mormon counties. Republican managers claim a plurality of 15,000 for Roosevelt. The Democrats, while conceding the claim of a Roosevelt victory, put the plurality at a much smaller figure.

Indications are that Gooding, the Republican candidate for Governor, will run behind the national ticket. The Mormon vote is the problematical feature of the situation.

THE ISSUE IN UTAH.

Alleged Church Domination In Politics a Prominent Factor.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Nov. 7.—That Roosevelt will carry Utah in conceded. The fight over the State ticket and the county ticket in Salt Lake county is more directly involved in the movement against alleged church domination in politics, which resulted in the formation of the American party. Democratic State Chairman Bamberger claims the election of the State ticket, Congressmen and a majority in the Legislature, which will elect a United States Senator. American party leaders claim that 12,000 to 15,000 votes in Salt Lake county and elect their county ticket. Republican State leaders reiterate their claim of a clean sweep.

FORECAST IN MINNESOTA.

Roosevelt Will Carry State, But Race For Governor Is In Doubt.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 7.—The candidates of the Republican and Democratic parties in Minnesota to-night made their final appeal. Robert C. Dunn, the Republican candidate for Governor, spoke in Minneapolis as a counter to Mr. Johnson, the Democratic candidate. Mr. Dunn claims the State by 50,000.

Secretary Kain, of the Democratic State Central Committee, says everything is favorable in the State for Mr. Johnson, and estimates Mr. Johnson's plurality at 26,000.

There seems to be little doubt anywhere but that the National Republican ticket will be victorious with the usual Minnesota plurality.

DEMOCRATS CONCEDE MICHIGAN

Say Roosevelt Will Carry It, But They Will Elect State Officers.

Detroit, Nov. 7.—The night before election finds the State Central Committee of both the Democratic and Republican parties in Michigan expressing confidence that to-morrow's contest will result in the election of their State ticket. Roosevelt and Fairbanks will carry the State beyond doubt, it is everywhere conceded, and the weather bureau's promise of fair weather for to-morrow should bring out one of the heaviest votes in the history of Michigan. Non-partisan and careful observers predict the election of the Republican State ticket by a small majority.

CONFIDENT OF WEST VIRGINIA.

Democrats Say Parker Will Carry It, Republicans Say Roosevelt.

Parkersburg, W. Va., Nov. 7.—The campaign closed to-night with both sides confident as to West Virginia. The Republicans claim all five Congressmen and the Legislature, while the Democrats say they will elect three of the five Congressmen and will control the Legislature on joint ballot, insuring a Democratic Senator to succeed Senator Scott. The Republicans claim a plurality of 25,000 for Roosevelt, but the Democrats are just as confident that the State will go for Parker and Davis.

MISSOURI CLAIMED BY BOTH.

National, State and Congressional Tickets All Reported Safe.

St. Louis, Nov. 7.—On the eve of election the Republican State Committee estimates a majority of not less than 20,000 in the State with 7,000 or more in St. Louis and victory in at least eight of the sixteen Congressional districts.

At the Democratic State headquarters a statement was issued estimating a gubernatorial majority of not less than 48,000, the balance of the State ticket and the National ticket a little under that figure, and fifeen of the Congressional districts safe.

DEMOCRATIC DOCUMENTS.

During the Campaign 43,049,743 Were Sent Out and Distributed.

New York, Nov. 7.—Secretary Woodson to-night furnished the following figures regarding the documents sent out by the Democrats. Altogether 43,049,743 documents were sent out and distributed as follows:

English documents, 19,603,134; foreign documents, 8,332,095; by the Congressional Committee, 7,309,150; by the German bureau, 7,400,364; by the Commercial Travelers' Union, 405,000; lithographs, 1,882,500; buttons, 2,174,595.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Wheeling, W. Va., Nov. 7.—The Democrats to-night retain all their confidence, especially in the election of Cornwell for Governor. The following telegram was received to-night from Gen. H. B. Oxley, in charge of the headquarters at Charleston:

"The entire Republican county organization of Kanawha county has practically disbanded because of the manifest and outspoken opposition to Dawson and his tax laws. The county is likely to give 3,000 majority against the State and county Republican tickets, Kanawha will send five anti-Dawson men to the House of Delegates, an anti-Dawson State Senator, and will give Cornwell at least 3,000 majority."

The normal Republican majority in Kanwha is between 2,000 and 2,500.

WASHINGTON.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 7.—Chairman Palmer, of the Republican State Central Committee, claims that Washington State will give Roosevelt from 3,000 to 25,000 plurality, and that Mead, Republican nominee for Governor, will be elected by from 7,500 to 12,000. The Republican candidates for Congress, Chairman Palmer states, will be elected by pluralities ranging from 3,000 to 25,000.

Chairman Goodwin, of the Democratic committee, concedes that the State will give Roosevelt a good round majority. He claims the election of Turner, Democratic candidate for Governor, by from 15,000 to 20,000 majority.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Concord, N. H., Nov. 7.—The closing hours in the campaign in New Hampshire were marked by considerable activity on the part of both the leading parties. Henry F. Hollis, the Democratic candidate for Governor, stated to-night that he expected several thousand Republicans to vote for him because of his independent attitude with respect to corporations. At the Republican headquarters it was claimed that John McLane will receive a plurality exceeding the 9,000 by which Gov. Bachelder was elected two years ago, and that President Roosevelt will receive a larger plurality.

OKLAHOMA.

Guthrie, Ok., Nov. 7.—Statehood was the issue upon which the campaign was fought out, in Oklahoma, the Republicans indorsing and the Democrats opposing the Hamilton Bill, which has passed the lower house of Congress, and which provides for joint statehood for Indian Territory and Oklahoma. The Republicans claim B. S. McGuire's majority for Delegate to Congress will be about 2,300, while the Democrats maintain that Frank Matthews' will be elected by 2,200 at least. County officers and members of the territorial Legislature also to be voted for.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Nov. 7.—Chairman Frank Crane, of the Republican State Committee, to-night gave out a statement to the effect that if a full vote is cast to-morrow Roosevelt will secure a plurality of 50,000. Crane also declares that the State Legislature will be almost solidly Republican.

Chairman Martin, of the Democratic State Committee, refused to give out any figures, but insisted that 35,000 plurality for Roosevelt was too high.

KANSAS.

Topeka, Kan., Nov. 7.—Indications are favorable for an exceptionally large vote to-morrow. It is generally conceded that the State will be carried by Roosevelt, the Democrats making no claims regarding the national ticket. The Republican campaign managers claim Roosevelt will carry the State by 100,000 plurality and the State ticket by 70,000. The Democrats say they will elect the State Treasurer by a plurality of 50,000 and Governor by 10,000.

VERMONT.

White River Junction, Vt., Nov. 7.—The electors of this State have taken very little interest in the voting in Vermont to-morrow, and no campaign has been conducted by Republicans or Democrats. It is estimated that Roosevelt will carry the State by 35,000 plurality, 3,500 more than the plurality given Gov.-elect Charles J. Bell in September. No candidates other than those for electors of President and Vice President will be voted for.

ARKANSAS.

Little Rock, Ark., Nov. 7.—Indications to-night are for a large vote to-morrow. The Democratic managers claim not less than 50,000 plurality. The Republican County Committees are making efforts to get out their full party vote. In some places it is said attempts will be made to vote regardless of poll tax receipts. A question has been raised about the validity of the poll tax amendment to the Constitution.

MAINE.

Portland, Me., Nov. 7.—Maine being considered Republican by 25,000 or more plurality, there was comparatively little interest displayed to-night in the result in this State. It is expected that the presidential vote will show a considerable falling off from that cast in the State campaign in September. At that time the Republican Governor-elect, William Cobb, received a plurality of 26,800 in a total vote of 126,382.

TENNESSEE.

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 7.—The vote in Tennessee to-morrow will not be large. According to indications, the total will not exceed that of four years ago, which was 271,000, that being 50,000 short of the vote in 1896. Conservative estimates place the majority for Parker electors at 25,000. James B. Frazier, Democratic candidate for Governor, it is estimated, will have a majority of 20,000.

ALABAMA.

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 7.—Parker's plurality in Alabama will depend upon the total vote, as there is no serious opposition to the Democratic electoral ticket. The Republicans hope to increase their total vote to 30,000. Watson will get comparatively few votes. Parker's majority will probably exceed 75,000, and all the nine Congressmen will be Democrats.

VIRGINIA.

Richmond, Va., Nov. 7.—The vote in Virginia to-morrow will be light, there being practically no opposition to the Democratic nominees as a rule. In the Ninth congressional district, however, the indications favor the re-election of Slemp, the Republican incumbent, and it is admittedly possible that the Republicans may triumph in the Tenth district.

MISSISSIPPI.

Jackson, Miss., Nov. 7.—The night before the battle finds the State of Mississippi calm. It is generally conceded that the State will go overwhelmingly for the Democrratic ticket. There are four electoral tickets in the field—Democrats, Republicans, Populists and Socialists. The majority for Parker and Davis will be between 40,000 and 50,000.

FLORIDA.

Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 7.—It now looks as if the Populists will poll a larger vote than has been heretofore expected, but there is no doubt that the Democrats in all counties will elect all their candidates, except that the fusion (People's party and Republican) candidates may be elected to the Legislature from three counties.

LOUISIANA.

New Orleans, Nov. 7.—Louisiana will give the Parker electors an overwhelming majority and elect seven Democratic Congressmen to-morrow. Republican opposition in the congressional districts is merely formal. The State will vote on a constitutional amendment to issue $1,000,000 bonds to build school houses.

NEVADA.

Reno, Nev., Nov. 7.—The political campaign, which closed to-night, was conducted with much vigor by both of the leading parties, and the local dissensions have added interest to the contest. It is generally conceded that the result, so far as the presidential electors is concerned, is in doubt.

GEORGIA.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 7.—The night before election shows no material changes from the political conditions heretofore existing in Georgia. Democratic leaders believe the total vote of the State may go to 125,000. The negro and Populist registration has been large.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Charleston, S. C., Nov. 7.—Except for the interest in National politics, the election to-morrow in South Carolina would be featureless. Democratic electors, Congressmen and State officers, will be elected, as usual, by an overwhelming Democratic majority.

OREGON.

Portland, Ore., Nov. 7.—Democrats insist that the Republican plurality will not exceed 24,000, but at the headquarters of the Republican party in this city to-night it was again claimed that Roosevelt will carry Oregon with a plurality of 30,000.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 7.—The only matter of uncertainty in the election of North Carolina is as to the size of the State and national Democratic majority. Estimates of from 40,000 to 75,000 have been made with 57,000 as an average.

NEBRASKA.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 7.—The campaign in Nebraska closed to-night with meetings all over the State. The vote to-morrow promises to be heavy and Roosevelt's plurality will not be far from 40,000.

TEXAS.

Austin, Tex., Nov. 7.—The Democrats announce to-night that they expect to have a representative vote to-morrow. Parker's majority will probably be nearly that given Bryan four years ago.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grand Forks, N. D., Nov. 7.—The day has been the quietest before election on record. The indications are for a good vote. The State will be strongly Republican on national and State issues.

To Give Lilliputian Wedding.

A Lilliputian wedding will be given by the Primary Department of the Highland Presbyterian Sunday-school in the lecture room of the church Tuesday evening, November 15, at 8 o'clock. This entertainment is for the benefit of the building fund of the Sunday-school.

A Guaranteed Cure For Piles.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signatnre of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Business Notices for Publication In the Courier-Journal Wednesday Morning, not left during the day, will be received in The Times Counting-Room, After 7 O'clock Until Midnight.
The Counting-Room of the Courier-Journal will be used to-night for the Stereopticon to Display the Election Returns.

100 Bushels Pittsburg Lump Coal, $11.50
The best that ever came down the river.
Remember, you need not pay tribute to the Trust; you can get the best there is in Pittsburg Coal—union-mined, anti-trust—of
NEWMAN & FRANKEL (Inc.) 427 W. Jefferson. Both Phones 3018.

BRASS BED
$30 For a beautiful bed that is equal in point of finish and quality to any bed you can buy, no matter what price.
MAHOGANY DRESSER
$25 Will buy a genuine mahogany Dresser, triple swell front, highly polished and large mirror.
Mahogany Chiffonier
$24 Is all we ask for a splendid Chiffonier, polish finish, hat box and mirror.
Mahogany Washstand
$15 For Washstand with mirror, full size base, genuine mahogany all through and guaranteed in every way.
MAHOGANY TABLE
$8 Buys an artistic-patterned Center Table, with large legs and claw feet.
MAHOGANY ROCKER
$6 Looks mighty cheap for the genuine wood, in a stylish pattern, but we have it.
Schupp & Schmidt Mfg. Co.
SS 421-423 W. MARKET ST. BOTH PHONES 438 SS
FURNITURE UPHOLSTERY.

NO TRACE OF THE CODY BANK ROBBERS.

Two Men Arrested On Suspicion of Having Aided In Their Escape.

Casper, Wyo., Nov. 7.—Sheriff Webb and party returned to Casper this afternoon from the northwest, where they went in pursuit of the bandits who held up the First National Bank of Cody and killed Cashier Middaugh. Not a trace of the outlaws was discovered, and it is the opinion of the officers that they have effectually escaped. Nothing was seen of other posses. After election Sheriff Webb may take the trail again.

Information from Meeteetsee is to the effect that two men of that place have been placed under suspicion of having assisted in the escape of the bandits. It is rumored that they met the outlaws as they approached Meeteetsee and supplied them with provisions and ammunition. It is also reported that they will be arrested and charged with complicity in the crime of attempting to rob the bank.

John Griffiths Disappears.

Evansville, Ind., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—Detectives were to-day placed on the trail of John Griffiths, of Union, Pike county, who last week disappeared with considerable money. Murder is suspected.

CAMPAIGN

In Kentucky Closed By Democratic Speakers.

SENATOR M'CREARY AT HOME.

GOV. BECKHAM MAKES LAST SPEECH AT BARDSTOWN.

JUDGE PEAK AT HARRODSBURG

Richmond, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—United States Senator B. McCreary and the Hon. Jerry A. Sullivan closed the Democratic campaign here to-day with rousing speeches to a crowded Courthouse. Augustus E. Willson, of Louisville, missed connection and failed to fill his appointment, his place being taken by Hons. E. Tutt Burnam and Curtis F. Burnam, who spoke to a crowded operahouse. The town was packed with country people, but the best of feeling prevailed. Senator McCreary says Kentucky will give 20,000 Democratic majority. Burnam concedes the State to Democracy by 15,000.

JUDGE PARKER AT HOME.

He Is Receiving Many Letters From Would-Be Officeholders.

Esopus, N. Y., Nov. 7.—Judge Parker resumed supervision of his farm work to-day with apparent zest. He exhibited almost boyish delight at getting back into outdoor life after his busy week of campaigning. He read all of the New York papers before breakfast, dictated a number of letters after the morning meal and then he took a long horseback ride, accompanied by Mrs. Parker and his brother Fred.

The Judge will drive to Kingston early to-morrow to cast his ballot. He will be accompanied by Mr. McCausland, his secretary, who will also vote at Kingston. Officeseekers have begun to monopolize the incoming Esopus mail and many letters have been received by the candidate. One which came to-day contained a single sentence, which read: "Please read the last clause of the forty-second verse of the twenty-third chapter of St. Luke." The clause is as follows:

"Remember me when thou comest into thy kingdom."

MERCER COUNTY DEMOCRATS

Gather In Large Numbers To Hear Judge Peak and Others.

Harrodsburg, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—The Democratic campaign in Mercer county closed to-day with one of the largest and most enthusiastic crowds ever seen in the old town. It was not a trading crowd so much as a Democratic crowd. When Judge R. Frank Peak, of Shelbyville, was introduced by Ben Lee Hardin the Courthouse was packed. More than a score of ladies sat in front of the speakers' stand. Judge Peak made one of the strongest speeches and most eloquent appeals for Democracy ever heard here, and was cheered to the echo. When he closed the Hon. Morgan Chinn was introduced, and spoke for an hour and a half, his effort being pronounced the best he had ever made before his home people. He was enthusiastically applauded. Ben Lee Hardin followed in a characteristic speech, seasoned with wit, humor and jest, that kept the crowd in fine spirits and sent them away full of love for the old party.

STANLEY AT MORGANFIELD.

Drives Twenty-nine Miles To Address Union County Voters.

Morganfield, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—The crowd that turned out to hear Congressman A. O. Stanley this afternoon shows there is no apathy among the Democrats of Union county, and the vote to-morrow will be heavy. Having been called to the upper part of the State by the death of his brother, Congressman Stanley was compelled to drive from Henderson, a distance of twenty-five miles, to fill his appointment here. He spoke for an hour, when he was compelled to leave to catch the train for Henderson, where he was billed to speak to-night. His speech was an exceedingly strong appeal to the Democrats to go to the polls to-morrow.

NELSON COUNTY CAMPAIGN

Closed By Gov. Beckham In a Rousing Speech.

Bardstown, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—Gov. J. C. W. Beckham spoke to a big audience at the courthouse to-night. The crowd was so large that many were unable to get in the building. The Governor was introduced by Wallace Brown, Chairman of the Democratic County Campaign Committee, and spoke for an hour and fifteen minutes, making an excellent speech which was freely applauded. The Democratic party is in good shape in Nelson county and the prospects are that a good vote will be polled.

INTEREST IN PRIMARY.

Campaign Closes In Daviess County With Big Demonstration.

Owensboro, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—The Democratic campaign closed in Owensboro to-night by a big demonstration at the courthouse by the Democratic candidates for county and city offices. The primary election has been one of the hottest ever waged in the county and powerful influences have been brought to bear by the contesting candidates upon the voters. The largest vote in the history of the county will be polled to-morrow. The Democrats will carry the city and county by 2,000 votes.

Bronston's Prediction.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—The political campaign was closed here to-night with an address by the Hon. C. J. Bronston and County Attorney W. P. Kimball at Jackson Hall. Mr. Bronston and Col. W. C. P. Breckinridge made addresses here closing the local campaign twelve years ago, when Mr. Bronston, as he did to-night, predicted a landslide for the Democratic ticket. Mr. Kimball said he felt that Fayette county and the city of Lexington would give a Democratic majority of 1,500. The hall was crowded and enthusiasm ran high.

Embry At Nicholasville.

Nicholasville, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—The campaign was closed here to-night by the Hon. W. Reed Embry, Democratic Elector for this district, who addressed a large audience at the courthouse. Everything is in readiness for the election to-morrow, and the Democrats expect to roll up the largest majority in the history of Jessamine county.

Kimball At Frankfort.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 7.—An immense County Court day crowd is in town, and the candidates before the primary November 15 are shaking hands among the farmers. Hon. W. P. Kimball, of Lexington, spoke at the courthouse this afternoon, closing the campaign in this county, which will give an increased majority for Parker and Davis.

Henderson Campaign Closes.

Henderson, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—Congressman A. O. Stanley closed the campaign here to-night. He spoke to an audience of about eight hundred people in which he dealt with the tariff, trust and negro problems. Henderson county will give a Democratic majority to-morrow of about 1,200.

Sherley At Russellville.

Russellville, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—Congressman Swagar Sherley, of Louisville, closed the campaign for Logan county this afternoon. He made a good speech which was well received. Logan county will give the usual Democratic majority.

HAD TO GET OUT.

AUDIENCE WOULD NOT STAND FOR SUCH ASSIMILATION.

Usher Told White Girl and Her Filipino Escort To Retire From the Theater.

St. Louis, Nov. 7.—[Special.]—When a pretty and stylishly attired white girl entered the Grand Theater with a Filipino soldier last night they were hissed from the house.

The curtain had gone down on the first act of "The Girl From Dixie" when the couple entered. Instantly all eyes were focused upon them. A cat call started from the balcony and was followed by scattered hisses which soon became a perfect pandemonium of disapproval. Cries of "put them out" and "Raus mit 'em" came from every part of the house.

As the girl walked down the aisle with the copper-colored escort, she was blushing furiously, but they took their seats evidently determined to brave it out. But the audience was not to be denied. It objected seriously to this form of benevolent assimilation at least.

Finally an usher went down to the seats occupied by the couple and told them that it would be best for them to leave and collect their admission money at the box office. "The audience resents your presence, you see," said the usher, "and the audience has the final voice in these matters. It is impossible to proceed with the play under these conditions."

Shamed and with drooping head, the girl rose from her seat and left the theater, followed by her escort. Jeers and hisses followed them till they had passed through the swinging doors.

VALIDITY OF THE ANTI-TRUST LAW IS UPHELD.

Washington, Nov. 7.—The Supreme Court of the United States to-day affirmed the decision of the Supreme Court of the State of Wisconsin in the newspaper boycott case arising from the alleged business combination of the Sentinel, the News and the Evening Wisconsin, all published at Milwaukee, against the Journal, of that city, affecting advertising rates. The opinion was delivered by Justice Holmes and upheld the validity of the Wisconsin anti-trust law so far as it applied to this case.

FORMER BANKER IS UNDER INDICTMENT.

Des Moines, Nov. 7.—Ed Miller, a member of the firm of O. E. Miller & Son, private bankers at New Providence, Ia., which failed last March, has been indicted by the Hardin county grand jury on a charge of fraudulent banking, and is now under arrest.

It is claimed that Miller received deposits when he knew his bank was insolvent. The indictment is the result of an investigation set on foot by stockholders.

FAILURE OF ATTEMPT AT BANK ROBBERY.

Des Moines, Nov. 7.—Two men wearing yellow sweaters attempted to blow up the safe of the savings bank at Walford, Ia., near Iowa City. They were driven off by citizens and made their escape, leaving a complete set of burglars tools. The officers have no clew.

WOMAN AND GRANDCHILD ARE BURNED TO DEATH.

Chicago, Nov. 7.—Mrs. Julia Reano and her grandson, George Kirk, four years old, were burned to death to-day in their home. The grandmother rushed into the burning house in an attempt to save the child.

CARRIE NATION AT THE WORLD'S FAIR.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—Carrie Nation arrived to-day to see the World's Fair. Her first act was to yank a cigarette from a boy's mouth and slap his jaws.



Mrs. Rosa Adams, niece of the late General Roger Hanson, C.S.A., wants every woman to know of the wonders accomplished by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I cannot tell you with pen and ink what good **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** did for me, suffering from the ills peculiar to the sex, extreme lassitude and that all gone feeling. I would rise from my bed in the morning feeling more tired than when I went to bed, but before I used two bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** I began to feel the buoyancy of my younger days returning, became regular, could do more work and not feel tired than I had ever been able to do before, so I continued to use it until I was restored to perfect health. It is indeed a boon to sick women and I heartily recommend it. Yours very truly, MRS. ROSA ADAMS, 819 12th St., Louisville, Ky."—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

FREE MEDICAL ADVICE TO WOMEN.

Don't hesitate to write to Mrs. Pinkham. She will understand your case perfectly, and will treat you with kindness. Her advice is free, and the address is Lynn, Mass. No woman ever regretted having written her, and she has helped thousands.

FOUND DEAD

In Bed Was Hotel Proprietor at Elizabethtown.

VICTIM OF HEART FAILURE.

AGED COUPLE AT VERSAILLES BURIED IN SAME GRAVE.

OTHER NEWS OVER THE STATE

Elizabethtown, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—A. L. Newton,, the proprietor of the Showers House, was found dead in bed at an early hour this morning. He retired last night in apparently good health. When found by his wife at 5:30 this morning he was cold in death. A Coroner's jury returned a verdict to the effect that he died from heart disease. Mr. Newton formerly resided at Campbellsville and rented the Showers House here in September, 1903. His remains will be taken to Campbellsville to-morrow for interment.

LACK OF EVIDENCE.

No Indictments Against Gamblers In Versailles.

Versailles, Ky., Nov. 7.—Circuit Court has adjourned until Wednesday to give everybody an opportunity to vote. The report of the grand jury is voluminous and devotes much attention to the gambling evil in Versailles. The report says, in part:

"We have looked into the violations of the law against gaming, and we have had great difficulty in obtaining evidence. Many witnesses have suffered from an entire loss of memory, others have failed to attend and testify after being summoned, and still others, according to the returns of the Sheriff, have been dodging him in his effort to execute subpoenas. We hand to your Honor herewith a list of such witnesses as have been summoned and failed to attend and a list of those dodging, and we ask that you order warrants of arrest for all such, requiring of each bail for his appearance to testify before the next grand jury, and that these warrants issue forthwith."

The grand jury indicted the proprietors of five saloons in Versailles on the charge of keeping their saloons open on Sunday.

LAID IN SAME GRAVE.

Aged Husband and Wife Die Within Few Hours of Each Other.

Versailles, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—The unusual sight of a husband and wife being buried at the same hour and in the same grave was witnessed in Versailles at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon.

O. T. Smith, a well-known farmer, aged 76, died Saturday of pneumonia, and his funeral was announced to take place yesterday afternoon. Shortly before the hour for the funeral it became apparent that Mr. Smith's wife, Mrs. Martha Bisler Smith, who was ill of the same disease, could not survive more than a few hours, and the husband's funeral was postponed until to-day. Mrs. Smith passed away last night and the joint funeral and interment was held this afternoon. Mrs. Smith was 75 years old.

The deceased are survived by four children, Mrs. Sue Howard, Miss Mollie Smith, John O. and James T. Smith.

NEGRO HOUSE THIEF

Strikes Little Girl With Rock and Makes His Escape.

Horse Cave, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—This afternoon, while her mother was away from home, Alva Renfro, a fourteen-year-old girl, entered her home on some errand and was met by a negro man who knocked her down with a rock. The negro was in the house when the girl came in, and he fled as soon as he had thrown the stone, and has not yet been caught. The girl says she could not recognize him. She is not seriously hurt, but the people are indignant at the outrage.

MANAGER HALLAM OUSTED.

English Theater At Henderson Leased To Thomas W. Roberts.

Paducah, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—The dispute over the English theater at Henderson was settled to-day by the English Theater Company, a Paducah corporation, by its president and principal owner, James E. English, being sustained by the stockholders' meeting here to-day, and F. R. Hallam, the Henderson manager, being ousted and the house leased for a term of years to Thomas W. Roberts, late treasurer of the Kentucky Theater here.

Grass Seed For Japan.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—S. Murie, Commissioner of Agriculture of Japan, who is in this country looking through the experimental station of State College, will take back to Japan with him a number of grass seeds, including bluegrass and orchard grass. He purchased some thoroughbred horses in Austria and succeeded in getting them, but thinks it would now be impossible to get horses through to Japan, and will make no further purchases until the war is over.

Both Negroes Wounded.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—On Sixth street, which was crowded with people, Isaac Poindexter and Frank White, negroes, emptied revolvers this afternoon in a desperate fight about a woman. Poindexter was shot through the throat, and his condition is critical. White was wounded in the right arm and thigh. Peter Postell, Jr., was struck by a spent bullet. The fight caused wild commotion. The negroes were arrested.

Speaking At New Castle.

New Castle, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—Campbell Cantrill, of Georgetown, and Thomas Watts, of Louisville, spoke here to-day to a large crowd in behalf of the Democratic ticket. Both speakers complimented Chairman Joseph Morris, of the County Committee, on the splendid organization he has effected in Henry county. Messrs. Cantrill and Watts were entertained during their stay in New Castle by Judge W. S. Pryor.

A THERMOSTAT will regulate the temperature of a room.

Kneipp Linen-Mesh Underwear

much in the same manner regulates the temperature of the body and keeps it at normal. It shields you against sudden changes. IT'S ALL PURE LINEN.

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Roche & Roche, 220 4th ave.; John C. Lewis Co., 608 4th ave. Send for samples and instructive booklet.

FINANCIAL ACTIVITY SHOWS NO ABATEMENT.

The following report of financial happenings in this section is made by the local branch of R. G. Dun & Co.:

* * *

New National Banks.

The First National Bank of Fort Valley, Ga.—Capital $25,000. W. H. Harris, president; J. C. McDonald, cashier. Succeeds Dow Law Bank.

The People's National Bank of Muncie, Ind.—Capital $100,000. Edward Tuhey, president; Walter Shiger, vice president, and Charles H. Ellis, cashier.

The Hamilton County National Bank of Cleves, O.—Capital $25,000. M. Wamsley, president; H. L. Early, vice president; W. C. Renaker, cashier.

The First National Bank of McComb City, Miss.—Capital $50,000. J. H. Fulton, president; O. B. Quinn, cashier.

* * *

Applications To Organize.

The Citizens' National Bank of Vicksburg, Miss. Capital $100,000. Application to organize.

The Farmers' National Bank of Seymour, Tex.—Capital $25,000. Application to organize filed by R. E. Fowlkes.

The American National Bank of Ponca, Okla.—Capital $50,000. Application to organize filed by L. C. Parmenter.

* * *

Applications Approved.

The Farmers and Merchants' National Bank of Mart, Tex.—Capital $40,000. T. M. Blackwood, president; P. W. Wheelis, vice president; George D. Campbell, cashier. To commence business on December 15.

The Merchants' National Bank of New Orleans, La.—Capital $200,000. E. S. Woodfin, president; E. B. Harral, vice president; H. T. Strong, assistant cashier. To commence business January 1.

* * *

New State Banks, Private Banks and Trust Companies.

The State Bank and Trust Co. of Yeager, Ind. Ter.—Capital $5,000. H. D. Allen, president; Neal Smith, vice president; H. H. Schaff, secretary; H. V. Schaff, cashier.

The State Bank of Kentucky, Owensboro, Ky.—Capital $50,000. R. G. Hill, president; W. H. Day, cashier.

The Bank of Monticello, Miss.—Capital $15,000. W. H. Seavey, president; E. S. Fairman, cashier.

The American Banking Co. of Sandusky, O.—Capital $100,000. James Flynn, president; J. A. Biehl, vice president; H. W. Parsons, cashier; C. J. Schappel, assistant cashier. To start December 1.

The Lancaster Banking Co. of Lancaster, Tenn.—Capital $15,000. David Rowland, president; L. E. Simpson, vice president; W. P. Simpson, cashier. To commence business January 1.

The Oklahoma Savings and Investment Co. of Phoenix, Ariz. (Incorporated).—Capital $100,000.

The Watauga County Bank of Boone, N. C.—Capital $10,000. N. L. Mast, president; W. C. Coffee, vice president; E. S. Coffee, cashier.

The Bank of Brazil (Trenton P. O.), Tenn.—Capital $5,000. Organizing. W. W. Howse, president; J. R. Thompson, vice president; F. F. Charles, cashier.

* * *

Changes In Officers.

The Jackson Banking Co. of Jackson, Tenn.—F. B. Fisher is now president and George C. Wilkinson, cashier.

The Southern Bank of Meridian, Miss.—C. P. Wetherbee is now president.

* * *

Miscellaneous.

The London National and the National Exchange Bank of El Paso, Tex., are to be consolidated under the style of the American National Bank. Capital $200,000. To commence business January 1.

The Farmers and Merchants' Bank of Elkhart, Ind., has consolidated with the St. Joseph Valley Bank under the latter title.

The Bank of Arcadia, La., is to be succeeded January 1 by the First National Bank.

The Home Finance and Trust Co. of Memphis, Tenn., has consolidated with the Tennessee Trust Co. under the latter title.

Bond Sales.

St. Joseph County, Ind.—The $120,000 3½ per cent. bridge bonds were awarded to E. H. Rollins & Son.

Painesville, O.—The $20,000 paving bonds were awarded to Seasongood & Mayer at a premium of $883.20.

Ligonier, Ind.—The $17,000 4½ per cent. 4-15-year bonds were awarded to Rudolph & Kleybolte & Co. at a premium of $588.50.

Shawnee, Okla.—The $20,000 City Hall bonds have been disposed of.

Austin, Tex.—The $12,500 Edna school bonds and the $10,000 Anson City bonds have been purchased by the State Board of Education.

Carrollton, Ga.—The $45,000 waterworks bonds were awarded to J. W. Dickey, of Augusta, Ga., at a premium of $900.

Eatonton, Ga.—An issue of $30,000 county courthouse bonds have been sold to the Robinson-Humphrey Co., of Atlanta; price not stated.

Bee County, Tex.—The $1,900 4 per cent. bridge repair bonds will probably be taken by the School Board at par.

Arizona Territory.—The $11,000 5 per cent. 15-year average university bonds were awarded to Seasongood & Mayer at 103.286.

Canton, O.—The $7,714 assessment bonds were awarded at 5 per cent. to Denison & Prior at 100.73.

Bossier Levee District, La.—The $50,000 5 per cent. 40-50-year optional levee bonds were not sold.

Cleveland, O.—The $184,000 4 per cent. 23-year sewer bonds were awarded to E. H. Rollins & Son, of Boston, at 104.65.

Columbus, Ga.—The $40,000 4 per cent. 10½-year average police and fire department bonds were awarded to the Columbus Savings Bank at par.

Le Flore County, Miss.—The $75,000 courthouse bonds were awarded to the Bank of Le Flore at par.

Ottawa, O.—The $33,000 5 per cent. road bonds maturing in from one to five years were awarded to the Security Savings Bank and Trust Co., of Toledo, at a premium of $675.

* * *

Bonds Authorized.

Buford, Ga.—The city has voted to issue $20,000 5 per cent. 20-year bonds for school building, electric lights and waterworks.

Shenandoah, Va.—The city has decided to sell $30,000 5 per cent. 20-30-year waterworks bonds.

Jackson, Miss.—The Yazoo-Mississippi Levee Board has declared an issue of $500,000 bonds for levee improvements authorized by the State Legislature.

Dublin, Ga.—The election held on October 25 resulted in favor of the proposition to issue the following bonds: $12,000 for City Hall, $18,000 for drainage and sewerage, $5,000 for fire department and water main extension, $5,000 for electric light extension and $5,000 school building; all bonds bear 5 per cent. interest and mature in twenty-nine years.

Lancaster, O.—The City Council has passed an ordinance authorizing the issue of $25,000 Chestnut-street extension bonds.

Miami, Fla.—The voters have authorized the issuance of $33,000 building, paving and fire department bonds.

* * *

Miscellaneous.

Beaumont, Tex.—An election has been called for November 22 to vote upon a proposition to issue bonds for a sewerage system.

Shelby County, Tenn.—The county is considering an issue of $100,000 levee bonds.

Meridian, Miss.—An election will soon be held to vote upon the issuance of sewer, street paving and other municipal bonds.

Benwood, W. Va.—At an election on November 8 the voters will decide the question of issuing $35,000 school building bonds.

Geary, Okla.—The $52,000 water bonds recently sold to Chicago investors have been registered.

Columbus, O.—The question of issuing $1,200,000 filtration bonds will be decided on November 8.

Pike County, O.—On November 8 the proposition to issue $150,000 4½ per cent. 30-year bonds will be submitted to the voters.

Nacogdoches, Tex.—An election will be held on November 22 to vote upon a $50,000 water plant proposition.

Hamilton County, O.—At the election on November 8 the question of issuing $210,000 bonds will be submitted to the voters.

Louisville Man Hurt.

Middleburg, Ky., Nov. 7.—James Bayless, a carpetner from Louisville and son of Architect Sandy Bayless, of that city, fell from the top of the Weatherford Hotel building at Huntsville, and was probably fatally hurt. He fell head foremost, and received many bad cuts about the face.

Died At Cecilian.

Elizabethtown, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—Wilhelm Batterman, of Cecilian, died yesterday of pneumonia, aged sixty-seven years. He was born in Germany. He was a Federal veteran and a pensioner. His remains will be interred to-morrow at Cave Hill cemetery, in Louisville.

Closed Without a Speech.

Paris, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—The political campaign in this county closed without a speech being made by any one for either party. A good vote will be polled to-morrow, and an increase for the Democratic ticket over Bryan's majority is expected.

Dock Spencer Killed.

Clay City, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—At a dance Saturday night on the south fork of Red river, John Rogers shot and killed Dock Spencer. Spencer was shot twice, one ball taking effect in his body and the other in his head.

Died of Dropsy.

Versailles, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. Katharine E. Davis, aged sixty-seven years, wife of Dr. F. A. Davis, died of dropsy at 5 o'clock this morning at her home near Mortonsville, seven miles south of Versailles.

Menifee County Democrats.

Jackson, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—The Menifee County Democrats are well organized and they will make a good fight and expect to give Parker seven hundred majority.

Farm Barn Burns.

Paris, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—A large barn on the farm of Mrs. Mary Whitsitt, near here, burned last night, with tobacco and other contents. The loss is $4,000.

TRIAL OF FRENCH ARMY OFFICERS IS ABANDONED.

Paris, Nov. 7.—The sensational trials of Cols. Dautrich and Rollin and Capts. Francois and Maresecal, officers attached to the military information bureau, charged with appropriating funds which were used to secure evidence against Dreyfus, came to an abrupt end at noon to-day, when the Government announced that it had been decided to abandon the case. The result is attributed to the evidence of General, the Marquis de Gallifet, former War Minister, exonerating the accused officers.

ANIMALS GIVEN PRESIDENT BY KING MENELIK ARRIVE.

New York, Nov. 7.—Two lionesses, two monkeys, two ostriches and a zebra, which were presented by King Menelik of Abyssinia to the President of the United States, arrived here to-day on the Atlantic Transport Line steamship from London. One lioness died during the voyage.

PLANS TO PREVENT ILLEGAL VOTING.

More Than Ten Thousand Arrests Have Been Arranged For In New York.

New York, Nov. 7.—Plans to prevent illegal voting at the election to-morrow have been made on a scale that eclipses all former efforts. More than ten thousand arrests have been arranged for by George W. Morgan, State Superintendent of Elections, provided the men concerned attempt to vote. About one thousand election deputies will be at work also, the largest number employed by the State Elections Bureau. There is another departure from past practices, in that a large force of secret-service men will be actively engaged in preventing voting on fraudulent naturalization papers.

Supt. Morgan announced to-day that he had unearthed wholesale plans of colonizing in this city. For thirty days he has had 100 special deputies at work with repeating gangs. These deputies have become "regular" members of the gangs; have registered with them, lived with them since, and will start out with them to-morrow morning when they begin the work of voting on the names furnished them by their employers.

Mr. Morgan and his deputies have warrants for the arrest of about 3,500 men, who have registered from places found to be disorderly houses, pool rooms and gambling houses.

The police have, in addition, nearly 1,000 warrants ready to serve, procured as a result of their own investigation of the registry lists.

MEMBERS OF ITALIAN CABINET RE-ELECTED.

Rome, Nov. 7.—Definite returns show that all the members of the Cabinet have been re-elected. Former Premier Rudini, Baron Sonnini, leader of the constitutional opposition, and Signor Prinetti, the former Foreign Minister, and Ferri, the Socialist leader, have also been re-elected.

Death of James Marr.

Lincoln, Neb. Nov. 7.—James Marr, who made the original design of the first harvesting machine, is dead in this city at the age of eighty-four years.



Less noise wanted!

It has become a custom of the management to request actors and actresses to attach rubber heels to their shoes on account of the clatter which activity on the stage creates.

For years it has been the habit of gentlefolks to wear O'Sullivan Rubber Heels for the very same silent reason, as well as for the comfort to be derived through cushioning the shoes with new rubber.

50c, attached, dealers or makers.

O'SULLIVAN RUBBER CO., Lowell, Mass.

STRUCK

By Train and Lay All Night Helpless.

FOUND BY PASSENGER CREW.

RUFUS BRYANT TAKEN TO HOSPITAL, WHERE HE DIED.

JESSAMINE COUNTY FARMER.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—Rufus Bryant, aged about fifty-five years, one of the most prominent farmers in Jessamine county, died at St. Joseph's Hospital this afternoon as a result of injuries sustained by being struck by a train on the Queen and Crescent railroad near his home late last night. Mr. Bryant lived just over the Fayette county line, and about 8 o'clock last night left his house and told the members of his family that he was going to look for his mules which had strayed from the field. That was the last seen of him until he was picked up by the crew of the north bound passenger train which arrives here at 7.30 a. m. The engineer saw the body of a man lying alongside of the tracks just beyond Brannon, and stopping the train notified the conductor, who went back and discovered that the man was still alive. He was picked up by the crew and placed on the train and a hurried run made to this city, where he was conveyed in the ambluance to the hospital. When he was placed aboard the train he was recognized by Mr. Sanford C. Lyne, the well-known turfman, who immediately telephoned the family on arrival here. Upon reaching the hospital the unfortunate man regained consciousness and told Mr. Lyne and the physicians how he sustained his injuries. After several hours of suffering he died. Mr. Bryant after being struck by the South bound passenger train about 10:30 o'clock Sunday night lay on the side of the railroad all night while his family and friends were searching everywhere for him.

Members of the family stated to-day that when Mr. Bryant did not return to the house after a reasonable length of time had expired, they began a search for him which continued until late in the night, and being unable to find any trace of him concluded that he had probably gone too far from home to return that night and had decided to spend the night at the home of some one of his friends in that section of the county.

He is survived by a widow and several children, the latter being Mrs. J. C. Graves, wife of the turfman, J. C. Graves, of the Arbordale stud; Mrs. Bert Karsner, Miss Cecil Bryant and Sunny Bryant.

* * *

She Preached Barefooted.

Chief of Police Reagan to-day ordered the arrest of Miss Minnie Johnson, and she was taken into custody in front of the Phoenix Hotel. The woman created a commotion in front of the hotel by appearing in her bare feet and preaching and singing to the congregation gathered to hear the Salvation army. When the woman appeared again this morning Chief Reagan was passing at the time, and he decided that it would not be only a humane act to stop her, but that it was a discredit to Lexington to allow a woman to stand about barefooted on the streets, even though animated by religious zeal. After being taken to police headquarters Miss Johnson was turned over to Humane Agent J. D. Harmon, who conducted her to the home of Ensign James Nelson, of the Salvation Army. An effort will be made to induce the woman to wear shoes, if not she will be prohibited from appearing in public again.

* * *

Barber Is Arrested.

W. B. Thompson, propriteor of a barber shop on Georgetown street, was arrested this morning on a warrant sworn out by the Barbers' Union, charging him with violating the law by working on Sunday. Thompson admitted the charge, but claims the arrest was a bit of spitework because he would not sign the agreement to keep his shop closed on the Sabbath. He was taken before Magistrate Farmer and released in bond of $50 for his appearance in court Wednesday morning. It is understood that the Barbers' Union will prosecute the case to the limit of the law.

* * *

Mrs. J. Tandy Ellis Ill.

Mrs. J. Tandy Ellis, of Owensboro, who has been visiting the family of Mr. Henry E. Innis on South Limestone street, was taken to the Good Samaritan Hospital this morning suffering from a complication of diseases. Drs. Barrow, Coleman and Lewis were summoned to attend her, and she was reported slightly better this morning. Mrs. Ellis was before her marriage several years ago Miss Harriet Bainbridge Richardson, of this city, and one of the most beautiful women in the Bluegrass. She was selected by Secretary Herbert to christen the battleship Kentucky, but before that event took place Secretary Herbert left office, and the honor fell to Miss Christine Bradley, daughter of former Governor W. O. Bradley.

PENDENNIS CLUB NAMES OLD SET OF OFFICERS.

Report Shows Good Financial Condition—Receipts of Various Branches.

The twenty-second annual business meeting of the Pendennis Club was held last night with over 200 members present. A. P. Humphrey presided as temporary chairman. The election for officers and directors resulted as follows: Arthur M. Rutledge, president; George Braden, vice president; C. C. Carter, secretary, and E. A. Hewett, treasurer. G. R. Hunt, Jr., W. P. Semple, T. G. Williams, A. G. Langham and Thruston Ballard, directors.

All these were simply re-elected for another term except Mr. Ballard, who was elected to the vacancy in the Board of Directors made by the resignation of Cushman Quarrier. The other two directors of the club are Levi Bloom and A. M. Cartledge. While the committees are appointed by the president, it is practically certain that they will remain as they stand. The committees are as follows: Finance, E. A. Hewett, A. G. Langham and G. R. Hunt, Jr.; House, George Braden, W. P. Semple and Levi Bloom; Wine and Cigars, Arthur M. Rutledge, T. G. Williams and A. M. Cartledge; Library, A. M. Rutledge.

The statement of the treasurer is an interesting document, and shows the club to be in a highly prosperous condition, the assets being over $87,000 in excess of the liabilities. The statement shows the bar receipts for the last year to be $21,905.89, and the wine cellar receipts $8,557.42. The cigar statement shows receipts from members of $11,911.92. As the restaurant only received $26,591.37 from members, it will be seen that liquids are in slightly better estimation with Louisville epicures than solids. J. A. Hadley, superintendent of the club, was complimented upon his management of the affairs of the institution.

Three Grand Prizes

and other medals were awarded the Butterick Fashion Exhibit at the St. Louis World's Fair.

The feature of the Butterick exhibit which won the Grand Prize at the St. Louis World's Fair was a series of eleven costumes, showing the styles in woman's dress during the past century—ten years apart. These have been charmingly drawn by Anna Burnham Westermann, and reproduced with tint in the form of an art panel, nearly three feet long. It is well worth framing to adorn the walls of Milady's boudoir, parlor or den, and will be mailed, rolled without creasing, on receipt of four cents, to cover postage, etc. Small outline drawings of these figures are shown in this advertisement—they give but a hint of the charm of the original drawings as shown on the panel itself.

THE DELINEATOR stands for the highest degree of excellence in the portrayal of fashions for the women of the civilized world. This pre-eminence superiority is shown in its treatment of every department of home life.

The Christmas Delineator

is the best number we have ever issued—we think—and more than ever proves THE DELINEATOR to be "the best of all the magazines published for Woman."

The Love Songs from the Wagner Operas have, for the first time, been worthily put into English. Richard Le Gallienne has translated them with a charm that will make them endeared forever. The accompanying decorations in color, by J. C. Leyendecker, are superb, and well worthy of this master feature.

Other contributors to this number are: Robert Grant, F. Hopkinson Smith, Alice Brown, Elmore Elliott Peake, Mary Stewart Cutting, L. Frank Baum, the author of "The Wizard of Oz," etc., Julia Magruder, Albert Bigelow Paine, Grace MacGowan Cooke, Gustav Kobbé, Lillie Hamilton French, Dr. Grace Peckham Murray, Florence Earle Coates, Aloysius Coll, Carolyn Wells, Jennie Pendleton Ewing. This issue contains superb illustrations in color and in black and white, by J. C. Leyendecker, Martin Justice, L. D'Emo, Paul J. Meylan, S. Werner, Christine S. Bredin, Herbert Paus, Harry Stacey Benton, F. Richardson, R. Emmett Owen and Harry A. Linnell.

Fashion Plates in Colors The midwinter fashions are shown in profusion in full color and in black and white. Better this month than ever—as we promised they would be. Getting nearer to perfection with each issue—the styles shown this month are simply temptations—the best way to overcome them is to yield to them.

Get your copy now

The Delineator may be secured of your newsdealer, or any Butterick agent, or of the publishers at 15c. a copy, $1 a year. THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO., Ltd., Butterick Bldg., N. Y.

A SUPERB ART PANEL nearly three feet long—in tint—representing the eleven changes in style in woman's dress during the century MAILED FREE on receipt of 4 cents in stamps to cover postage



THE DELINEATOR and other Butterick Publications can always be found at our Pattern Department. We are sole agents in Louisville for the Butterick Paper Patterns, the best in the world. Take no substitute—none others are "just as good."

AN UP-TO-DATE STORE WITH UP-TO-DATE METHODS.

Kaufman-Straus Co.
(Incorporated.)

533 TO 549 FOURTH AVE., LOUISVILLE, KY.

LOCAL MINISTERS PLAN GENERAL REVIVAL.

Result of Conference With Dr. Joseph P. Calhoun, of Pittsburg.

The Presbyterian ministers of Louisville met yesterday morning to confer with Dr. Joseph P. Calhoun, of Pittsburg, upon the revival movement the ministerial associations of the city have in view. After the meeting with Dr. Calhoun, the Presbyterian ministers met with the Louisville Ministerial Association, and plans were discussed looking to the early beginning of the work. It was decided that each denominational association shall meet November 14, and each appoint three members to serve on a general committee to take the work in hand. On November 21 this committee will meet and decide when the first blow of the movement shall be struck.

No definite arrangements have been made, but it is thought that the plan lately followed in Pittsburg will be used. In Pittsburg the different churches held union prayer-meetings for two weeks before any revival meetings were begun, and at the end of that time meetings were begun simultaneously in more than twenty churches in and around Pittsburg. The plan proved most successful, and Dr. Calhoun urged its adoption here.

Resignation of Lagerheim.

Stockholm, Sweden, Nov. 7.—Foreign Minister Lagerheim has resigned.

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Communications.

All communications should be addressed to the Courier-Journal and not to individuals. If writers who submit MSS. for publication wish to have rejected articles returned, they must in all cases send stamps. The editors are glad to examine MSS., but return postage must be included.

TEN PAGES.

TUESDAY......NOVEMBER 8, 1904

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President,
ALTON B. PARKER.
For Vice President,
HENRY G. DAVIS.

For Congress,
SWAGAR SHERLEY.

For Judge Jefferson Circuit Court, Common Pleas Branch, Division 3,
MATT O'DOHERTY.

For County Attorney,
ROBERT W. BINGHAM.

For Magistrate, Sixth Magisterial District.
ED MEGLEMRY.

School Trustees.

Forty-fifth Legislative District,
EDWARD W. WOLFF.
Forty-sixth Legislative District,
JOHN HOERTZ.
Forty-seventh Legislative District
DR. E. J. BUECHEL.
Forty-eighth Legislative District.
DR. BRUCE LENTZ.
Forty-ninth Legislative District,
JAMES NORTON.
Fiftieth Legislative District,
S. C. MOORE.
Fifty-first Legislative District,
A. H. BRACHEY.

"Business."

Monday Evening, Nov. 7.—For the day previous to election, business was rather active in the stock market, and prices were surprisingly higher all around. The industrial list proved the chief center of speculation, both United States Steel common and preferred touching new high records for the year, and Tennessee Coal and Iron moving up almost six points. The railroad list was neglected until toward noon, when it shared in the upward movement. Closing prices were a shade off from the highest. To-morrow being election day, there will be no sesion of the stock market.

Rates for money on call were unchanged at 2@2¼ per cent., with time funds for all dates a shade firmer at 3½ and 4, and prime mercantile paper at 4@4½. Sterling exchange was steady.

Unfavorable weather was the reason assigned for the small advance in wheat, May and December being up ¼@⅜c, respectively, at the close. Corn was off ⅛c and ¼c, and oats were unchanged.

The cotton market was nervous, with a higher trend on covering by shorts, closing quotations showing an advance of about seven points.

The Chicago cattle market was 10c and 15c higher; the hog market 5c and 10c lower, and the sheep and lamb markets steady.

Provisions were 2½c and 15c higher.

Vote For Louisville.

Don't forget, when you go into the voting booth to-day, that something more than men and party issues is before the people.

The men and the party issues will fare according to the strength developed by the various political parties, but the proposition to provide an adequate sewer system for Louisville and for giving us a few decent streets is one in no way involved in the fortunes of any political party. It is one, however, which does involve the fortunes of Louisville for years to come. We cannot grow as a city in accordance with our desires unless we have the relief that will be afforded through the improvements which these bonds will enable us to make. Neither can we, as our population increases, sustain even our present degree of drainage efficiency. If we mean to build a real city here we must at least lay the foundations for a real city, and these cannot exist without a good sewerage system.

If the present proposition fails there is nothing else in sight but retrogression in this vital respect. Those who object to the bonds offer no other means of effecting the ends for which the bonds are proposed. Indeed, they would object to any other plan that would cost them anything in taxes; and as we can never have the sewers without paying for them it is clear that we can never have them without outvoting the present opponents of the bond issue.

So whether you vote for Parker or Roosevelt, whether you vote the Republican ticket, the Democratic ticket, or a mixed ticket, vote for Louisville by voting for the bonds.

Vote For the Local Ticket.

In their zeal for the national ticket the Democrats of Louisville should not be unmindful of their duty at the polls to-day to cast their votes for the full local ticket. The result will be taken as the criterion of our strength in future contests, and it behooves them to poll as large a majority as possible for the candidates presented for their suffrage. Apart from this consideration in its bearing upon the organization, the ticket is one which commends itself to their earnest support in the personal worth and qualifications of the candidates. The principal efforts of the Republican party will be exerted in the congressional race, which, having a national bearing, will not only command the full support of local Republicans, but all the influence which the National Republican Committee can bring to bear through its campaign fund and the aid of the Administration at Washington. The presidential office is not the only issue in the national struggle. The Republican control of the lower House of Congress is also in the balance, and a desperate effort will be made throughout the country to gain new members as an offset for the loss of many Republican seats plainly foreshadowed. It will therefore be the aim to secure the election of the Republican candidate in this district by every possible means, even at the sacrifice of the remainder of the ticket.

In Swagar Sherley the citizens of Louisville have presented for their suffrages a gentleman in all respects worthy of their support. He has demonstrated by his service in Congress his fitness for the position, and deserves an endorsement at the hands of his constituents. His merit was recognized from the moment he took his seat, and during the first session of his term he exerted an influence rare in the case of a new member. In all matters pertaining to his district he was vigilant and faithful in the discharge of his duties and served his constituents effectively whenever his efforts were necessary, and without regard to political considerations. In public matters affecting the interests of his district and those of Kentucky, and especially as regards the improvement of the navigation of the Ohio river, he showed himself thoroughly equipped and fully competent for the service. For his future success on these lines he should be sent back with such evidence of indorsement as will insure increased influence.

As to the remainder of the candidates on the local ticket they are all deserving of confidence and support. It should be the aim of the Democratic voters of Louisville and Jefferson county to elect by a decisive vote the entire ticket. The only hope of effecting good results in civil administration is by organization, and at elections the party stands for the ticket and the ticket for the party. Each is a guarantee for the other. Mere personal success in the election of an individual counts but little in the progress of reform. It can only be effected and maintained through party organization, wisely administered, and honestly directed. The nominees of the Democratic party should receive the vote of every man who calls himself a Democrat.

Those Gray Wolves Again.

Of Senator John T. Morgan's "open letter" to Secretary of State John Hay, the New York Sun has this to say—

"Mr. Morgan's vituperation will provoke no interest in any quarter outside of Henry Watterson's sanctum, except as a painful exhibition of inveterate prejudice. Why is the Senator unable to maintain the reasonable attitude he assumed after the adoption of the Panama route and the enactment of the Spooner law? Mr. Morgan then said, in June, 1902:

"'I feeel more encouraged than at any other time since I began the fight for an Isthmian canal. The action of the Senate this afternoon means that a canal will be constructed. I wanted it constructed by the Nicaraguan route, because I think that route the better. If it could not be by Nicaragua, however, I gladly accept the Panama. The great consideration is a canal. The question of route is secondary. The people demand a canal. I think they would have preferred the Nicaragua route, but I feeel satisfied they will be glad to have Panama.'

'How much more respectable would be Senator Morgan's position now if he had allowed this sensible and patriotic declaration to stand as his last words on the subject!"

Nothing could be simpler than the answer to this, to-wit, that, when Mr. Morgan uttered the words reproduced by the Sun, the greater part of the villainy had not been perpetrated,—only half of it, and that half conjecturable rather than provable—the Spooner Act having been braced for its passage by an alternative clause providing that if for any reason the Panama route should fail, the Nicaragua route should be constructed.

This clause we now know to have been a trick. It was never meant to be carried out; because the actual contingency came to pass only to be ignored by the President. Those Gray Wolves of the Senate who had sold themselves and their country to the Stock Gamblers of Paris did not mean that anything should balk them of their prey. They were ready to enter into any lying device to secure their booty. So they inserted the Nicaragua alternative, assuring a canal, or seeming to assure it, and, much as Mr. Morgan detested the job which had set aside the Nicaragua route—having no corruption money hehind it for anybody—in favor of the Panama route, dividing Forty Millions between the Bucket Shops of Paris and the Rogues, Rascals and Promoters of the United States, both in and out of Congress, he could and he did felicitate himself that at last his life-long labors in behalf of an Isthmial canal were about to be crowned with success.

"How much more respectable would be Senator Morgan's position now," says the Sun, "if he had allowed this sensible and patriotic declaration to stand as his last words on the subject!"

As an honest man, how could he? As an honest newspaper, how can the Sun suggest it? The contingency provided in the Spooner Act arrived upon fairly schedule time. The Transcontinental Railway Ring, having helped the Forty Thieves of Panama defeat Nicaragua at Washington, proceeded to knock out the Forty Thieves of Panama at Bogota. Colombia rejected the Treaty.

Then what happened? Neither section of the Forty Thieves, the French Section or the American Section, meant at this late stage of the game to lose so vast a sum, already almost in their grasp. They had, indeed, provided to meet this very situation. Foreseeing the rejection of the Treaty by Colombia, they arranged a Revolution in Panama. With the silent acquiescence of the President, represented on the Isthmus as expressing sympathy and approval and promising armed intervention by the Government at Washington in case of a descent by the Government at Bogota, nothing was surer, or easier.

Never did a pack of stacked cards deal out better to the mark. The Agents of the French Company precipitated the Revolution, the Forces of the United States were promptly on the scene to secure them against Colombia; in the twinkling of an eye, as it were, all was over on the Isthmus. In the twinkling of an eye all was over in the United States. Bunau Varilla, who had masqueraded respectively as a Civil Engineer and as Fiscal Agent of the French Company—with William Nelson Cromwell, its attorney, behind him—turns up between night and morning at Washington in the character of Ambassador of the New Republic of Panama. The State Department hastens to receive him. The President takes him to his embrace. All is cut-and-dried—quite as cut-and-dried as the last National Republican Convention—and the conspiracy to rob the taxpayers of the United States of Fifty Millions and to rob Colombia both of Panama and her Ten Millions—the entire Fifty Millions to go in two lump sums of Forty and Ten Millions to the stock-jobbers engineering the gigantic scheme of spoliation and degradation—worked like two clocks, timed to go alike, one in the White House and the other Panama, the whole inspired and financed by the French Company in Paris.

All these things came to pass after the enactment of the Spooner Law. Some of them were perhaps contemplated by the authors of that Law. Undoubtedly, the shrewder of the manipulators, men like Cromwell and Varilla, did not intend to take any chances. They possessed means to fortify themselves with the Roosevelt Administration. They contrived means to circumvent Colombia. They were ready, fully cocked and primed, when the hour arrived, actually deriving an increased profit out of the complication, for, by the secession of Panama, they, and their agents, got possession not only of the Forty Millions paid to Paris, but the Ten Millions additional, which were to go to Colombia, and did go to the vile aggregation of French speculators and Spanish-American filibusters creating the fly-by-night Republic of Panama.

In the teeth of all this the Sun has the insufferable hardihood to say:

"As a matter of fact and of record, that 'body of death,' as Mr. Morgan chooses to call the Panama Canal, was 'unloaded upon the United States' by Democratic Senators. Fourteen of them voted on the 23d of February last to ratify the Hay-Bunau-Varilla Treaty, and two more were paired in favor of it.

"If these sixteen Democrats had voted with Mr. Morgan against the treaty it would have been defeated.

"In that sense, Mr. Morgan's Democratic colleagues, charged as he says with the duty of guarding the country against the acts of diplomatic agents, are responsible for the Panama Canal; and they, not Mr. Hay, are the proper objects of his belated reproaches."

Every Senator, be he Democrat or be he Republican, who voted for the Hay-Varilla Treaty, made himself the accomplice of a conspiracy and a job. Some did not conceive the enormity of the affair. Others were the victims of cowardice. The idea of a canal had taken hold of the popular mind and heart and these were afraid to meet an issue which involved a campaign of education they felt themselves unequal to. Yet, why should the Sun say that "they, not Mr. Hay, are the proper objects of his (Mr. Morgan's) reproaches?" They are, in point of fact, all of them in the same boat, with the difference that the Democrats were forced into it by the pirates who had made the shipwreck.

The Sun had best have a care. Ultimately the whole villainy will come to the surface. It is only a question of time when the Panama Scandal in America will surpass the De Lesseps Scandal in France. Meanwhile, Senator John Tyler Morgan, of Alabama, we take off our hat to you!

Vote For the Bond Issue.

No more important question was ever presented for the action of the people of Louisville than the proposition submitted to their vote for the issue of bonds for sewers and streets. It is wisely provided in our organic law that for the purpose of raising money for such purposes two-thirds of those voting on the subject shall be required before such issue shall be made. The City Council, recognizing the necessity of extending the system of sewers and other improvements called for by the growth of the city and its future expansion, have submitted to the decision of the voters a proposition for the issue of bonds to the amount of $3,500,000, to become due forty years after date, and to bear 3½ per cent. interest, payable semi-annually. Of the proceeds of this issue $2,750,000 is to be expended for the construction of sewers, $500,000 for the construction of streets, and the remaining $250,000 for the improvement of Beargrass creek for drainage purposes. All of this work, thus sought to be provided for, is not only necessary for the future prosperity of Louisville, but for the immediate health and business demands of the city.

The subject has been fully discussed before the people through the press and otherwise, and ought by this time to be thoroughly understood and appreciated. There is no politics in it, but it is a plain proposition affecting the largest interests of the city and the welfare and health and comfort of every member of the community. If it should carry, as it ought, its good effects will be at once demonstrated in the increase of our manufacturing establishments, now retarded by the lack of drainage in the portion of the city best adapted for such purpose. The same applies in the case of the building of residences and streets, in a large area devoid of such improvement. Should the proposition fail it will entail further delay and the city will suffer correspondingly.

The fact that a two-thirds vote is required for the success of the proposition, thus rendering it possible for a minority of the voters to defeat it, renders it important that all who favor the object should cast their votes for it. As usual in all propositions for public improvements some opposition has shown itself based upon objections foreign to the merits or necessity of the improvements. To overcome this and insure the adoption of the ordinance it behooves everyone favorable to its success to take care that his ballot is marked for it. If that is done there will be no question of its adoption.

Roosevelt, the Cowboy.

The real Roosevelt, not the candidate Roosevelt, is disclosed in his books, written before he became a candidate. Nor is he revealed in these in any clearer light than in his admiration for the rowdy and the swashbuckler, and his contempt for the matter-of-fact, law-abiding man of peace and toil.

Thus in his "Ranch Life and Hunting Trail" he sneers at the "small farmers and agricultural laborers" as not to be compared with the cowboys, who are "much better fellows and pleasanter companions," while the mechanics and workingmen of the cities "are not to be mentioned in the same breath."

Anything is permissible, even admirable, in these beloved cowboys, and lynch law as administered by them is a blessing. "Bands of horse and cattle thieves," he says, "have been regularly hunted down and destroyed in pitched battles by parties of armed cowboys, and as a consequence most of our territory is perfectly law-abiding. A little over two years ago one committee of vigilantes in Eastern Montana shot or hung nearly sixty—not, however, with the best judgment in all cases."

Nearly sixty men lynched, the noble record of one "committee" of cowboys; the only criticism to be passed on their administration of justice being that they acted "not, however, with the best judgment in all cases." They may have hung a few innocent men, wrongly suspected of stealing horses or cattle, but these fine fellows made no such error of judgment as to lynch a Southern negro for rape, or to object to a Southern postmaster on account of his color.

"In great crises," this eulogist of the cowboys has written, "it may be necessary to overturn statutes, just as it may be necessary to establish a vigilance committee or take refuge in lynch laws."

It is the pride of the writer of this that he, too, is a cowboy, and as a cowboy President he has not failed to find or manufacture imaginary "great crises" in which he has not only not hesitated to resort to, but gloried in resorting to, the expedient of overturning the Constitution as well as statutes.

Perhaps it was because the other Presidents preferred to observe the Constitution and the statutes that Roosevelt, the cowboy, has administered to them such contemptuous tongue-lashings.

To Prevent Fraud.

Every citizen having at heart the preservation of the purity of the ballot should constitute himself a vigilance committee to forestall all attempt at fraudulent voting or corruption in any respect. Evidence is not wanting to make it certain that there will be effort to-day both to cast illegal votes and to use all possible means which money and other corrupting influence can suggest to defeat the honest will of the majority. It is well known that the Republican managers have a large corruption fund assessed upon Federal employes, such as post-office clerks and carriers, storekeepers, gaugers and others in the Government service, and that this has been supplemented by funds raised by the National Campaign Committee. This money will be used in every possible way to swell the party vote. In addition to this, intimidation in various forms will, as usual, be resorted to, as in threats of Federal prosecution and other devices to cut down the Democratic majority. The organiation for such ends has been adroitly conceived and perfected, and if not firmly thwarted will be used to keep the timid from the polls. Inspectors should be especially on the lookout to prevent such practices and they should have the co-operation of all good citizens. Louisville is a Democratic city by an overwhelming majority, and all that is necessary to demonstrate it, to-day, is that every voter entitled to cast his ballot should be protected in his right, and that there should be no fraudulent balloting or obstruction to the legal voter.

The cry of the Roosevelt partisans now is that Parker committed an impious outrage on the great office of President of the United States by making a charge against the man who occupies that office. According to this logic Roosevelt may do as a man or a candidate anything he chooses and be free from criticism because he is President. He himself has several times done things in that office which he admitted he had no right to do as President, but when he does things that shock decency he hides behind the office. Before that office can afford him such protection as he and his now claim from it, he must show more respect for it himself.

Under the amendment to the law governing registration and elections it is necessary to enable a voter to cast his ballot that he should have with him when he goes to the polls his certificate of registration and exhibit it to the officers of the election. Without it he cannot vote. Therefore before starting to the polls every voter should see to it that he takes his certificate with him. This will prevent delay and possibly the loss of his vote. There should be no neglect in this particular.

Two Government detectives, paid out of the United States Treasury, constantly watch Tom Taggart. Perhaps they have been detailed to find out what Tom thinks of the personal assault made on him by the President of the United States of America, in the statement from the White House recently issued to the world.

It is observable that it is those people who are in the habit of flinging at others the epithet of "Bourbon" who are now upholding the Bourbonism that would condemn Louisville to the moribund fate of an undrained village.

"ON DIT."

Tuesday, November 8.

"It's not unusual for a man to think: 'Oh, well, there's no use in my taking the trouble to vote to-day. And, anyway, it won't make any difference whether I do or not, the result will be the same.'

"Men do think this very thing at times," said O. W. Jackson, of Hartford, Conn., who was in Louisville last night. "Sometimes they're right; sometimes they're wrong, and it makes all the difference in the world. My father used to tell a story of how his town was almost lost and finally saved through this identical theory of 'It doesn't make any difference.'

"It seems that, 'way back in those days, they had issues which were drawn to as fine a point as those of the glorious present. In the little town where my father lived an election was being held, and the voters had lined up on either side with fronts undismayed. When the day for settling the momentous question arrived it was discovered that, from all appearances, one side was vastly in the majority. My father, of course, had the misfortune to stand with those whom defeat threatened. In this same predicament there were two men, who, always taking but little interest in politics, became discouraged with the prospect. They proved their enthusiasm by going fishing. This did not become generally known until the day of election was far advanced, and those who were able to feel the public pulse discovered that the vaunted majority was not materializing. The defeat might not be a defeat after all.

"In the rush to get every voter to the polls the absence of the two faint-hearts was discovered. Next came the information which disclosed the fishing trip. Next came tall hustling.

"Willing workers were divided into small squads, and a wild dash for the three or four favorite haunts of the disciples of Izaak Walton ensued. To abbreviate a long story, just before the polls closed a breathless group hurried into town and made straight for the polling place. Of this group were the delinquents. They were voted with not a second to spare, and then the count began.

"How did it come out? Well, if you could have heard my father tell the story there would be no need to ask. If one of the fishermen had fallen into the river and drowned, it would have been a tie vote. As it was, those who had expected to lose were the winners by a majority of one."

* * *

In order that he may not be the "one" who will lose Arkansas to the Democrats, R. W. Balch, who was at Seelbach's yesterday, left last night for Little Rock, where he will vote for Judge Parker. Mr. Balch is an attorney of high standing, both in his community and abroad. He has been spending some time in the East, where, as in Kentucky, he has interests.

* * *

"The servant girl will probably be the next question taken up by the political parties and made a national issue. Whether they will or not, the servant girl proposition has taken the nation by the throat, and the public can only remonstrate. The legislator who will introduce a bill which shall satisfactorily deal with this subject will win undying fame; the political party which shall frame a plank which will solve the question, if put into practice, gets my vote. And others."

To prove that he was not exaggerating the circumstances which led to these deductions, H. L. Satley, of Newark, N. J., related to several sympathetic listeners at Seelbach's last night a series of personal experiences calculated to "turn on the tears."

"When we first started in to keep house, the servant girl question seemed the least of our troubles. It immediately jumped into notice, and within three days it was the one obstacle between me and happiness. It was no trouble to get a girl to come—but to stay! That was quite different. The first one came, and got up a fine dinner for us. After dinner she was missing. My wife finally washed the dishes, and I sat up to let the girl in when she pleased to return. As far as her returning is concerned I might still be 'sitting up,' for we never saw her again. Don't know why or wherefore, but never again.

"Well, sir, we got another. She, also, cooked our dinner. That was her first effort. Also, her last. She went out after dinner, and never came back. Only difference between her and No. 1 was that I found out a week later that she got drunk that night, was arrested and had been in jail ever since. Forgot our names, I guess, so couldn't send for me to get her out.

"Well, sir, we got another. She was a dandy. Little Swede. Looked good for a week at least. It was a mistake, though, for the second night she discovered that the coachman, next door, was an old sweetheart of hers, and that very night they pulled down the blind on the past, turned the sunshine into the future by getting married and starting on a honeymoon trip without saying a word.

"Well, sir, we got another. She wasn't good to look at, but she was a worker. I thought I had discovered the original gem. Riches untold she seemed to me. But the riches came on the other side, for during the second day of her reign she found an advertisement in the paper which made her think that she was a long-lost heiress. She left us to get into communication, and it's a fact that her guess was right, 'the very first time.' She was the heiress, and she got the money.

"Well, sir, we got another. If you'll believe it, she settled down, did not get married, wasn't made of heiress material, and was with us four years. Then she left, and we took to the hotels."

* * *

In a Louisville hotel, not long ago, a marriage ceremony was performed. The bride and groom were from out in the State, and "just thought it would be nice to come to Louisville to be married." A Louisville minister graciously responded to the invitation, and repeated the words which only a divorce court can nullify. After it was all over the proud husband descended to earth for a brief moment, during which he inquired what expense had been incurred.

"Oh, whatever you think she is worth," returned the minister, bowing low, and with look and smile plainly saying that nothing under the sun could equal in value the woman who had just promised to "love, honor and obey."

Fully understanding the implied compliment, and taking just pride in it as he surveyed the lady of his heart, the groom produced a pocketbook and carefully crossed the minister's palm with silver.

"Here are $3."

And with not a thought of inconsistency bowed the minister from the room.

* * *

That the lower animals, and especially dogs, have deep affections, not unmixed with jealousy, has long been an accepted fact, but proof of a very conclusive nature is to be found in the story lately related by a Louisville man who owns several dogs and a young son. This man, who is somewhat sportively inclined, will pick up a bird dog, a Boston terrier or a Scotch collie with equal enthusiasm, and take it to his home in the southern part of the city. At this season of the year there are always several bird dogs in his establishment, and this year is no exception. A big red setter named Red and a liver-spotted pointer named Sport comprise the hunting outfit this season, and both are devoted to the young son of the house, who is four years and a half old and a star kindergartner.

This youngster has been on a long visit to his grandfather in the country, and returned home yesterday to be surprised by finding a fine, big kennel in the back yard. He had not been at home a moment before he began to clamor for his faithful "pals," Red and Sport, and their delight at seeing the child was only tempered by their mutual jealousy. Wishing to inspect the new kennel, the child wandered into the back yard alone, except for his four-footed companions.

In a few moments the neighborhood was alarmed by a series of growls, snarls and barks proceeding from the new kennel.

It was found, upon investigation, that the boy had gone into the doghouse to see what was there, and Red had followed him, turning in time to frustrate Sport's effort to do the same thing. The dogs, hitherto great friends, flew at each other, and would probably have fought to the death had not the youngster's mother become alarmed and quelled their rage with a convenient piece of lead pipe. The child was discovered sitting in the kennel enjoying the battle hugely, not in the least alarmed. At last account the dogs had not become reconciled, and the boy's father fears that one will have to go in order to make it safe for the little chap.

Bachelor's Tale of Woe, Six Girls Figuring.

ON general principles, it might appear that one man in a house with seven women would receive a goodly share of attention, and have little to complain of; but copious evidence is furnished to the contrary.

"We have had six girl-cousins visiting us on their way to the St. Louis Fair," said a good-looking bachelor—"these lively young women do my mother a world of good, and I'm not here to complain of them, but when a fellow as old as I am has to turn out of his own bed room and sleep on a cot in the parlor, some queer complications arise. I've been late to business all this week on account of this new arrangement. When I get up in the morning I slip into my bath robe and slippers, take my clothes on my arm and try to find a place to wash and dress. In the upper hall, if I put my hand on mother's door knob, somebody squeals: 'Don't you come in here, Charlie.'

"Then, if I tap on my own room door, several voices ring out: 'Go way, if that's you, Charlie—you can't come in here yet;' or 'Just wait, Charlie, we'll be out in a minute.' At the bath-room door I have the same hard luck: 'Oh Charlie, is that you? You can't come in just yet; we'll be through in a little bit.'

"So I jump around in a cold hall," continued the injured bachelor, "and after about twenty minutes some girls fly past me, giggling and looking sideways at me; then I find a place to get into and make my belated toilette. I'm always late to breakfast, of course, and the girls, with woman's usual logic, have dubbed me 'Lazy Charlie.'

"This morning one of the ungrateful creatures burst out laughing at the table, and said:

"'Do excuse me, cousin Charlie, but I do wish I had a kodak, that I could take a picture of you in the hall in the morning. You do look so killingly funny, hanging around out there, in your funny old bath-robe, with your big bundle of clothes over your arm, and your nice old bald head shining out in the gloom.'

"'Wasn't that sweet and grateful?' asked the abused man. 'Those girl cousins chase my poor dog Flip around from pillar to post, too; and he doesn't know where to go any more than I do. With six girls in the house, though, perhaps I'm in fair luck that I don't have to dress out in the cold back porch."

ON THE FUNNY BONE.

Election Day.

One man's as good as another to-day!
What are you going to do—
Follow the shouters and vote as they
Beg or command you to?
Or are you going to think for yourself,
Casting your vote ere night
Neither for friendship nor for pelf,
But the way you think is right?

"One vote alone won't save the State,"
Shrilly your friend implores,
"Your single ballot has little weight."
True, but that vote is yours!
Pay scant attention to what they say,
To thine own self be true.
One man's as good as another to-day!
What are you going to do?

* * *

All Depends.

Nordy—Say, they wouldn't let my friend, Sadkins register. A durn outrage, wasn't it?

Butts—I don't know whether it was an outrage or not. What ticket did he want to vote?

* * *

Perfectly True.

Hamlet Fatt—The hypocrisy of some people is disgusting. Now Rantington goes around saying that his wife is an angel, when everybody knows that he married her for her money.

Yorick Hamm—Well, she's an angel just the same. Ain't she backing Rantington's tour?

* * *

A Change of Gait.

The Russian bear, he galloped thro'
Some fishermen a-trawling;
The British lion stalked into view,
And the bear to-day is crawling.

* * *

A Wounded Soldier.

"My good man," said the charitable lady, "why won't you work?

"Madam, I can't," replied Tired Tiffins, "I was wunst a corporal of industry."

"Yes?"

"But I got wounded an' disabled early in de fray, mum, early in de fray."

* * *

Shakespeare Revised.

"He who steals my purse," quoth the famous actress, "steals trash, but he who robs me of my jewels"—

Here she smiled significantly—

"Gets me a lot of free advirtising in the gullible press."

* * *

Don't Fail To Do It.

There are days to loaf and days to play,
And days to work, you'll note;
Think not of them. To-day's the day
To go and cast your vote.

* * *

Among the Guns.

The Shotgun—Here! You can't vote here. Get out.

The Rifle—Why can't I vote here, hey?

The Shotgun—Because you're a repeater. Git!

Points About People.

Mr. Garvin Thomas will give a breakfast on Thursday morning, November 24—Thanksgiving day—in honor of two of the debutantes, Miss Kathleen Hussey and Miss Martha Marvin.

* * *

Miss Myra Bullitt will be the guest of honor at a tea to be given on Saturday, November 26, by Miss Emma Loving.

* * *

Miss Eleanor Simpson will give a luncheon on Friday in honor of Miss May Young.

* * *

Mrs. Ernest Lee Hughes, of the Weissinger-Gaulbert, has issued invitations to a reception to be given Thursday afternoon, November 10, from 4 to 6 o'clock in honor of Mrs. Edward Caldwell, of New York.

* * *

Miss Gertrude Dudley, who will be married to-morrow at noon at Christ Church Cathedral, was given a beautiful Sheffield waiter last week by the members of the auxiliary choir of Christ Church Cathedral, of which she has been a member since its organization.

The waiter was presented to her at a gathering of the "choir girls" at the home of Mrs. Charles Ewell Craik last week, and the presentation speech was made by the dean, the Rev. Dr. Charles Ewell Craik.

* * *

Miss Nellie Semple has returned from a short visit to Mrs. William Dixon on Cherokee Drive.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Caldwell, of New York, are at the Louisville Hotel for a stay of several weeks. Mr. Caldwell is a first cousin of the Marquise de Merriville, who was formerly Miss Gwendolin Caldwell, of Louisville.

* * *

Miss Jennie Lindenberger entertained her bridge-whist club yesterday afternoon. The members are:

MISSES.

Jennie Lindenberger,	Adah Warren,
Emily Hussey,	Eva Churchill,
Ethel Humphrey,	Kathleen Hussey,
Nannie Hite Winston,	Mary Tyler,
	Mary Speed,
Ethel Roberts,	Mrs. Henry B.
Mary Lee Warren,	Spencer.

* * *

Mrs. Arthur Robinson will entertain her euchre club next Monday.

* * *

Mrs. Mallory Davis entertained informally at bridge-whist yesterday afternoon at her home, Woodside, in the country.

* * *

Misses Ethel and Carrie Fitzgerald will leave next Tuesday for Richmond, Va., where they will visit their cousin, Miss Irene Fitzgerald, for several weeks.

* * *

Mrs. Pintard Lewis entertained her euchre club yesterday afternoon.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. James E. Bell and daughters have returned from a visit to the exposition in St. Louis.

* * *

Mrs. John Shirk, of Indianapolis, is in the city spending a few days with Mrs. A. O. Goshorn. Mrs. Goshorn will entertain her euchre club this afternoon.

* * *

Mrs. Robert K. Warren and children, of Mobile, Ala., have come to Louisville to locate and are at present at the Waverley Hotel. Mrs. Warren was formerly Miss Esther Barnett, of Louisville.

* * *

Misses Battie and Pauline Cooke left yesterday for Covington, where they are visiting Miss Bettie McCoy.

* * *

Miss Nannie Hite Winston has issued invitations to a dinner to be given on Wednesday, November 16, in honor of her guest, Miss Clara Leete, of St. Louis.

* * *

Miss Jessie Cochrane, of Rome, Italy, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Gavin Cochran, is now in Taylorsville visiting Mrs. John Speed. Upon her return to Louisville next week, she will be the guest of Mrs. Edmund F. Trabue.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. William Cheatham, of Las Vegas, N. M., spent several days in Louisville last week on their way to Taylorsville, where they are now visiting relatives. They will visit Louisville again before returning home.

* * *

Mr. Henry F. Embry has returned from Lexington, where he has been on a short trip.

* * *

Mr. Richard Young, of Cincinnati, spent Sunday in Louisville with his mother, Mrs. John D. Young.

* * *

Mr. Isaac Tyler returned home yesterday from St. Louis, where he had been visiting his aunt, Mrs. T. M. McLean, for the past week.

* * *

Mrs. Sallie Marshall Hardy entertained informally at eight-hand euchre yesterday afternoon in honor of her sister, Mrs. J. Bruce Morson, of Birmingham, Ala.

* * *

Miss Irene Moore, of Harrodsburg, is the guest of Miss Mary Bowman, with whom she will spend several days this week.

* * *

Mrs. T. L. Jefferson, Sr., has returned from St. Louis, where she spent several weeks with her daughter, Mrs. Van Cleave.

* * *

Miss Martha Young returned home yesterday from Pewee, where she had been spending several days with her sister, Mrs. Dennis Long Miller. She was accompanied by Mrs. Miller, who will visit her mother, Mrs. John D. Young, during the absence of Mr. Miller on a hunting trip.

* * *

Mrs. Alex. Barret, of Los Angeles, Cal., is in the city visiting Mrs. John C. Lewis and family.

* * *

Miss Nancy Mourning, of Somerset, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. William H. Mourning, is now the guest of her aunt, Miss Nannie Mourning.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew G. Whitley, who have been spending several weeks in Danville with Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Bright, will return home to-morrow.

* * *

Miss Annie May Wooldridge will leave Wednesday for Greenville, Miss., where she will visit her cousin, Mrs. John Hall, formerly Miss Narcisse Johnson.

* * *

Mrs. Erasmus Wilson, of Los Angeles, Cal., is in the city visiting the Rev. and Mrs. T. M. Hawes.

* * *

Mr. Thomas Mourning, who has been making his home with his aunt, Miss Nannie Mourning, will leave to-day for Montgomery, Ala., where he will be located.

* * *

Mr. F. M. Crommelin will leave tomorrow for Memphis, where he will spend a week on business.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Duffy, who have been East on their wedding trip, will return home this week and will be at their new home on Beechwood avenue.

* * *

The following party leaves next week to hunt bear and deer in the vicinity of Lambert, Miss., which is about eighty miles south of Memphis: Judge James P. Gregory, R. W. Bingham, J. C. Burnett, Julius Hild and James P. Bell. They will be away for two weeks. From late reports received by them big game abounds in that section of the country.

Rummett—Sutton.

R. B. Sutton, of Corbin, Ky., and Miss Sarrah Rummett, of Harrodsburg, Ky., were married at the Fifth-avenue Hotel yesterday evening at 6 o'clock, the Rev. J. M. Weaver officiating. Mr. Sutton conducts a mercantile establishment in Corbin, and with his bride will return to his home to-day.

Programme For Muiscal Art Society.

A meeting of the Musical Art Society will be held in the Woman's Club building at 11 o'clock this morning, where the following programme will be given:

Gavotte, D flat......L. Pabst
La Fileuse......Raff
Hark, Hark, the Lark......Schubert-Liszt
Mrs. Gustave Breaux.
Sapphic Ode......Brahms
Meine Liebe ist grun......Brahms
Traum durch die Dammerung......Strauss
Mrs. Carrie Rothschild-Sapinsky.
The Water Nymph (two pianos),
Templeton Strong
Miss Verona German and Miss Blanche Lehman.
Cycle of Songs from Eliland Suite,
Von Fielitz
Stilles Leid (Silent Woe), Maien Tag (May Day), Rosenzweige (Roses), Heimliche Grusse (Secret Greetings), Mondnacht (Moonlight Night), Traume (Dreams), Anathema (Anathema), Ergebung (Resignation).
Mrs. Carrie Rothschild-Sapinsky.
Mrs. Victor Rudolf, violin obligato; Mrs. Newton Crawford, accompanist.

AT THE THEATERS.

"AWAKENING OF MR. PIPP" A LAUGHABLE FARCE.

Charley Grapewin Gives His Familiar Portrayal of a Bibulous Husband.

MASONIC—"The Awakening of Mr. Pipp;" matinee and evening.
HOPKINS — Vaudeville; matinee and evening.
AVENUE—"Driven from Home;" matinee and evening.

"Awakening of Mr. Pipp"—Masonic.

A musical farce entitled "The Awakening of Mr. Pipp" amused a large audience at the Masonic Theater last evening. Once upon a time this was a vaudeville act, but it has been so elaborated that it is now a full-fledged three-act musical play. As now exhibited it tells how Mr. Pipp, after promising to stay sober for one year after his marriage, celebrates the termination of the period with a glorious and iridescent spree. The next morning he wakes up, and it is the scene depicting his awakening that causes most of the laughter. Mr. Grapewin, the comedian who is starring in the piece, gives a remarkable picture of an intoxicated citizen at "the cold, gray dawn of the morning after." The empty leer, the thick tongue, the uncertain step, the humble, yet self-assertive, manner are most adroitly affected, and to those who are not shocked or offended by the picture of intemperance the scene is immeasurably comic. The story ends with Mr. Pipp's signing of the pledge and the singing of "The Old Oaken Bucket for Me," so here's a farce that teaches a moral lesson after all.

The piece depends for success almost altogether upon the efforts of Mr. Grapewin himself. The songs are not remarkable for cleverness or tunefulness, nor are other members of the cast of extraordinary merit. The best are Miss Anna Chance, who is an amiable-looking Mrs. Pipp, and Miss Beaumont, who makes a spirited Tessie Tiptoe. The performance as a whole, however, will doubtless attract and entertain large audiences this week, for that is what it did last year, and it is not a whit less amusing.

Timely Topics.

"The Two Orphans," the melodrama which will be presented at Macauley's Friday and Saturday, has wonderful vitality. It has been popular for thirty years, and A. M. Palmer's revival has been greeted warmly. The play tells a story that is full of human interest. It touches the extremes of society, the aristocracy and the dregs. The characters are types, and each type is in its way a masterpiece. Louise and Henriette are personifications of innocence; LaFrochard and Jacques are the incarnation of villainy. Pierre, the pathetic cripple, is one of those self-sacrificing characters which, when well played, never fail to appeal strongly to an audience. As an example of high life, there is, besides others, Chevalier de Vaudrey, a nobleman of honorable impulses, a young hero of romance. The old-timers will remember the strong combination of play and cast of thirty years ago. The present revival will give them an opportunity to compare, not only the old and the modern school of acting, but of play construction.

"I think that John Filson, the historian, was the great-grandfather of my father, but I am not absolutely clear on the point, and for my own satisfaction expect to establish the relationship while in Louisville," said Alford William Filson, the actor, yesterday. Mr. Filson has been on the stage for years. He and his wife offer the feature act of the week at the Hopkins, and she, like her husband, is an actress of ability. On the last visit of the couple to Louisville, Mr. Filson received a letter from Col. R. T. Durrett, president of the Filson Club, answering a query regarding the Filson of historic interesting and inviting the actor to visit his library. The message reached Mr. Filson on the last day of his stay here, so the call had to be postponed. Mr. Filson will visit Col. Durrett during his present engagement here. John Filson laid out a great deal of the village that marks the site of the present Cincinnati, and the many heirs of the family in Ohio and Pennsylvania now have a suit in the courts, which, were it to terminate successfully, would mean the transfer to them of property worth several millions. "I have not rented a safety vault box in order to care for my share of the inheritance," said Mr. Filson. "Like most claims of the kind, its promise is richer than its termination. Mrs. Filson and myself expect to go right on playing 'A Daughter of Bacchus' and the other playlets in our repertoire. Returns from them are immediate and certain."

Patrice in her emotional drama, "Driven From Home," has started the week under auspicious circumstances at the Avenue Theater. Election returns will be read from the stage to-night.

There will be a special election day matinee of "The Awakening of Mr. Pipp" at the Masonic Theater this afternoon. Election returns will be read between the acts this evening.

Joseph Murphy, the popular Irish actor, will be seen at the Masonic Theater next week in "Kerry Gow" and "Shaun Rhue," two Irish plays in which this veteran comedian has been starring for more than twenty-five years. Both plays savor of the melodramatic, but Mr. Murphy injects much comedy into his characters.

Seats are now on sale for the engagement of the "Smart Set" at the Avenue Theater next week. This colored aggregation has had many additions since last season.

Warm Welcome To Rejane.

New York, Nov. 7.—An audience which filled nearly every seat at the Lyric Theater to-night extended a warm welcome to Madame Gabrielle Rejane upon her return to America after an absence of ten years.

The famous French actress was at her best and "Amoureuse," the two-act drama, and the one-act comedy, "Lolotte," which closed the programme, were well received. Both plays were given in French. In "Amoureuse" Rejane found opportunity to display her art. Her ability in a lighter role was shown in "Lolotte," a laughable sketch, in which a young woman has much enjoyment to the discomfiture of two young men who are in love with her. A strong company gave a perfect balance to the productions.

Successful Innovation.

Pittsburg, Nov. 7.—The innovation in the theatrical business of Pittsburg made by Manager Harry Davis to-night with his musical travesty stock company at the Avenue Theater is said by the critics to be a success. The company's work is on the lines of the Weber & Zeigfeld in New York and the initial performance presented "Whirl-i-Gig" and "Way Up East."

Miss Anglin At New Haven.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—Miss Margaret Anglin delighted a large audience at the Hyperion Theater tonight in "The Eternal Feminine," scoring an unequivocal success.

Evidence of Incendiarism.

Fire believed by the police to have resulted from incendiarism destroyed two frame sheds at 204 and 206 Twenty-ninth street at 11 o'clock yesterday morning and threatened adjoining property. When the firemen reached the scene both buildings were burning, but neither of them had gained sufficient headway to have ignited the other. Further evidence tending to prove incendiarism was the strong odor of coal oil about the vicinity. It is the general belief that the fire was started by mischievous boys. The case is being investigated by the police. The property loss is estimated at $300.

To Bring Chas. Craig Back.

A copy of the indictment against Charles Craig, charged by the detectives with robbing the safe of Henry A. J. Puls, at 528 Fifth street, last Wednesday night, was mailed yesterday to the police department at St. Louis, where Craig is under arrest. Requisition papers were secured yesterday and a detective left last night for St. Louis to return the prisoner to Louisville. A telegram received from the St. Louis police, in answer to a question wired by the Detective Department here, said that no money was found on the person of Craig. Nearly $500 was stolen from Puls' safe.

ENDS PLAN

Of Leading Negroes For Colonial Settlement.

ALLEGATION IN PETITION

TO FORECLOSE FILED AGAINST P. H. M'DONALD & SON.

OLD CEMETERY MOVEMENT.

By the filing of a suit Saturday last against P. H. McDonald & Son, real estate dealers, to foreclose a mortgage secured by a vendor's lien on property in the extreme western section of the city, now known as Lincoln Court, consternation was spread among a number of negroes who have paid various amounts for lots in the property in question, and it is now feared by them that they will not only lose what they have paid on the property, but that a long fostered movement to establish settlement on the property will be thwarted.

The suit was filed by attorneys for John L. Heck, one of the heirs and part owner of the estate, which was the old John H. Heck homestead, and is for the purpose of forcing McDonald & Son to pay to the heirs the purchase price, or a balance of $11,500 on the purchase price.

* * *

Allegations In Petitions.

Several years ago, according to documents in the case, P. H. McDonald purchased the tract of land, making a payment of $2,500, and giving his promissory notes for the remainder of the purchase price. After the purchase of the property by McDonald a movement was inaugurated by the negroes to establish a colored cemetery on a portion of the property, and payments were made on some of the property for that purpose. A protest against the cemetery movement was filed by the white people in the vicinity, and when the case was taken into the courts a decision adverse to the establishment of a cemetery was the result. When it was found that it could not be used for that purpose several of the leading negroes of the city, among them the ministers of the leading colored churches, advanced the idea of a colonial settlement, where a large hall could be erected and maintained for the use of the colored people, and where they could build their homes in the future. As a result of this new movement a number of negroes, it is alleged, negotiated with McDonald & Son for lots in the addition, some of them paying amounts ranging from $100 to $500 on the purchase price, still making the payments. Some of them already hold deeds, with certain conditions, to be released when the full amount of the purchase price is paid.

* * *

Import of Suit.

The suit pending against McDonald & Son threatens, if its purpose is successful, to sweep away from the grasp of the colored people all they have paid on the property and to annihilate their hope of ultimate success in the establishment of the colonial court or settlement. The petition of the suit to foreclose the mortgage alleges that three promissory notes given by McDonald are yet unpaid, while there are other incumbrances upon the property. An apportionment warrant for $2,411, resulting from the asphalting of lower Broadway, is held by the street contractor against the property, while there are unpaid taxes additional.

The petition states that the proceeds of a forced sale would probably fall short of the indebtedness, and if this is the case the colored people interested are wondering where they are protected. There is still a hope, however, that the entanglement will be unraveled amicably and without loss to the colored contingent. A conference between interested persons yesterday afternoon started a movement which, though still indefinite, may cause the withdrawal of the suit by Mr. Heck. Several colored men, among them the Rev. C. H. Parrish, pastor of the Fifth-street colored Baptist church; the Rev. John H. Frank, the Rev. Louis G. Jordan and several others who own an interest in the property, held a conference with Mr. Heck, the plaintiff in the suit, and P. H. McDonald, the real estate dealer, through whom their deals were consummated, and, it is said, a proposition was made by the colored men to make a certain payment direct to Mr. Heck toward the purchase of their property. Though Mr. Heck has not yet accepted the proposition, he has it under consideration, and those interested are hopeful. Mr. McDonald says he holds a contract with Mr. Heck which will fully protect the negroes, but he is confident Mr. Heck will accept their proposition and give them further opportunity to save their interests in the property.

* * *

No Fraudulent Proceedings.

The Rev. C. H. Parrish said last night that he does not believe there has been any fraudulent proceedings.

A meeting of all the negroes interested in the affair will be held in a few days, and in the event that their proposition, as made yesterday, is not accepted, and the suit is forced to a trial, Col. Bennett H. Young will be retained by the colored contingent to look after their interests. All the negroes who have negotiated purchases of the property in question are defendants in the suit now pending. They are the Rev. C. H. Parrish, the Rev. John H. Frank, the Rev. Louis G. Jordan, the Rev. John H. Purdue, Morgan Baughman, J. L. Brown, Nannie H. Burroughs, Sallie Curd, Lucy Flint, Mary Shackleford and others. All these have deeds to their lots in Lincoln Court, having paid more than half the purchase price. A number of others who have made only small payments do not hold deeds but hold certain bonds showing their interest.

The property in question lies between Broadway and Chestnut and Thirty-seventh and Thirty-ninth streets. The suit was filed by Thum & Clark.

LOREE MAY GO TO MEXICO.

(Austin, Tex., Telegram to the New York Herald.)

Advices from Mexico state that it is reported there that L. F. Loree, who recently retired from the presidency of the Rock Island as a result of official friction, is to become the active manager and head of the merger railroad system of Mexico.

This system includes the National Railroad of Mexico, the Interoceanic Railway of Mexico, the Mexican International Railroad and the Vera Cruz and Pacific Railroad. The fiscal representatives of the Mexican Government in its ownership of the roads are Speyer & Co., and it is said in the letter received here to-day that there is little doubt that the firm will see that he is well taken care of.

Another incentive which leads Mr. Loree to consider the Mexican proposition favorably is that he may be again in a position to vindicate himself of the charge that has been made that he does not know how to successfully operate Western railroads. The Mexican lines are strictly Western, so far as methods of operation are concerned. At present only the National Railroad of Mexico, the Interoceanic and the International are included in the merger system, but it is purposed to take in the Vera Cruz and the National Tehuantepec about the first of the coming year if satisfactory arrangements can be made with the lessees of the last-named road.

LAST NIGHT

Of Present School Board Develops Squabble.

CONTRACTOR ASKS PRIVILEGE

OF SUBSTITUTING TIN ON SYLVIA SCHOOL ROOF.

COMMITTEE REPORT BEATEN.

The attendance at the public schools of Louisville for the first two months of the present session has broken all records and an increase of nearly 800 pupils was shown by the monthly report made by Supt. E. H. Mark at last night's meeting of the School Board. Prof. Mark accounted for the large attendance by saying that usually the first unpleasant weather drives away many of the children in the primary classes, but that thus far this fall there has been neither rainy nor extremely cold weather. The report showed that the average daily attendance at the white schools has been 19,327, an increase of 598, and in the colored schools the attendance has been 4,491, an increase of 195.

The meeting, which was the last that will be held by the board as at present constituted, was enlivened by a fight over the report of the building committee, which recommended the granting of permission to the contractor putting on the roof of the Sylvia avenue school to use a tin other than that required by the specifications. It was explained by Mr. Hoertz and Mr. Stehlin that tin to be substituted was of the same grade as that called for in the specifications, but that an unsuccessful bidder was the sole agent for the tin required by the specifications. Chapman Young opposed the adoption of the report until the architect could be asked for an opinion as to the relative merits of the two makes of tin. It was stated by Mr. Hoertz that the architect had told him that it made no difference which tin was used.

* * *

Report Defeated.

A. H. Brachey, who had refrained from taking part in the discussion, finally said he heard that the architect had said that he would not allow the tin, which it was proposed to substitute, to go on the roof. Mr. Young said he believed it was not right to ask the board to favor a contractor in that manner and that having put in his bid he should fulfill the specifications. After a discussion that waxed warm for a few moments, the vote was taken and the report was lost by a vote of seven to six, Messrs. Brachey, Atkinson, Buechel, Carpenter, R. E. Galvin, Hewitt and Young voting no, and Messrs. J. W. Galvin, Hoertz, Lentz, Norton, Stehlin and Thompson voting aye. John C. Day was the only absent member.

The report of the committee on finance showed that there was a balance of $116,508.87 on hand on November 1. The committee on salaries and supplies recommended a salary of $900 a year for Miss Stella Godshaw, who was named at the last meeting as the assistant supervisor of music. The Building Committee reported in favor of appropriating $2,070 for a ninety-foot lot on Wilson street, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets, on which it is intended to build a new school. The report was adopted. A report in favor of naming the new school at Seventh and Shipp streets the James Norton school was adopted.

The rules were suspended in order to appoint a teacher on half pay for the Upper Fulton street school, it being shown that the classes are entirely too much for the two teachers now employed. Prof. Mark explained that the classes in the colored kindergartens are so large that the teachers can accomplish nothing, there being no longer a normal kindergarten teachers' class to draw from. Accordingly the rules were suspended, and the appointment of an assistant teacher in each colored kindergarten on half pay was ordered. The resignation of Miss Lillian M. Bonfort, a teacher in the Germantown school, was accepted. Miss Bonfort has become a clerk in the United States Pension Agency. Mr. Young reported a resolution to pay the Alumnal Club of Domestic Science $500 for equipment turned over to the Domestic Science Department at the Girls' High School. It was referred to the committee on finance. The board then adjourned.

FOR WOMEN

Much That Every Woman Desires to Know

About Sanative Antiseptic Cleansing

And about the Care of the Skin, Scalp, Hair and Hands

Too much stress cannot be placed on the great value of Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Resolvent in the antiseptic cleansing of the mucous surfaces, and of the blood and circulating fluids, thus affording pure, sweet and economical local and constitutional treatment for weakening ulcerations, inflammations, itchings, irritations, relaxations, displacements, pains and irregularities peculiar to females. Hence the Cuticura remedies have a wonderful influence in restoring health, strength and beauty to weary women, who have been prematurely aged and invalided by these distressing ailments, as well as such sympathetic afflictions as anæmia, chlorosis, hysteria and nervousness.

Women from the very first have fully appreciated the purity and sweetness, the power to afford immediate relief, the certainty of speedy and permanent cure, the absolute safety and great economy which have made the Cuticura remedies the standard humour remedies of the civilized world.

Millions of women use Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and soothing red, rough and sore hands, for annoying irritations and ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c per vial of 60), Ointment, 50c., Soap, 25c. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Proprietors.
Send for "A Book for Women."

LUXURY

And the Price of Living In Modern Hotels

WHERE MONEY GOES EASY.

WHAT IT COSTS TO LIVE LIKE KINGS AND QUEENS.

CHEAPEST CITY IS BERLIN.

Sheer expense, without undue reference to the value obtained, is now become one of the "advantages" of the modern hotel, and the opening of the magnificent St. Regis, in New York, with its suites of rooms at £20,000 a year, is the latest, though not, of course, the last, word in the luxury of dearness, says the London Express.

So great an asset is this same quality of expensiveness, that grave doubts have arisen as to whether Mr. John Jacob Astor, in building this gorgeous hotel, has not committed a serious mistake in making its bathroom fittings of mere solid silver. How much higher could the hotel bills not have been, and therefore how much more sybaritic joy could they not have given to the millionaire patrons of the place, had the management shown sufficient foresight to make the bath fittings in solid gold.

A look round the hotels of the world shows that neither the St. Regis nor New York is alone in its possession of the luxury of costliness.

Paris, the beloved "capital of the world;" Vienna, joyous haunt of the cosmopolitan; the Riviera, Elysian play ground of the rich—all have their expensive hotels. Berlin, with its Unter den Linden, its iron heel, and its Kaiser, stands out, curiously enough, as a city of cheap hotels.

One saving point I would have steadily in mind in mentioning the names of some of the most expensive hotels in Europe. This is the delightful feature that so many of them, side by side with their high-priced suites and their costly tariffs, have good accommodation for ordinary mortals at extremely reasonable figures.

* * *

At the Savoy.

Little need be said of London, where there is good hotel accommodation at all prices. The Savoy has a suite at £25 a day, and hundreds of rooms and suites at moderate prices, and there is, of course, the famous royal suite at Claridge's.

In Paris we think first of the Ritz, the Parisian companion to our London Carlton, the "descending place" of the English millionaire "en grand seigneur;" and then of the staid and stately Bristol, close by it, in the Place Vendome, the habitat so many times of "le Prince de Galles."

The natural run thence is up the superb Champs Elysees to the Elysee Palace Hotel, a sumptuous monument of Parisian art and beauty based on British capital. One of the latest hotels, where money may be spent luxuriously in considerable quantities is the Mercedes, where the comfortable phrase "up-to-date" seems to be written over everything.

Viscount Georges d'Avenel, in a recent article in the "Revue des Deux Mondes," illustrates the amount of business done by Paris hotels of the first class by citing the Elysee Palace Hotel, which in the course of last year served 118,000 meals and let out 77,000 rooms to 15,000 persons.

In the best hotels the restaurant is the largest source of profit. Thus, in the hotel takings of the Ritz, amounting to £100,000 a year, the proceeds of the restaurant represented £60,000. The writer gives a biography of Ritz, whom he calls "the type of hotel-keepers." The son of a Swiss farmer, he started life at fifteen in a humble capacity at a small hotel off the Place de la Republique, in Paris; was afterwards taken on at Voisin's; then went as waiter in a French restaurant to the Vienna exhibition of 1873; became manager of the Grand Hotel restaurant at Nice; then manager of a hotel at San Remo; afterwards moving successively to the Splendide, in Paris; the Roches Noires, at Trouville, and the Hotel National, at Lucerne. After starting new hotels at Baden, Cannes and Monte Carlo, he realized his ideal in London. Then came more new undertakings in Rome and Paris and again in London.

* * *

Twelve Pounds Per Day.

Suite No. 115 at the Elysee Palace Hotel is one of the most expensive in Paris. It looks out upon the Avenue des Champs Elysees, and consists of two sitting-rooms, one dining-room and two bedrooms, with bathroom. Price per day £12. This suite is on the first floor, and has been occupied by the Shah of Persia, the Bey of Tunis, Mr. W. K. Vanderbilt, the Maharajah of Kapurtala and other rich ones of the earth.

The splendid hotels of the Riviera are in many instances beyond the means of any one but the really rich, and the tariff at the so-called "smart" hotels of Monte Carlo is set to suit kings and millionaires. In the height of the season at Monte Carlo, when the place is crammed for the racing and pigeon shooting, it is no uncommon thing to hear of a single visitor paying £10 a day for a small bedroom on an upper floor.

At Monte Carlo, however, it is the food and extras that cost, as a rule, far more than the rooms. For instance, no self-respecting visitor is supposed to care to pay less than four shillings for a bath, which means for the cleanly guest eight shillings a day, for after motoring, racing and shooting a tub is quite as necessary in the evening as it is in the morning.

A simple lunch taken by a friend of mine at a fashionable Monte Carlo hotel in January was charged as follows (bill for one person):

	Frs
Cover	2.5
Hors d'oeuvres (smoked salmon)	10.0
Fillet steak	7.5
Asparagus	30.0
Butter	1.50
Cigarettes	10.0
Half-bottle Beaune	5.0
	Frs. 66.50

* * *

Dear Cigarettes.

My friend is rich, and had been at Monte Carlo before, but when the bill was brought to him he raised his eyebrows, and asked the head waiter if there was not a little mistake about the cigarettes, as he had only taken two.

"Oh, no," said the man, "we opened a fresh box for monsieur, and he might have taken as many as he wanted."

He told me afterward that he did not mind paying ten francs for a square half inch of smoked salmon nor thirty francs for ten branches of asparagus out of season, but he was ruffled at having to pay ten francs for two cigarettes. He now goes in for a "mixed grill" at the Cafe de Paris, and buys his cigarettes at a tobacconist's.

The most expensive hotel in Vienna is the Bristol Hotel, situated in the Ring strasse. It is chiefly patronized by English and American visitors.

The finest suite of rooms in the hotel which were recently occupied by Mr. Gordon Bennett, cost £10 10s a day. It consists of two bedrooms, dining room and drawing-room.

The Duke of Marlborough, the Duke of Wellington and Mr. Armour, of Chicago, also occupy this suite when in Vienna. Other suites may be had as low as £3 10s. a day.

For the Johannisberger vintage, 1893, £8 a bottle is charged, and a small bottle of the finest Imperial Tokay costs £3 3s.

A rich American named Letue recently gave a dinner to eighteen persons at the Bristol Hotel, for which £3 3s. a head was charged, exclusive of wine. However, a single room may be had a low as 6s., and the ordinary table d'hote costs only 6s. Five pounds is a tip commonly given by a family when leaving.

* * *

Cheap Berlin.

The one city in the world where there are no expensive hotels appears to be Berlin. All the hotels in the German capital are cheap both in respect to accommodation and board. The most expensive rooms at the leading hotels, the Bristol, the Kaiserhof and the Palast, cost from 20s. to 25s. per day, and there are only a few rooms at these rates. Most of the rooms at these leading hotels range from 5s. to 10s. in price. At the Kaiserhof full board can be obtained for 8s. per day.

The biggest hotel in Germany—the Central—offers rooms from 3s. upward, with an average of about 7s. per day. A full dinner, to the accompaniment of a celebrated Hungarian band, can be obtained at the Central for 3s. 6d., and nowhere is the price of a dinner higher than 5s. Berlin is unrivaled as a city of cheap hotels.

Where and when shall we find the end of this growing current of costly luxury? Who can say? Amid all this regal costliness we may discern—at some remote period, mayhap—a tendency to return to that comfortable state of human interest and simple kindliness which poor Shenstone had in mind when he told posterity how he sighed to think that he had found his "warmest welcome at an inn."

MANY GIRLS ABOARD

ANOTHER SCANDAL ABOUT THE BALTIC FLEET.

Actresses and Chorus Beauties From Moscow and St. Petersburg Guests of Officers.

A rather remarkable explanation of the unexpected leaving of the Baltic fleet from Vigo is made here, says the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Chicago Inter-Ocean. It is probably untrue, but the fact that the main facts on which it is based are ture causes it to be accepted by a great many.

During the time of the preparations of the Baltic fleet a great many actresses and chorus girls from the Moscow and St. Petersburg theaters were constantly with the officers of the fleet. When the fleet finally sailed it was found that a goodly portion of these women were missing. It has been learned that they are aboard the fleet, and it is said that the difficulty of keeping them out of sight between decks at Vigo made it necessary to get away where they could be transferred to one of the supply ships or colliers. It is said that they might be more easily put ashore from a supply ship without being seen.

* * *

Women On All Ships.

It is hard for the people of any other nation to believe that women would be allowed on a warship in time of war; but it is only too true that they are aboard almost every vessel in the Russian navy.

Reports are coming in great numbers of destitution in the districts where the conscripting of soldiers has been heaviest. With reports of famine and starvation coming this early, before winter has set in, it is easy to imagine what the condition of peasant Russia will be when the bitter cold of the winter really comes. It is a picture almost too horrible to think of.

While the accusation is not openly made that Admiral Rojestvensky was drunk when he fired upon the fishing boats in the North sea, as letters come back from those aboard the fleet it becomes more and more certain that if he was not drunk he was about the only man aboard who could plead to being sober.

NIGHT SHIRTS LIFE SAVERS.

[The American Inventor.]

Passengers on ocean liners may soon be able to sleep in life-preservers, according to the plans of E. Salvator, a New York inventor. To sleep with a cork jacket on is out of the question, so the inventor decided to make a preserver that would become effective only by it coming in contact with the water. It works on the principle of a water generated gas, which fills a belt and gives it buoyancy. Uninflated, the belt is a light thing, which would hardly be felt if worn by a sleeper, but when filled with gas it is blown up to the size of an ordinary cork jacket. The belt is made of rubber and is about eight inches wide and can be blown up by means of a small cylinder. In this cylinder is placed a composition of acids which when acted upon by water instantly inflates the belt. The belt has been tested in the ocean and it has been found that the water acts upon the acids and inflates the rubber in less than three seconds. The ingredients in this composition Mr. Salvator keeps secret.

ITCHING ECZEMA

In July, 1883, I began to break out with Eczema on my head, legs and arms, and began treatment with local doctors, but did not get much relief. They said the disease had become chronic. I then quit them and tried various ointments and soaps for another two years, but as soon as cold weather came I was as bad off as ever, so I finally decided to let medicine alone, and for twelve or thirteen years did nothing towards curing the Eczema, except bathing. This seemed to do about as much good as anything I had tried.

During the time I lost about one-half of my hair. I began S. S. S. doubtful of a cure, because the disease had run so long, but soon discovered your medicine was doing me good, and continued to take it. I used seven bottles, when I was completely cured, not having a single spot on my body, which before was almost completely covered. F. C. NORFOLK.
1017 Hackberry St., Ottumwa, Ia.

The head, feet and hands are usually the parts affected, though the disease appears on other parts of the body. While external applications allay the itching and burning temporarily, it is the acids thrown off by the blood that cause the irritation and eruptions upon the skin. The acids must be neutralized and the system cleansed of all humors and poisons before the cure is permanent. S. S. S. is guaranteed entirely free of Potash, Arsenic and other minerals. Book on the skin and its diseases sent free. Medical advice furnished free.

SSS

The Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

TO RETIRE.

Sherlock Holmes To Go To Country and Settle.

AUTHOR HAS TIRED OF HIM.

WHERE HE GOT THE IDEA OF THE CREATION.

LAST ADVENTURE IN PRINT.

The world will learn with very great regret that December next will mark the final retirement from public life of the eminent detective, Sherlock Holmes, says the London Mail.

Despite his iron constitution and nerves of steel, Mr. Holmes is at last feeling the strain of his great achievements. He will take a little place in the country, and with his magnificent record behind him will settle down to enjoy the remainder of his days in the simple pleasures of the idyllic country life.

The bald announcement of his retirement is chronicled in "The Bookman" as follows:

We hear that Sir Arthur Conan Doyle has written for the Christmas number of the "Strand Magazine" the last adventure of the famous Sherlock Holmes which he will ever chronicle. It is said to be "The Last Adventure of the Second Stain."

Yesterday a representative of the "Daily Mail" journeyed to the lovely Hindhead home of Sir Arthur Conan Doyle to ascertain, if possible, the reasons and circumstances of the famous detective's retirement.

* * *

Simple Country Life.

"A man must retire some time," he said, "he can't go on forever. Yes, his retirement is now absolute and final. So far as I know there is not the slightest intention of his ever again entering on the work of the detection of crime. His last adventure will be a strenuous one, and will, I think, be on a level with some of his higher achievements. After it, he retires for good.

"For a long time he has nursed the idea of a country life with its simple delights. He will take a little place and will go in for bee-keeping."

"Is there not a probability that a period of rest and country solitude may result in a reaction and throw him once more into the consideration of complex and dangerous problems?"

"From what I know," replied Sir Arthur, emphatically, "Sherlock Holmes' retirement will be final. He will not again emerge."

It was pointed out to Sir Arthur that some years ago, after the memorable occasion of his encounter with Moriarty on the mountain-side, the detective was lost to view for a considerable time; was, indeed, believed to be dead.

"Yes," said the author thoughtfully, "and I, for one, firmly believed that he was dead. It was merely by accident that I didn't chronicle the finding of his body. This time, however, his exit will be final.

* * *

May Write a Book.

"No, he won't marry. You will remember he has always wanted time to write a work on the scientific side of his experiences. It is possible that in his retirement he will put his mind on that."

Speaking of incidents in the life of Sherlock Holmes, Sir Arthur recalled Mr. Gillette's preparation for the presentation of the famous detective on the stage. "Mr. Gillette," he said, "wired to me from America asking if he might marry Sherlock Holmes in the play. I replied at once, 'Marry him, kill him, or do what you like with him!'

"Yes," added Sir Arthur, "I am rather tired of Sherlock Holmes. I expect the public is too. My first idea of him sprang from Dr. Bell, of Edinburgh University, whom I knew when I was a medical student there. He had the clear-cut mind of Sherlock Holmes. He would tell the trade of a patient by little signs about him and would often state what a person was suffering from before a word passed. Thinking of a detective story I decided that reasoning rather than coincidence should form its basis. Then my experience of Dr. Bell suggested Sherlock Holmes to me.

"'A Study in Scarlet' was the first book I published. It made no particular stir. Sherlock Holmes caught on when I began to write the short stories which appeared month by month. I had taken rooms in Wimpole street with the idea of becoming a consultant on eye troubles. I used to wait there three or four hours every day for the patients who didn't turn up. I utilized my time in writing the first of the Sherlock Holmes short stories."

From that casual beginning sprang the prominent public life of the renowned detective, who makes his farewell bow at Christmas.

COST OF SUPPRESSING STRIKERS IN COLORADO.

[Denver Telegram to the Pueblo Chieftan.]

To-day Gen. Bell issued an itemized statement showing the entire cost of the military campaign against the striking miners. The General maintains that the money was spent in Colorado and that it thereby helped to increase the general business conditions in the State. The following is the statement in part:

"There has been distributed to the citizens of this State, members of the national guard, for their participation in bringing about law and order the sum of $295,606.26 by the Paymaster General of the National Guard of Colorado, covering all the necessary disbursements of the Paymaster General up to the present time.

"The following is a segregation of the total amount, with reference to the different riot districts:

Cripple Creek district, riot	$189,464.14
Telluride district, riot	68,379.83
Trinidad district, riot	37,762.29
Total	$295,605.26

MISTAKE OF THE COUNTRY-BRED BOY.

[Kansas City Journal.]

Young men from the country stand a better chance of success in a city than do the young women, but they exchange a life of health and freedom among the fields for a hard and exacting employment in the city. Once inoculated with the virus of metropolitan experience, they are driven on by habit and necessity until finally, as the years accumulate, the majority sink to the level of mediocrity, and finally into dull apathy. It is then that the country-bred boy wishes with all his heart that he had returned long ago to the farm of his youth and taken up again the yoke which then seemed heavy, but which he now knows was light.

WHERE EXCHANGE IS ROBBERY.

[Yonkers Statesman.]

"You say you got rid of that counterfeit quarter I gave you, Sam?"

"I certainly did, boss."

"But don't you know it was wrong to pass it?"

"I didn't 'zactly pass it, boss; you see, I was passin' 'round de plate in church las' Sunday, an' I jist exchanged it!"

The Old Reliable

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

There is no substitute

MISS JOHNSON'S DEBUT.

The Daughter of the Mayor of of Cleveland Appears On the Professional Stage

WITH ANNIE RUSSELL IN "BROTHER JAQUES."

Miss Bessie Johnson, of Cleveland, O., the daughter of Mr. Tom L. Johnson, Mayor of the city, made her professional debut on the stage last week in "Brother Jaques," a Frohman production in which Annie Russell is the star. Miss Johnson plays the part of Flossie Adams, and according to the Cleveland papers made a decided hit by her work. She was, of course, given an ovation by Cleveland society, and the Plain Dealer has the following account of her reception:

Cordial and unstinted in its warmth was the reception given Miss Bessie Johnson in her debut as a professional actress at the Operahouse last evening.

This reception began even before the Johnsons entered the theater. On the sidewalk without there was a large crowd of onlookers awaiting the arrival of the young actress. She was preceded by her mother and some friends. Mrs. Johnson was recognized at once and given a pleasant greeting.

A few minutes later Miss Johnson, accompanied by her father, arrived. Alighting from the carriage Miss Johnson took her father's arm and together they entered the lobby. The reception accorded them as they entered was remarkable in its warmth.

Miss Johnson immediately went to her dressing-room and not until she appeared as a member of the company before the footlights did the audience again get an opportunity to accord her the welcome which was right royally given.

Society was more largely represented than on any previous occasion at the Operahouse this season. Gov. Herrick and his party were in attendance. Ethel Barrymore was present, and the first performance was also witnessed by Charles Frohman, who has been here to superintend the final rehearsals.

The theater was jammed from pit to gallery. Long before the curtain went up standing room in all parts of the house was at a premium and many people were turned away.

The flowers were exquisite and the profusion in which they were ordered was unprecedented. Miss Johnson has been receiving flowers since her arrival in the city Sunday morning. The home of the Johnsons on Euclid avenue was filled with them Sunday, and all day yesterday expressmen and messengers were busy carrying bundles to the mansion.

The flowers came from many friends. There were some floral pieces form Kentucky, others from New York, Indianapolis and other cities where the Johnsons are well known. In fact, the flowers came almost by the carload.

At the Operahouse last night there was a remarkable display. The fresher pieces were shown in the lobby during the early acts. Just before the last act the flowers received at the theater were taken to Miss Johnson's dressing-room on the stage.

Because of her own request, none were presented to her over the footlights.

"Would you like to receive a few pieces before the audience?" Manager Frohman had asked her early in the day.

"I don't believe I do," was the reply.

"I am glad of it," said the well known manager. "I have a rule against it."

"Mr. Frohman," then said Miss Johnson, "I don't want you to deviate an iota from your rules," and so no flowers were offered over the footlights.

Miss Johnson is almost as well known in Louisville as she is in Cleveland.

Her family spent the winter here at the Galt House several years ago, when Miss Johnson made her debut in society. She was introduced at a beautiful ball at the Galt House, given by her parents and Mr. and Mrs. Powhatan Wooldridge for her and her cousin, Miss Annie May Wooldridge.

Miss Johnson enjoyed a charming social career in Louisville, and among others was entertained by Mrs. John Hughes.

REDUCED RATES

GRANTED FOR CONFEDERATE REUNION AT PEWEE VALLEY.

Gov. Beckham, Col. Young and Others To Be At Dedication of New Building.

Reduced rates for the reunion of the Kentucky Confederate veterans have been granted by Joseph Richardson, chairman of the Southeastern Passenger Association. Mr. Richardson had made a rate of one cent a mile each way, plus twenty-five cents to Pewee Valley, where the reunion will be held next Friday. It is expected that a large crowd will attend, as not only many of the veterans, but the Daughters of the Confederacy and the Sons of Confederate Veterans will also attend in great numbers.

The reunion will be one of the most interesting ever held by the United Confederate Veterans of Kentucky. The new buildings recently built with the money appropriated by the Legislature have been completed and will be dedicated. Gov. J. C. W. Beckham will be present and will make one of the principal addresses and Col. Bennett H. Young will preside. Many other distinguished men will go to Pewee Valley to take part in the ceremonies.

The preparations for the entertainment of the visitors has been elaborate and a great quantity of burgoo will be prepared to be served to all the visitors. The veterans at the home are taking great interest in the coming reunion and are doing everything possible to make the gathering a success.

Three Blazes In Dwellings.

The two-story brick residence of Mrs. Mary O'Mara, at 1133 Zane street, was slightly damaged by fire at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The fire resulted from a defective flue. The damage is estimated at $50. The two-story frame residence of H. D. Kinkead, 2300 Boland avenue, and the one-story cottage of H. S. Adams, 2304 Boland avenue, were both badly damaged by fire at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The fire started in the Kinkead residence and communicated to the cottage. It originated in the rear part of the Kinkead house and had gained a dangerous headway when the alarm was sounded. The damage to Mr. Kinkead's home is estimated at $200 and $150 to the Adams cottage. The origin of the blaze is unknown.

Taken In Charge By Matron.

Dora Powell, a fifteen-year-old girl was taken from 617 Tenth street at 10:45 o'clock last night by Patrolmen McPeek and Gallagher and turned over to the matron at the county jail to await the decision of her sister, Mrs. James Devine, of 1826 Seventh street who is contemplating placing the girl in a convent. James Devine, the girl's brother-in-law, reported her disappearance to the police and asked that she be arrested and held until further orders.

CONFIDENT

Of To-day's Results In Fifth District.

DEMOCRATS HAVE NO DOUBT.

MAYOR ISSUES USUAL ORDERS TO SALOONS.

CHANGES IN VOTING PLACES.

The local Democratic Campaign Committee held its final meeting yesterday at the Equitable building. Reports from every ward in the city and every precinct in the county were received and after carefully going over the reports the members of the committee expressed the utmost confidence in the result of to-day and predict Swagar Sherley's re-election to Congress by a majority of 4,000 votes.

F. Joseph Herrmann, the chairman, presided at the meeting yesterday, and among those in attendance were Louis Summers, Charles F. Grainger, John W. Vreeland, Harry M. Brennan, James P. Edwards, H. H. McNutt and others. Encouraging reports were received from all sides, and the members of the committee said that all that was necesssary to win by a handsome majority was to get the voters to the polls.

Orders Saloons Closed.

An election day proclamation was issued yesterday by Charles F. Grainger, the Mayor, calling attention to the special election day laws. All saloons were ordered closed at midnight and will remain closed until 12 o'clock to-night. The police are directed to see that this and other laws are strictly enforced, and that no side doors to saloons are open. All members of the police and fire departments, unless ill or otherwise excused, will be on duty all day.

Voting Places Changed.

Several changes in voting places were announced yesterday by E. T. Schmitt, the Sheriff. In the majority of cases the new polling places will be in the immediate neighborhood of the former voting places. Following are the changes:

First Ward—Ninth precinct, moved across the street from 1400 Payne street.

Third Ward—Thirty-sixth precinct, moved from 601 Caldwell street to 1631 Hancock street.

Third Ward — Forty-second precinct, moved from 1014 Forrest to 1114 Burnett.

Third Ward—Forty-third precinct, moved from Frankfort and Frank to Frankfort and Park.

Fifth Ward—Twenty-first precinct, moved from 127 East Jacob to Brook and Jacob.

Sixth Ward—Twenty-ninth precinct, to be located at 129 West Green.

Seventh Ward — Thirty-ninth precinct, moved from 433 West Walnut to 426 West Walnut.

Seventh Ward — Forty-first precinct, moved from 306 West Breckinridge to 1012 Third.

Eighth Ward — Third precinct, moved from Sixth and Walnut to 711 Seventh.

Eleventh Ward—Forty-fourth precinct, moved from Fifteenth and Gallagher to 1820 Fifteenth.

Eleventh Ward—Fifth Precinct, moved from 1741 West Walnut to 725 Eighteenth.

Twelfth Ward — Eighteenth precinct, moved from 214 Twenty-eighth to 2807 Portland.

Twelfth Ward—Thirty-sixth precinct, moved from 2421 Dumesnil to 2124 Twenty-sixth.

BOLD ROBBERY

OF MRS. T. M. LANE ON FOURTH AVENUE.

Negro Snatches Purse From Her Containing Diamond Ring and Watch.

Darting from an alley which enters Fourth avenue between Chestnut street and Broadway at 8 o'clock last night, an unknown negro snatched a purse from Mrs. T. M. Lane, who lives at 1041 Fourth avenue. The purse secured contained a diamond ring valued at $200 and a lady's watch upon which "C. M. L." was engraved, according to the report made to Patrolman Moran, who is investigating the case.

Mrs. Lane was walking out Fourth avenue, and as she was passing the mouth of the alley heard a noise behind her. Pausing in her walk, she was terrified to see a negro. Grasping her by the shoulders, he pushed her against the fence and jerked the pocketbook from her hand, turning as he did so and dashing down the alley. Mrs. Lane was too frightened to utter a cry for several moments, but later a large crowd collected on the scene. A number of men gave chase, but without success. The negro was described by Mrs. Lane as being about eighteen years of age and slovenly dressed. His complexion was yellow.

Mrs. Lane is well known in Louisville. She was formerly Miss Bessie Gallagher, and is a sister of Miss M. Sherley Gallagher, chief clerk in the local pension office.

JESSE JAMES' HOUSE ENTERED BY BURGLARS.

Not daunted in the least by the name which at one time struck terror into the hearts of all who heard it, a masked robber attempted to enter the home of Jesse James at 621 East Washington street at 1 o'clock yesterday morning, and was only frightened away by the shrieks of Miss Ella James, who discovered him attempting to make the entrance. The robber appeared at a side window, and throwing the rays of a dark lantern on the sash, attempted to force the fastenings. Miss James was awakened from her sleep and discovered the presence of the burglar. Her screams aroused the neighborhood, but the man disappeared before he could be captured. The attempted robbery was reported to the police of the First district last night and Lieut. James Kinnarney is making an investigation. According to the description received of the man it is thought he is the same who entered the home of Allen Sale at 2100 Twenty-first street Saturday night but departed without finding the money for which he was searching.



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NATIONAL TOILET CO., Paris, Tenn.

Sold in Louisville by T. P. TAYLOR & CO., and all leading druggists. ROBINSON-PETTET CO., wholesale distributers.

DEATHS.

KLUSMEIER—Of heart trouble, Sunday morning at 3 o'clock, Fred Klusmeier, aged 41 years.

Funeral Tuesday at 2 o'clock from residence, Second and Magnolia.

KOHLUND — Fell asleep on Monday morning, November 7, 1904, at 6:30 o'clock, Mrs. Mary Kohlund, widow of the late Ludwig Kohlund, aged 83 years.

Funeral from her late residence, 443 East Gray street, Wednesday afternoon, November 9, 1904, at 2 o'clock.

Burial private. No flowers.

MORGAN—Mrs. Mollie E. Morgan, late of New York City, at the home of her sister, Mrs. Belle Allen, New Albany, Ind., Sunday, November 6.

New York papers please copy.

OLDHAM—Fell asleep Sunday, November 6, 1904, Catherine A. Oldham.

Funeral Tuesday, November 8, from Beargrass Christian church, at 10 a. m. Burial in family graveyard.

SCHOENING—Fell asleep at 5:40 p. m. Sunday evening, November 6, Mrs. Elenora Schoening (nee Wolff), wife of Henry Schoening, Sr., aged 73 years 4 months.

Funeral from her residence, 1177 Sixth street, Tuesday afternoon, November 8, at 2 o'clock. Burial in Cave Hill cemetery.

MEETINGS.

DeMolay Commandery, No. 12, K. T., will meet in asylum, Sixth street, near Walnut, in stated conclave this (Tuesday) evening, November 8, 1904, at 7:30 o'clock. Members of Louisville Commandery, No. 1, K. T., and sojourning Sir Knights are invited to be present. By order of
J. M. BORNTRAEGER, Commander.
PHIL T. ALLIN, Recorder.

UNDERTAKERS.

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NEAR WALNUT.

SAVINGS BANK

TO ENTER LOUISVILLE'S FINANCIAL WORLD.

Brent Altsheler Back of Venture—Has Assumed Tangible Form.

Another is to be added to Louisville's list of banking institutions with the opening for business, about January 1, of a new savings bank. Full plans concerning the project have not been formulated, but its capital stock will be not less that $100,000 and among its largest stockholders will be numbered the officers and directors of other Louisville banks and trust companies.

The subscription books have been in the charge of Brent Altsheler, and will be kept open but a few days longer. The new bank will be distinctly a savings institution, and in this field, which is practically a new one, its backers are confident of success. Commercial accounts will not be expected, but counting among its stockholders factory foremen, mechanics and skilled laborers, as well as men of wealth, it will seek savings accounts alone.

A location has not yet been determined upon, but the quarters selected will, in all probabiltiy, be in the retail district, Market street preferably. After the subscription books have been closed, a meeting of stockholders will be called for the election of officers and directors. Mr. Altsheler will have the management of the institution, and it is expected that one of Louisville's wealthiest men will be elected president.

SCORES OF THE BIG FOOTBALL TEAMS TO DATE.

PENNSYLVANIA.

State College, Philadelphia, Sept. 24.	6—0
Swarthmore, Philadelphia, Sept. 28..	6—4
Virginia, Philadelphia, Oct. 1	24—0
Franklin and Marshall, Philadelphia, Oct. 5	34—0
Lehigh, Philadelphia, Oct. 8	24—0
Gettysburg, Philadelphia, Oct. 12	21—0
Brown, Philadelphia, Oct. 15	6—0
Columbia, Philadelphia, Oct. 22	16—0
Harvard, Cambridge, Oct. 29	11—0
Lafayette, Philadelphia, Nov. 5	22—0
Totals	170—4

WEST POINT.

Tufts, West Point, Oct. 1	12—0
Dickinson, West Point, Oct. 8	18—0
Harvard, West Point, Oct. 15	0—4
Yale, West Point, Oct. 22	11—6
Williams, West Point, Oct. 29	16—0
Princeton, West Point, Nov. 5	6—9
Totals	63—19

YALE.

Wesleyan, New Haven, Sept. 28	28—0
Trinity, New Haven, Oct. 1	42—0
Holy Cross, New Haven, Oct. 5	23—0
Pennsylvania State, New Haven, Oct. 8	24—0
Springfield, T. S., New Haven, Oct. 10	6—0
Syracuse, New Haven, Oct. 15	17—9
West Point, West Point, Oct. 22	6—11
Columbia, New York, Oct. 29	34—0
Brown, New Haven, Nov. 5	22—0
Totals	202—20

ANNAPOLIS.

Virginia M. I., Annapolis, Oct. 8	12—0
Princeton, Annapolis, Oct. 10	10—9
Dickinson, Annapolis, Oct. 22	0—0
Swarthmore, Annapolis, Oct. 29	0—9
Pennsylvania State, Annapolis, Nov. 5	20—9
Totals	42—27

HARVARD.

Williams, Cambridge, Oct. 1	24—0
Bowdoin, Cambridge, Oct. 5	17—0
Maine, Cambridge, Oct. 8	23—0
Bates, Cambridge, Oct. 12	11—0
West Point, West Point, Oct. 15	4—0
Carlisle, Cambridge, Oct. 22	12—0
Pennsylvania, Cambridge, Oct. 29	0—11
Dartmouth, Cambridge, Nov. 5	0—0
Totals	91—11

CARLISLE INDIANS.

Lebanon Valley, Carlisle, Sept. 17..	28—0
Gettysburg, Carlisle, Oct. 1	41—0
Susquehanna, Carlisle, Oct. 5	53—0
Bucknell, Williamsport, Oct. 8	10—4
Albright, Carlisle, Oct. 15	100—0
Harvard, Cambridge, Oct. 29	0—12
Virginia, Norfolk, Oct. 29	14—6
Ursinus, Carlisle, Nov. 5	28—0
Totals	274—22

PRINCETON.

Dickinson, Princeton, Sept. 28	12—0
Georgetown, Princeton, Oct. 1	10—0
Wesleyan, Oct. 5	33—0
W. and J., Princeton, Oct. 8	16—0
Lafayette, Princeton, Oct. 12	5—0
Annapolis, Annapolis, Oct. 15	9—10
Lehigh, Princeton, Oct. 22	60—0
Cornell, Ithaca, Oct. 29	18—6
West Point, West Point, Nov. 5	12—6
Totals	181—28

MICHIGAN.

Case, Ann Arbor, Mich., Sept. 17	33—0
Ohio Northern, Ann Arbor, Sept. 24..	48—0
Kalamazoo, Kalamazoo, Mich., Oct. 1	93—0
P. and S., Ann Arbor, Oct. 8	72—0
Ohio State, Columbus, O., Oct. 15..	31—0
West Virginia, Ann Arbor, Oct. 22..	130—0
Wisconsin, Madison, Wis., Oct. 29..	28—0
Drake, Ann Arbor, Nov. 5	36—4
Totals	471—10

GAY BOY IS AN EASY WINNER

Heavily Played Second Choice Takes the Woodmere Selling Stakes.

CROWN PRINCE RUNS SECOND.

The Southerner and Floratia the Only Two Favorites To Win At Aqueduct.

HILDEBRAND IS IN FORM.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Gay Boy, the heavily-played second choice, easily won the Woodmere Selling Stakes, seven furlongs, at Aqueduct to-day. Crown Prince, the favorite, made the running to well in the stretch, where Gay Boy passed him and won by two lengths. Damon was third. Two favorites won. Summaries:

First Race—Six furlongs:
Fleur de Marie, 102 (Hildebrand), 6 to 1...1
Cairngorm, 112 (Shaw), 9 to 10...2
Merry Lark, 110 (Martin), 6 to 1...3
Time, 1:14 2-5. Fly Back, Austin Allen, King Cole, Novena, Calmness and Amber Jack also ran.

Second Race—Selling; mile and five-sixteenths:
The Southerner, 98 (Travers), 11 to 10...1
Gilsten, 98 (Hildebrand), 6 to 1...2
Cloverland, 111 (Redfern), 3 to 1...3
Time, 2:15. Aurumaster, Keynote, Sir Shep, Bouvier, Brooklynite and Craig Darroch also ran.

Third Race—The Woodmere Stakes; selling; seven furlongs:
Gay Boy, 118 (Burns), 11 to 5...1
Crown Prince, 103 (Travers), 9 to 5...2
Damon, 110 (Martin), 9 to 1...3
Time, 1:27. Lord Badge, Palette, Scotch Plume, Charles Elwood and New York also ran.

Fourth Race—Six and one-half furlongs:
Ocean Tide, 112 (Shaw), 15 to 1...1
Thistle Heather, 102 (Travers), 7 to 1...2
Santa Catalina, 109 (Hildebrand), 7 to 2...3
Time, 1:20 1-5. Time, 1:20 1-5. Mamie Worth, Little Em, Mimosa and Graceful also ran.

Fifth Race—Selling; one mile:
Thespian, 93 (Schilling), 5 to 1...1
Prince Ching, 106 (Collins), 12 to 1...2
Reliance, 97 (W. Hennessy), 30 to 1...3
Time, 1:41 3-5. Daisy Green, Knobhampton, Lord Advocate, Brunswick, Morokanta, The Captain, Arsenal, Funnyside, Juvenal Maxim, Signal Ring and Unqua also ran.

Sixth Race—Five furlongs:
Floralia, 109 (Hildebrand), 6 to 5...1
Pirate Polly, 109 (Shaw), 13 to 5...2
Lucy Young, 102 (F. Hewitt), 7 to 1...3
Time, 1:00. Mirthless, Madam Satan, Myopia, Janie McCabe, Charadella, Lysistrata and High Life also ran.

AQUEDUCT ENTRIES.

First Race—Six furlongs: Astarita, 118; Young Henry, 110; Foxy Kane, Monte Carlo and Osgood, 109; The Huguenot, Right and True, 108; Bonner, Blue and Orange, Memphis, 106; For Luck, Old England, Dukedom, 105; Oriskany, Silver Days, Lord of the Valley, Et Tu Brute, 104; Rob Roy, 103; King Pepper, 101; Merry Moments, 96.

Second Race—One mile: Highwind, Silver Foot, Louis H., Schoolmaster, 110; Billy Roche, Revane, Arietta, Ben Crockett, Nuit Blanche, Tobosa, Belle Metal, Staker, 107.

Third Race—The Creedmore; for two-year-olds; six furlongs: Austin Allen, Cairngorn, 112; Blucher, Oxford, Amber Jack, 107; Pirate Polly, 104; Allumeur, 100; Inspiration, 97.

Fourth Race—Election Day Handicap; for all ages; one mile and a furlong: Dolly Spanker, 123; Eugenia Burch, 112; Israelite, 111; Grenade, 108; Sonoma Belle, 100; St. Valentine, 95; Ostrich, 90.

Fifth Race—One mile: Red Knight, 111; Neptunus, 110; Jake, 108; Namtor, 107; White Ghost, 105; Akela, 104; Falmouth, Fairbury, 103; Stuyve, King Pepper, Flammula, Coppelia, 100; Atwood, 98.

Sixth Race—Six and one-half furlongs: Red Ruler, Ben Lothian, Uncas, Jericho, Priority, Master of Craft, Light Note, Only One, 108; Miller's Daughter, Roderick Dhu and Courier, 105.

ONE FAVORITE AT LATONIA.

Schwarzwald, At a Good Price, Takes Steeplechase, the Feature Event.

Cincinnati, Nov. 7.—Royal Legend was the only favorite to win at Latonia today, the other five events going to well-played outsiders.

The feature of an ordinary Monday card was the steeplechase, which was won by Schwarzwald in easy fashion. Weather clear; track fast. Summaries:

First Race—Six furlongs:
J. Ed Grillo, 107 (D. Boland), 5 to 1...1
Maggie Leeber, 100 (Romanelli), 15 to 1..2
Athelone, 100 (Paul), 10 to 1...3
Time, 1:13¾. Dusky, Sir Andrew, Mal Lowery, Determination, Henry Lyons, Union Labor, My Jane, Outfield, Ida Davis, Termagant and Gold Spink also ran.

Second Race—Mile:
Coruscate, 105 (A. W. Booker), 16 to 5..1
Variora, 94 (Seamster), 13 to 2...2
Just So, 96 (Nicol), 3 to 5...3
Time, 1:40. Apple, Miss Doyle and Sir Gallant also ran.

Third Race—Five furlongs:
Royal Legend, 110 (Lewis), 7 to 5...1
The Pet, 104 (Treubel), 13 to 5...2
Suzanne Rocamora, 96 (De Souza), 5 to 1. 3
Time, 1:01¼. Annie Chapman, Miss Deuce, Gwen, Dixelle, Malvina, Rondolet, Helen Himes, Sweet Maid and Misere also ran.

Fourth Race—Steeplechase; Clubhouse course:
Schwarzwald, 154 (Pemberton), 4 to 1..1
Allegiance, 125 (Weinman), 25 to 1...2
Sam Parmer, 148 (W. Johnson), 4 to 1...3
Time, 3:32. Trenet the Mere, Two X., Samurai, Laura K. and Beana also ran.

Fifth Race—Five and one-half furlongs:
The Englishman, 103 (Treubel), 12 to 1..1
Python, 103 (W. Dugan), 3 to 1...2
Harpoon, 108 (E. Morrison), 13 to 5...3
Time, 1:08. The Dramin, Yorkshire, Perry Wickes, Sterling Prince, Drexel, Fox Hunting, Col. Jim Douglas, Dr. Brady, J. B. Smith and Barker Harrison also ran.

Sixth Race—One and one-sixteenth miles:
Annie Williams, 100 (Nicol), 7 to 2...1
King of the Valley, 107 (Minder), even..2
Hopeful Miss, 95 (Lewis), 5 to 1...3
Time, 1:48. Kilmorie, Reckoner, Drummond, Frivol, Prince of Pilsen, Goo Goo, Alfred C. and Eva Claire also ran.

LATONIA ENTRIES.

First Race—Three-quarters of a mile; selling: Sanctissima, Ethel Davis, Floristia, Bob Franklin, 106; First Chip, 109; Jigger, 110; Presentation, Girdle, Best Man, Lulu Marr, 111; Glendon, Sid Bow, 114; Benmora, Bluegrass Girl, 115.

Second Race—One mile; selling: Telephone Bell, 74; Milton Young, 77; Big Beach, 82; Gus Heidorn, Bell the Cat, 93; Steel Trap, 79; Tattenham, 99; Western Duke, 100; Outwal, 101; D. L. Moore, Iverna, 104; Easy Trade, 106.

Third Race—Five and one-half furlongs: Voltaie, Ethel Day, 97; Scotch Irish, Sir Water, 100; John Carroll, Logistilla, Erla Lee, 103; Green Gown, Heidelberg, 106; Sincerity Belle, Fireball, My Eleanor, 109; Ram's Horn, 115.

Fourth Race—One and one-eighth miles; handicap: Alma Dufour, 90; Early Boy, 93; Fonsoluca, 104; Cheboygan, 106; Copperfield, 113.

Fifth Race—One and one-half miles: Lyrist, Annora J., 85; Chandida, Tuxedo, 99; Hucena, 91; Pathos, 94; Lacy Crawford, Beaucaire, 99; Niaxus, 101; Bard of Avon, Prof. Neville, 102; Barney Burke, 105.

Sixth Race—Three-quarters of a mile; purse: Evtheness, Bill Knight, Cognomen, 97; Ed Tierney, 100; Maj. T. J. Carson, Mabel Winn, The Crisis, 103; Precious Stone, Follies Bergeres, 104; Adam, 110.

The Results At Pimlico.

Baltimore, Nov. 7.—To-day's racing at Pimlico resulted as follows:

First Race—Six furlongs: Yo San, 5 to 2, won; Miss Shylock, 10 to 1, second; May Worth, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:14½.

Second Race—Steeplechase for hunters; about two miles: Pagan Bey, 6 to 1, won; Ogress, 8 to 1, second; Diver, 4 to 1, third. Time, 4:36½.

Third Race—Five furlongs: Lily Brook, 6 to 1, won; Clique, 6 to 1, second; Fondness, 3 to 2, third. Time, 1:03.

Fourth Race—Selling; one and one-eighth miles: Balkel, 5 to 2, won; Bar le Duc, 5 to 1, second; Minotaur, 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:54⅘.

Fifth Race—Five and one-half furlongs: Melrose, 5 to 2, won; Preen, 3 to 1, second; Woolmola, 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:09.

Sixth Race—One and one-sixteenth miles: Cheripe, 6 to 1, won; Detention, 10 to 1, second; Ikki, 6 to 5, third. Time, 1:50.

PIMLICO ENTRIES.

First Race—Six furlongs: Midnight Chimes, The Musketeer, Rightful, 112; St. Sever, Nevermore, Breaker, Cinquevalli, 109; Rudabek, Prairie Flower, Von Rosen, 99.

Second Race—Five and one-half furlongs: Delphi, J. H. O'Brien, Queen Rose, The Veiled Lady, Winchester, 104; Pancreat, 109; D'Artagnan, 99; Cashier, 95; Tara, 94; Hazel Baker, 93.

Third Race—Selling; mile and a sixteenth: Ninespot, 109; Lady Welsbach, Hilarity, 107; Flara Hoodwink, Arganata, Dapple Gold, Punctual, 103; Viona, 99; Silver Foam, 98; Monochord, Dr. Loder, 95; Redlight, Woodshade, 92; Establish, 90.

Fourth Race—Belvedere Handicap; mile and a furlong: Walter Cleary, Ecphone, 157; Charlie Moore, 154; Connover, 153; Broadway, 151; Manellian, Gould, Perion, John A. Warner, Mystic Shriner, 148; Spencer Reiff, 145; Woden, Billy Ray, 145; King Carter, 140.

Fifth Race—The Amateur Cup; high-weight; selling; gentlemen riders; mile: Jimmy Lane, Rawhide, Conover, 136; King B., Justice, Seatucket, 134; Gilmore, McWilliams, Paul Clifford, Cabinboy, Arrah Gowan, Flara, 131; Queen Del, 125.

Sixth Race—Five furlongs: Lord Aintree, Knight of Weston, Recreo, Yoeman, Chiberick, Raceaway, Sir Ralph, 107; Bravery, Blue Print, Halmira, 104.

Colonial Girl Turned Out.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—Trainer C. E. Rowe, who arrived here Sunday with Colonial Girl, winner of the $50,000 World's Fair Handicap and other races, to-day turned the noted mare out for the winter at the Walnut Hill stud of T. H. Stevens. He also brought along First Mason, half-brother to McChesney; Mabel Richardson and Henry Burt, all of which he has turned out at the same place for the winter. Trainer Rowe says all of his horses are in good shape, and he expects to win many good races with the daughter of Imp. Meddler—Imp. Springtide next season. Trainer Rowe wintered his horses at the Walnut Hill stud last winter and was so well pleased with the early spring condition of Colonial Girl and the others of his string that he decided to spend another winter in the Bluegrass, which he thinks is the best place in the country for horses during the off season.

H. C. Riddle, former trainer of the extensive racing stable of M. H. Tichenor & Co., the Chicago turfmen, arrived here to-day to inspect the thoroughbred yearlings now in the market in this section. He will remain here several days in an effort to get together a formidable stable of promising youngsters for next season.

Vanderbilt Wins a Stake.

Paris, Nov. 7.—W. K. Vanderbilt's Polyearn won the Prix Percenigne at the Saint Cloud races to-day.

NICHOLS IS SATISFIED.

Will Stay With St. Louis Cardinals and Not Buy the Kansas City Club.

"I have not authorized the use of my name in negotiations for the Kansas City Club with the view of managing it next year. Of course, if the present owner desires to sell out at a reasonable price I suppose Johnny Kling and I will be among the many who will be on the market. I shall make no offer for the club. That is the whole proposition."

Thus did Charley Nichols explain away the ragtime rumors that have been floating about in Kansas City to the effect that he and Johnny Kling were "firm in their resolution" to buy the Blooz. Thus expires the "Ning-Klichols purchase" fake.

Nichols returned yesterday morning from St. Louis, where he had been managing the Cardinals during the past season. He left last night with his wife for St. Joseph to visit their daughter, who is attending school in that city, but will be back early next week and will remain here during the winter. "Nick" showed the effect of his season's campaign as pitcher-manager of the Cardinals in his ruddy complexion and alert bearing, and his appearance was proof that the veteran pitcher is yet a long way from a "breakdown." His work with the Cardinals this past season demonstrated that much.

"Kansas City is my home," said Nichols, "and I expect some day to settle here permanently. I cannot pitch forever. But there is no immediate prospect of my coming here and I have gone ahead with my plans for next year's St. Louis team without taking the trouble to deny the silly stories that have been printed about me. I am perfectly satisfied with my position at St. Louis, and the Robinsons and I are on the very friendliest of terms, notwithstanding the reports to the contrary."—[Kansas City Journal.

KING KELLY, THE INCOMPARABLE.

Ten years ago Thursday Michael J. Kelly died in Boston, Mass. A decade has not produced the equal of "King Kelly." Great base runners, great catchers, great batters, great "inside" players, tricky players, emergency players, great coaches have come, but in no one man has there been combined the qualities of greatness on the ball field that belonged to the king pin of the diamond—the incomparable Mike Kelly. No man has earned the great national popularity among sport lovers that Kelly attained. There are several times as many baseball enthusiasts to-day as there were in Kelly's time, and local baseball idols exist in many cities. Boston has Collins and Cy Young; New York has Mathewson, McGinnity and Chesbro; Chicago has Jones and Kling; Cleveland has the greatest of present players in mere playing ability, Lajoie, but none of these players approaches Kelly in the degree of popularity attained on ball fields outside of his own city. Kelly was everywhere a drawing card, a "mark" for the fans. The serious devotees of the game cheered him; the sarcastic brigades in the bleachers joshed him, merely to hear his witty replies, and everybody liked to see him play ball. Collins, Young and others have made warm friends, who admire these men for their quiet earnestness and devotion to the success of the team, and for their skill, but they lack the vivacity and daring possessed by "Kel." They have no witty sallies in stock with which to reply to the bleacherites. Jones and Chesbro and Kling have proved resourceful during the thick of a game when a quick idea has turned the tide of victory, but none of them is more so than was Kelly, who originated many of the fine points in the professional game that are now a part of the regular play. Kelly, too, was a good fellow off the diamond, and popular with the players, managers and magnates. He was generous and a spendthrift. He had a great weakness, that was more or less accountable for his early death, his overconvivial habits, but even in this respect he served baseball a good turn, for his example in this particular became a warning to other brilliant ball players, and drinking among professionals of the diamond has declined to a minimum.

Evansville Boxer Wins.

Evansville, Ind., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—Kid Lemmell, of this city, knocked out Kid Page, of Boston, in the second round at the People's Theater to-night. The mill was to have been for ten rounds.

BROWN STRING FINISHES SEASON

Wealthy Pittsburger To Send Nearly All His Horses to Kentucky.

FEW SENT TO NEW ORLEANS.

Audience Has Been Turned Out and the Mare Will Not Race Again.

AGILE IS VERY PROMISING.

CAPT. SAM BROWN'S Eastern stable has finished the season. The cherry jacket and blue cap, for which gallant little Broomstick won undying fame when he took the Brighton Handicap, one mile and a quarter, in 2:02 4-5—the fastest time on record in this or any other country—will not be seen on an American track again until next year, says the New York Telegraph.

Robert Tucker, the man who has handled Broomstick so well, was not at Aqueduct yesterday. He was at Sheepshead Bay preparing the stable for shipment to Lexington, where it will winter. The old Lexington track is now Capt. Brown's track. The big public-spirited Pittsburger has spent thousands of dollars rehabilitating and equipping it to the end that racing at the Bluegrass metropolis may be restored to its old-time importance.

Capt. Brown has a soft place in his heart for Kentucky.

Part of the equipment of the rehabilitated Lexington course is a big "Brown" stable. The excellence of stable accommodation is a feature of the place. Capt. Brown paid particular attention to the arrangement of the stable to the end that horsemen might adopt his track as a wintering place.

Broomstick will be housed like the royal prince he is. Agile will have a big, fine racing stall.

* * *

Capt. Brown thought at one time that he might race at Latonia after winding up here. He changed his mind only recently. The horses of his barn are fit for better things than late autumnal racing at a minor Western track. It is dangerous business, because of sudden and radical weather changes, and the pecuniary reward is not sufficiently attractive. Mr. Tucker gave up his plan of continuing to race through the Aqueduct meeting because he decided that it would be wise to have his horses safely housed before cold weather sets in.

Capt. Brown will not, unless he alters his plans, do as much early spring racing on the Southwestern circuit next year as he has in the past. Agile, Broadcloth and Glenecho, the most promising of his coming three-year-olds, will not try for the early Derbies as Conjurer did last spring. Capt. Brown is well known at Memphis, Nashville and Louisville, and likes his colors represented at these places. But since he intends to put his best foot forward in these parts, he wants to save his swiftest horses the wear and tear of early spring preparation.

* * *

Agile is the colt the Pittsburger banks on to represent him most creditably in three-year-old races next season. The big son of Sir Dixon and Alpena has many engagements already, and more will be made for him. Agile has plenty of speed, and can hold his end up in almost any company when he has plenty of track room. But, being a big strider, he is easily knocked out of short races, which attract large numbers of horses. Tucker has all along maintained that Agile was a virile horse, and the colt's recent efforts in the Southold and Aqueduct Handicaps bear him out. Tucker does not believe that Broadcloth and Glenecho will make first-class three-year-olds, but he thinks that they will pay their way.

* * *

Broomstick will be Capt. Brown's handicap reliance next year. But neither Capt. Brown nor his trainer is sanguine that the Ben Brush colt will make a clean sweep of the big mile and a quarter handicaps of 1905. Because of Broomstick's exploits this season they figure that the handicapper will take pretty good care of him. Unless Broomstick does a lot of growing he will not be able to handle very heavy burdens successfully in first-class company.

* * *

Capt. Brown will not train Audience next season. He thought last spring that he had a great three-year-old mare in Audience, but the races she ran on the Southwestern circuit in April and May and the hard work she got for them threw her out of gear. It was decided at Saratoga the day the utterly noaccount Aceful beat Audience that she was no longer a valuable racing proposition. Capt. Brown sent her home. She has been eating grass at Senorita Farm these three months, and she will be bred next year to one of the Senorita stallions. Capt. Brown has a bunch of good ones. The best, he thinks, are The Friar, Bowling Brook, Garry Herrmann and Hyphen. Many of the two-year-olds which will carry the "cherry and blue" are of the Pennsylvanian's own breeding.

Whether Conjurer, the colt who holds the record for three-quarters of a mile over the Futurity course at Sheepshead Bay, will train next year, Tucker is not prepared to say. The Sir Dixon colt was never himself in these parts, and he was placed in the hands of Dr. Sheppard before the Saratoga meeting. Tucker hopes that he may come back. If Conjurer does train successfully, says Tucker, he may not have speed enough to take care of himself in first-class handicap company at distances ranging from one mile and a quarter down, but he ought to make a fair route horse.

* * *

The horses that are to go to New Orleans are animals of the class of Auditor and Thirty-Three. Auditor will be the head of the Crescent City string, which Billy Porter will manage. Porter and Tucker were successful in getting Auditor back from U. Z. De Arman after all. They did not keep Et tu Brute, the horse they took from De Arman in retaliation for his act in bidding up Auditor, because they found that the Brutus gelding was touched in the wind. Tucker was never much of a hand to waste time with windbroken horses and cripples.

FOR SELLING LIQUOR TO AN INDIAN.

Washington, Nov. 7.—The Supreme Court of the United States to-day dismissed for want of jurisdiction the case of Amado vs. the United States. The case was a criminal prosecution for smuggling liquors into Porto Rico, in which Amado was found guilty and sentenced to prison.

YALE PICKED TO WIN THE BIG GAMES.

Eastern Critic Thinks Eli's Sons Will Defeat Both Harvard and Princeton.

THE present season will mark an interesting epoch in football history, for seldom has there been so many surprises experienced during the few brief weeks of playing on the gridiron.

It is a long time since the minor teams have been able to throw a scare into the major teams, but they have not only succeeded this year in forcing the big elevens to put forth their strongest aggregations, but have really succeeded in scoring on them and beating them in several instances. On the performances of the games thus far played the experts believe Yale will triumph over Harvard and Princeton, says an Eastern critic.

When the season opened and the minor teams showed that they possessed great strength it was taken for granted that the big elevens were not quite into their stride, and when they settled down after their preliminary games there would be no trouble in holding a clean score. Up to a week ago Harvard was the only eleven of the big three that could boast of a clean score, but their awful bump, received at the hands of Pennsylvania, showed that they could not only be scored against, but outplayed and defeated.

The defeat took considerable conceit out of the Harvard players, and there was more renewed activity at Cambridge throughout the week in an effort to do a few important things before the Princeton and Yale games, which will decide the championship.

Schoenfus, the big shot putter, joined the Harvard team during the week and was placed at left guard on the 'varsity. He showed up surprisingly well. Matthews, the colored baseball player and end on the team two years ago, also joined the team and showed up well at tackling.

The Columbia eleven hopes to do better work when they meet Cornell than they have done in their recent games when defeat was inevitable, owing to the poor team. The many injured players, which practically crippled the team, are rapidly getting themselves into condition, and as they will have another week's time to come around in shape, many of the old players will be back in their former positions.

Coach Morley is giving the players plenty of work. The stinging defeats with which the team has met have by no means discouraged the players, and Morley believes that with the men in good physical condition they will give a good account of themselves with Cornell.

The Pennsylvania team has been carrying flying colors ever since it laid the proud Harvard team down to defeat. The victory has inspired the players with a confidence that will be hard to overcome. During the week the Pennsylvania players were given some secret practice. The signals were changed and the formations altered.

The Yale coaches were working overtime during the week trying to get the team in shape for the remaining games of the season. Some of the regulars have gone stale as a result of their strenuous efforts, and it is likely that there will be several changes during the coming week unless the present line up can show better results. The practice work has not been altogether satisfactory to the coaches. The guards have not been playing up to the standard of the rest of the team.

MACE WILL DEFEND OLD BELT.

Veteran of Prize-Ring Ready To Engage In Contest For Limited Number of Rounds.

JEM MACE, the veteran pugilist, who, at seventy-four years of age, recently stated in London that he was prepared to make a limited round contest with any middleweight in England for the championship belt, now in his possession, and for which Sayers and Heenan once fought.

There have been a number of these belts on exhibition in England, and it was to prove the real authenticity of that held by Mace that considerable interest has been awakened on the other side at his recent statement that his was the original. In proving his statement Mace also added a number of reminiscences which are interesting to American readers.

Mace has recently returned from South Africa, where he has been giving boxing lessons. He is said to be quite as active and as handy with the gloves as he was many years ago when he gave American boxers their first idea of "foot work" in the "squared circle," for Mace was the first to introduce the "side-step," "head-slip" and similar defensive tactics on this side. His remarkable physical condition at seventy-four years of age makes him the marvel of the prize ring.

The belt contested for by Sayers and Heenan at Farnborough is of silver, with plates representing a ring and stakes, with fighters in position. After Sayers retired the belt was fought for by Hurst and Paddock. Hurst won and was defeated by Mace, who lost the belt to King on a fluke. Mace challenged and secured the trophy by default. The belt bears the date 1857, the year that Sayers beat Bill Perry, the "Tipton Slasher."

Mace sparred with Sayers at several shows. As the former says: "Sayers could not touch me with the gloves, and, though better with the knuckles, he would have just suited me, as he was a man to come at you, and such I could always lick." Mace challenged both Sayers and Heenan, but no matches were made.

Heenan was a second for Mace when Jem fought Tom Allen, and the first two named traveled together four months in giving sparring exhibitions in America. "Heenan was a big drinker," said Mace. "I remember that when I beat Allen, Heenan drank a full bottle of whisky at one sitting."

Of his recollection of John Morrissey Mace said: "He was a rough diamond, this man—a fine, hearty, generous fellow. He was lucky to beat Heenan and could not have done it again."

LEAGUES MAY CLASH OVER RULES.

American To Oppose the Present Legislation On Foul Strikes.

WHEN meetings of the National and American Leagues are held early next month, radical changes in the baseball rules are to be discussed and advanced by each, and there is likely to be no end of an argument before a compromise is effected. For on several points the ideas of the two organizations are widely at variance, and at the present time each seems to be preparing to defend its own position.

The antagonism of President Johnson, of the American League to the foul strike rule, which has been voiced at different times in the last six months, was brought out again last week, when several American League magnates expressed their disapproval of it. Nearly all of the National League magnates, on the other hand, have declared their belief that the rule is a good one, and it is not probable that they will consent to have it destroyed.

The question of handicapping the pitchers who have mastered the "spit ball" and thus become much more effective is another problem that will come up for solution. President Hart, of the Chicago National League Club, has declared himself in favor of allowing a base on three balls, while other magnates have declared that the batsman should be given four strikes. The effect of either arrangement would be about the same other magnates have declared, who have not committed themselves in favor of either plan.

President Johnson's contention lately has been that the foul strike rule is responsible for the low scores and falling off in batting averages, and that the abrogation of this would bring the results that are sought by the changes of the rules pertaining to balls and strikes. Opponents of this idea have pointed to the immense success of the national game this season as a proof that the patrons like low-score games and the foul strike rule, and say that they are unalterably opposed to any effort to tinker with it.

FAILS ON TWENTY-FOURTH EFFORT TO ENTER HOSPITAL.

Roy Baum Says Louisville's Institution Is Nice, But Too Exclusive.

Boasting that he had been confined in twenty-three different hospitals in the United States, and that he would make the Louisville City Hospital the twenty-fourth, Roy Baum threw himself on the floor of the public office in the hospital at noon yesterday and refused to leave unless he was admitted as a patient. This seemed to be Baum's last resort after he had applied for admission through the regular channels and had been turned down twice by the examining physicians.

Baum arrived in Louisville a few weeks ago. Ever since that time he has been affecting illness in an effort to be cared for and fed in the City Hospital. On three occasions physicians have examined him and found his health perfect, and when this act was repeated yesterday morning he sat down in the middle of the floor and refused to leave. With this Patrolman Driscoll was called and Baum was placed under arrest. On his way to the jail he said:

"Louisville has a most aristocratic hospital. Now here I've been traveling around the country for these ten years, and Louisville has the only hospital that won't let me in. It is a nice-looking place—nicer than any other I have ever seen, and I have slept in at least twenty-five similar institutions."

Baum is known by the hospital officers as a "hospital bum," which particular species of the genus "hobo" invests hospitals all over the country, pretending to be sick, and living from the delicacies provided for invalids. We have been troubled with his kind before," said Superintendent Vogt yesterday afternoon, "but he is about the most persistent I have ever experienced."

MANUFACTURED BOGUS HUNGARIAN MONEY.

Three Alleged Counterfeiters Arrested By Secret Service Men In Cleveland.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 7.—Secret service officials have arrested three counterfeiters in this city who, it is said, have made and circulated large sums of bogus Hungarian money during the last year. The officers raided the headquarters of the counterfeiters and arrested John Kerkowitz, Michael Owerze and John Hirvat.

They were charged with having in their possession counterfeit money of a foreign government. A complete counterfeiting outfit, together with a quantity of bogus money, was found. It is claimed by the secret service officials that many Hungarians returning from this country to their native land exchanged their United States currency, through the prisoners, for what they supposed to be Hungarian money, only to find that it was counterfeit on reaching Hungary.

The Hungarian Government finally called the attention of the American Government to the matter.

World's Fair Flower Show.

St. Louis, Nov. 7.—The formal opening to-day of the World's Fair flower show was marked with exercises in the conservatory adjoining the Palace of Horticulture, where the show will continue throughout the week.

Just a Few of 'Em Left!

If you are interested in a Heating Stove for the winter, you can't afford to ignore our great offer to close out our stock of

Peninsular Heaters at Wholesale Cost.

We have only a few left, and we're going to quit this line of business. Better come at once.

Jones & Miller Co. 316 West Market Street.

TEBEAU ARRIVES FULL OF GOSSIP

Says He Is After Two Big Leaguers For Next Year.

DOES NOT LOOK FOR TROUBLE

Thinks Major and Minor Leagues Will Adjust Any Troubles That May Arise.

ASSOCIATION MADE MONEY.

GEORGE TEBEAU, the Louisville baseball magnate, who was recently made chairman of the Board of Arbitration of the National Association of Minor Leagues, arrived in the city yesterday morning and left at 8 o'clock last night for Chicago.

Mr. Tebeau came here yesterday to clean up the business which had accumulated since the championship season ended and to take care of his correspondence, which had assumed considerable proportions. From Chicago the Louisville magnate will proceed to Kansas City, where on November 12 the Haskell Indians and the University of Nebraska football teams will engage at his park in one of the biggest gridiron contests in that section of the country. After attending to his Kansas City interests Mr. Tebeau will proceed to Denver to check up on the baseball season recently closed by the Western League. He owns the Denver Club, and as he has not been in the Colorado city since July, affairs there demand his attention. He expects to return to Louisville shortly after Thanksgiving and to make this city his home for some time to come.

* * *

Tebeau Very Busy.

"I am simply up to my neck in baseball," said Mr. Tebeau last night before he left, "and there are so many things that demand my immediate attention that I can only spare one day in Louisville. I will say, however, that we will have a much stronger club here next year than we have ever had. I have had very fine reports about Murphy, the youngster whom I signed recently, and Ed Dunkle, our old favorite pitcher, tells me that he expects to pitch the best ball of his career, because he learned a great deal in the American League during the season just closed. I have wires out for at least two big league players, and I expect to land both of them before many days. A publication of the facts at this time might spoil the trades that I am after. Rest assured that I will spare neither expense or time to give Louisville a pennant winner next year, and that I am firmly convinced at present that I will land the men I am after.

* * *

Association's Good Season.

"The annual meeting of the American Association will be held at the Grand Pacific Hotel, Chicago, on December 28, and by that time I should be in a position to give out a line on next season's Louisville team. The association, by the way, had the best season of its existence this year, every club in the organization making good money with the exception of Toledo, and this club did not lose enough to hurt any. At our meeting in New York last week it developed that all the clubs were in a healthy financial condition, and that the prospects for next year were very bright. At the coming meeting in Chicago we will elect officers for the ensuing year, and will frame our plans for the coming season. I do not know of any changes that will be made in the executive department of this organization.

* * *

No War Expected.

"Yes, I have heard a good deal about rumors of war between the minors and the big leagues, but I want to say that I am for peace, and that I do not believe that there will be any rupture. There is no reason why there should be any war. The committees of both organizations met in Cincinnati in January, and if there should be any friction it will undoubtedly be straightened out at this meeting. We of the minor leagues want only what is fair and just, and I am satisfied that we will get this. I know Chairman Herrmann very well, and I know that he does his best to be fair and honest at all times. I do not know very much about the 'Skel' Roach case, because I have been too busy to look it up. I will soon get to it, however, and I am satisfied that everything will turn out all right. As a matter of fact, Chairman Herrmann, of the national board, told me some time ago that he had no way of breaking away from the national agreement. Nobody connected with baseball at present is foolish enough to want to go to war. There is nothing in it, and all club owners realize it."

* * *

Tebeau's New Position.

Louisville fans are rather proud that a local man for the first time in the history of the game in this city has been placed on the Board of Arbitration. Not only that Mr. Tebeau was made chairman of this board, which places him at the head of organized baseball in this country over all the leagues except the National and American. It was a position that was much sought after by a dozen different men, and the fact that the Louisville magnate was selected as the head of the body proves that he was either a very successful politician or was especially fitted for the place. He will be a very busy man from now on.

CHIEF TELLS OF A SERIES OF MURDERS.

British Columbia Indians Kill People To Get Money For Festivities.

Vancouver, B. C., Nov. 7.—Three murders have been disclosed among the Indians of British Columbia as the result of the arrest of Chief Sivihid, of the Northern Indians, who was made responsible by the authorities for keeping the facts of these crimes from the whites.

The chief was told that he was to be sentenced to a long imprisonment. To get off he told how two of the Indians of his tribe, who desired to give a potlash, killed an Indian girl and robbed her of $200 that they might use the booty for their festivities.

He also told of the killing of a white man and another Indian by the same Indians for the same purpose.

FOOTBALL YEAR NEARS CLIMAX

Crucial Games of Gridiron Scheduled For Next Saturday.

EXPERIMENTING SEASON OVER

Princeton Meets Yale, While Michigan and Chicago Will Engage In Battle.

MAY DECIDE CHAMPIONSHIP.

THE star feature of the week in the football world will be the game between Yale and Princeton Saturday, with the Chicago-Michigan game second, the Columbia-Cornell game third, and the Pennsylvania-Carlisle game little behind in possibilities.

In ordinary football years it might be safe to hazard a prediction on each of these games, but this year horse racing and politics pale into insignificance in the matter of uncertainty with the great college sport.

Not a Saturday has passed but had its surprises which have upset all calculations. On the face of the play up to this time the Yale-Princeton game should be about as even as could well be arranged.

While the rival teams have not played the same opponents, they have played teams of about equal strength, and have fared about the same. The score, therefore, should be close and the game intense from start to finish.

It would not be surprising this year, however, if one of the teams ran over the other, and it might be either Princeton or Yale. Despite the danger of prophesy, however, I venture to predict a close, interesting game, with the chances favoring Yale.

In the Cornell-Columbia game, the Ithacans should win. They have shown themselves stronger, both in offense and defense than the New Yorkers.

While Cornell has been scored against frequently, she has yet to suffer defeat with a blank score.

Princeton is her only opponent who has been successful, and the Ithacans managed to push the ball across the goal in that game.

* * *

Football teams throughout the country now are playing the important games on their schedules, and coaches and players at all the camps are working like Trojans. From now on the work each day will count, and no opportunities are being wasted to perfect the teams. In the East former stars are being called upon to assist in coaching for the final games, and secret practice is the daily programme.

Yale has been roughly treated by Syracuse and beaten by West Point, so that the Elis cannot hope for a clear title. Harvard managed to beat the Soldiers, though only by a field goal, but the defeat by Pennsylvania actually silenced the claims of the Crimson for championship honors.

In connection with the Quaker game a lot of unpleasant talk has cropped out regarding the management and coaching of the Harvard team. The trouble was started by friends of Walter Randall, the St. Louis boy who has made such an enviable record at Cambridge. Charges of favoritism were made freely against the coaches for playing Montgomery and Filley in the Penn game in place of Randall, who is more experienced and is admitted to be a better player. Fault also has been found for the failure to play Starr at quarter in the first part of the game. The charges are that the coaches are influenced in their selections by the social standing of the players, and that the college societies are interfering too much with the work of the team.

* * *

The Western Games.

With the practice of to-day the football campaign in the West begins to draw near its end. From now on there will be no further experiments or makeshifts, no practice games, says the Chicago Tribune. Until the present the coaches of the different aspirants for Western honors have been holding back, concealing the weaknesses of their own teams, and looking for the openings in the armor of their opponents.

There have been skirmishes, feints for positions, false rumors sent out and spies dispatched to the camps of their antagonists. Several sharp preliminary engagements have been taken place, and some of the contending armies have suffered heavy setbacks. But to-day the final steps in preparation for the real battles begin.

By this time each coach has, or thinks he has, a fair idea of his adversary's strength and weakness. The battles scheduled to take place next Saturday are inevitable, and the utmost must be got out of the time that remains. When the sun sets on the fields of Ann Arbor, Minneapolis and Evanston next Saturday the fates of most of the contestants will have been decided—perhaps the fates of all.

The three most important games of the Western season are to bep layed on that day. For Chicago and Michigan the game means, perhaps, the championship of the West. If the Wolverines win the game they will have an unbroken season of victories. Chicago, Northwestern, Wisconsin and Illinois will be out of the running, and Minnesota is the only rival that could hope to put in a claim to equality. To interpose such a claim, however, the Northern eleven must defeat Wisconsin by as large, or nearly as large, a score as that of Michigan a week ago, and win from Northwestern in the game with the Methodists November 19.

If Chicago should win, on the other hand, there would still be the tie game with Illinois on its record, and, although it might reasonably claim the championship on its past record, in spite of this there would still be room for discusion, especially if the downstate team should make a whirlwind finish in its games with Northwestern, Iowa and Nebraska. A Wisconsin victory over the Gophers would not mean a great deal, except that it would eliminate the Minnesotans from the race. The Badger eleven, while winning glory in such an event, would be no closer to claiming the championship, unless it should pull out another victory from Chicago after the latter team had defeated Michigan—a most improbable happening.

* * *

Yale Team Is On Edge.

Yale football men are close to an edge for the opening of their championship season at Princeton next Saturday. The heavy practices are over, with the exception of one or two days the coming week, and, barring accidents, there will be no change in the line-up from that of the last three weeks, except that Jack Owsley will go back to his old place at fullback, in which it has been the intention of the coaches all the fall to play him, but which he has occupied only a small portion of the time, owing to an old injury which it was feared might be reopened if he were played often this fall, says a special from New Haven. At the beginning of the season Owsley was played at quarterback, where he could get plenty of football without being obliged to do any tackling in the open field. Quarterback material was short when the season started, and as Rockwell was also handled gingerly because of previous strains, Owsley went into all the early games. As Hutchinson developed rapidly he was given the position of substitute quarterback, and Owsley alternated with the heavy Frank McCoy at fullback.

It was planned to put Owsley into the game at fullback against Columbia a week ago, but a slight injury received on the last day of practice led the coaches to decide to take no chances, but to send in McCoy, who got a wrenched ankle which has kept him out of practice daily since the Columbia game. McCoy and Owsley will both get into the Harvard and Princeton games. For McCoy it is the fourth and last season of football, as he played two years at Amherst, went into several minor games for Yale last fall, counting his third year, and has already played this fall. As a single game counts as an entire year under the new Yale-Harvard agreement, McCoy's intercollegiate career in athletics closes next June.

Hoyt and Sammy Morse are the halfbacks picked for the big games. Hoyt, from left halfback, will do the punting. Yale elevens have had their halfback do their toe work for five years, instead of intrusting it to their fullback, whom they pick as a heavy defensive man. Owsley and Farmer, Yale's fullbacks for two or three years, have been first-class defensive backs. Morse did not come through the Columbia game in first-class style, but the coaches expect that he will be in fine fettle when the eleven lines up at Princeton next Saturday. Morse, the grandson and namesake of the inventor of the telegraph, is picked as the successor of the fleet Metcalf, to be forced free of the Princeton line, if possible, and then to scoot for a touchdown. Neal has made good his hope for right end on the 'varsity, having been taken from the position of head coach of the freshman eleven in the middle of the season, replacing Buck Stuart, the Andover captain of last year, after he looked the favorite in the race. This is the first season on the Yale eleven for Neal, Morse and Tripp. The other eight men picked have had some experience, Hoyt having been in the Harvard game last year for about fifteen minutes. If he does not prove the sensation of the year as a punter, Yale football men will be disappointed, and if Yale does not surprise Harvard and Princeton by forcing a kicking game, signs flashed by the work in open practice fail.



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THE Waverley Hotel
AMERICAN PLAN.
Walnut st., bet. Sixth and Seventh.
$2.00 PER DAY.
Rooms with private bath attached. Special rates by the week or month.

STUDENTS MUST MAKE A WRITTEN REPORT.

Those Who Engaged In Rioting Are Dropped From the Military Roll.

Berkeley, Cal., Nov. 7.—The riot among the students of the University of California last week over the military order to march into the class room, had a sensational sequel to-day when President Wheeler sent letters to a large number of students declaring they had been dropped from the military roll. In the notice the dismissed students are given until Wednesday to make a written report explaining their actions. President Wheeler stated today that he was acting under direction of the War Department. As yet the names of the students to whom notices have been sent have not been given out.

TRIBUTE PAID TO ARCHBISHOP ELDER.

Resolution Adopted By the Methodist Ministers of Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Nov. 7.—At the weekly meeting of the Cincinnati Methodist ministers to-day a resolution was adopted expressing the high regard for Archbishop Elder, who is to be buried here to-morrow. On the viva voce vote there was no opposition, but afterward a few asked to be recorded in the negative because the resolution praised Archbishop Elder as a prelate. The resolution was offered by D. J. Starr, chaplain of the Ohio penitentiary at Columbus, who resides here.

Most of the Archbishops and Bishops of the country arrived to-day for the Elder obsequies to-morrow. Thousands to-day viewed the remains of Archbishop Elder lying in state at St. Peter's Cathedral.

MONEY APPROPRIATED FOR NEGRO SCHOOLS.

Manchester, N. H., Nov. 7.—The Freedman's Aid and Education Society, in session here to-day appropriated $66,000 for colored schools of Collegiate grade. Among the appropriations made were the following: Walden University, Nashville, Tenn., $7,000; Ruck University, Holly Springs, Miss., $5,400; Wiley University, Marshall, Texas, $3,500; Philander Smith College, Little Rock, Ark., $3,000; George R. Smith College, Sedalia, Mo., $2,900.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Washington, Feb. 7.—[Special.]—Henry Burnett, of Louisville, was to-day admitted to practice before the Supreme Court.

* * *

Peyton L. Willis has been appointed regular, and William W. Willis substitute rural carrier at Fulton, Ky.

Heavy Rains At Colon.

Colon, Nov. 7.—Torrential rains are prevailing here. There has been a fall of over thirteen inches in the last thirty-five hours.

BIG GAINS

Expected By Democrats Across River.

PROSPECTS IN FLOYD COUNTY

NOT SUCH AS TO PLEASE THE REPUBLICANS.

BRIEF SESSION OF COUNCIL.

All the preparations have been completed by both the Democrats and Republicans of New Albany and Floyd county for the conflict of to-day, and when the polls close at 6 o'clock this evening, the indications are that both these great parties will know they have been in a fight. Yesterday was occupied entirely by the leaders in completing the arrangements for to-day. The booths were set up at the various polling precincts, challengers and poll-book holders were given final instructions as to their duties, the precinct workers were admonished that it was expected of them to get out the entire vote, and when the voting places open at 6 o'clock this morning everyone will be prepared for a hard day's work. The Democratic organization in the city and county is the most complete ever known, and there is no reason why the full vote should not be polled. While they have apparently been practicing the gum-shoe tactics during the campaign just closed, the Republicans claim to have a perfect organization also.

It is claimed by the Democratic managers that the majority in New Albany and Floyd county on the National ticket will reach 500, while the State ticket will not fall behind. The Democratic county ticket composed of expert and active campaigners will hold its own with the Democratic National and State tickets and possibly several of the more popular candidates will lead.

Council Meets Briefly.

A brief meeting of the New Albany Common Council was held last evening, all the members being present except Councilman Stephens, with Mayor Grose presiding. George W. Smith was re-elected a member of the Board of Regents of Fairview Cemetery. An invitation for the Mayor and members of the council to attend the annual meeting of the Indiana Municipal League, to be held in South Bend November 15-18, was referred to the Committee on Finance. Bids for the improvement of East Sixth street from Spring to Elm were read and referred to the Committee on streets and alleys, and the City Attorney with authority to contract with the lowest and best bidder and the Council adjourned. The session occupying not to exceed ten minutes.

NEW ALBANY.

—An increase of pension from $6 to $10 a month has been allowed Richard Teller, of this city, a veteran of the Civil War.

—Edward Crumbo, former Mayor, has established a plant in this city for the manufacture of artificial stone on a large scale.

—Charles S. Batt, who recently removed to Terre Haute, where he has engaged in the practice of law, is here to visit relatives until after the election.

—Miss Bertha Niles, daughter of the Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Niles, formerly of this city, and Charles Cole, a storekeeper of the Pennsylvania railway at Columbus, are to be married in that city next week.

—Robert J. Tracewell, Controller of the Treasury, was in the city spending a few hours with New Albany friends. He came to his home in Corydon to vote, and he will leave on the first train for Washington to-day after he has deposited his ballot.

—A blaze in the "picker room" at the New Albany hosiery mills, Ekin avenue, near Vincennes street, caused the alarm from box 62 yesterday morning. Employes extinguished the fire before the fire department arrived. The damage was inconsiderable.

—Mrs. Mollie Morgan, widow of W. F. L. Morgan, formerly City Attorney, died yesterday morning at the home of her sister, Mrs. Belle Allen, 1715 East Spring street. She was fifty-six years old, and was a resident of New York, having come here on a visit a few months ago.

—The funeral of Mrs. Newland T. DePauw took place yesterday afternoon from the family residence, 1015 East Main street, New Albany. The services were conducted by the Rev. Dr. Albert Hurlstone, of Indianapolis, assisted by the Rev. Dr. J. W. Duncan, of Trinity Methodist church, New Albany, and the burial was in Fairview.

—Edward Staley, who was arrested Saturday night by Patrolmen Fess and Seery on a charge of wife beating, was fined $33.80 in Magistrate Fogle's court. He paid the fine at once and was released from custody. A few weeks ago Mrs. Staley instituted an action for divorce in the Floyd Circuit Court, but the differences between the parties were reconciled and the suit withdrawn.

—Milton Hamilton waived examination in Magistrate Fogle's court and was sent to the county jail in default of $300 bond for his appearance to answer in the Floyd Circuit Court. Hamilton stole a pair of trousers Saturday night at John J. Morgan's store, pearl and Main streets, and was arrested Sunday in Jeffersonville, information regarding him having been tipped off to the police by a woman of his acquaintance.

JEFFERSONVILLE.

—W. R. Shepherd yesterday conveyed to Charles D. Copple twenty acres of ground in section 25 for a consideration of $170.

—On account of the removal of James H. Waters to New Washington a vacancy has been made on the Sellersburg Town Board, which is to be filled by the election of Albert Letch.

—Harvey Gooch and Miss Annabelle Brown, a nice looking couple from Louisville, were married yesterday afternoon by Magistrate B. T. Nixon at the home of James S. Kelgwin.

—Liquor licenses were granted yesterday by the County Commissioners as follows: Charles Dean, Henry Nance, William Nanz and Eugene Day, this city, and Michael Yurt, Sellersburg.

—Marriage licenses were granted yesterday to the following Louisville couples: Joseph Ambash and Rosa Baurer, Charles Nan and Mamie Chambers, William Hobbs and Mattie Belle Figg.

—James Purdy, who is charged with stealing a keg of beer from a delivery wagon, was arrested on Spring street yesterday by Officer P. D. Madden and placed in jail for a future hearing.

—Largely signed petitions to Prosecutor Mayfield and the Police Board for the enforcement of the law against the sale of tobacco and cigars to children were filed with the County Commissioners yesterday.

—Michael Moore, guardian of George McCurdy and others, heirs of John McCurdy, made his accounting yesterday showing that the first named ward had become of age and had been paid his part of the estate, $327.20.

—Supt. Stephen Allen, of the almshouse near Charlestown, was in the city yesterday, and stated that the condition of Mrs. Sarah Wood, recently sent from this city, was such that her death might be expected at any hour.

—James Mains, who shot Louis Heck on West Maple street August 6, the victim dying a few days later, arrived from Aurora, where he is temporarily residing, yesterday to cast his vote. He will go back to-night and return for trial November 21.

—Jerome Dustin, treasurer of the Port Fulton School Board, received a telegram yesterday announcing the death of his brother-in-law, William Conners, who died at his home in Anderson, Ind., where he was employed as a glassworker. He formerly resided in this city.

—The Jeffersonville Ministerial Association at its meeting yesterday took in five new members, the Rev. Samuel M. Miller, the Rev. J. J. Bare, the Rev. Edward T. Schneider, the Rev. W. H. Bamford and the Rev. W. E. Edgin, all of whom have recently located in this city.

—Changes in the election inspectors were made yesterday as follows: Jeffersonville, Second precinct, Robert Gleason instead of G. W. Baxter; Wood township, Second precinct, Clem Jordon instead of Joe Davis; Silver Creek township, Second precinct, George Hays instead of Joseph Taylor.

—The funeral of Harry E. Stauss, who died at his home, 317 Pearl street, Sunday night, will take place Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from St. Lucas German Evangelical church. Mr. Stauss is survived by a widow, two sons, Harry and Rankin, a mother, Mrs. William Stauss, one brother, Edward Stauss, and three sisters, Mrs. J. F. Spieth, Miss Emma Stauss and Miss Cora Stauss.

—J. L. Lawson & Co., who built the Bethlehem free pike, yesterday made a demand for the remaining $2,100, held as a guarantee, and the County Commissioners made an order for its payment on an indemnifying bond of $3,000 subject to the approval of Auditor Parks, who, unless enjoined, will pay it. Exceptions were filed against the payment by Plez Kelly some time ago, but the transcript failed to get into the Circuit Court.

—Ferdinand Voigt, the venerable father of George H. Voigt, is lying at death's door at his home on East Maple street, and late last night it was feared he could not survive until daybreak. Mr. Voigt has been in poor health for several years on account of nervous affection, and within the last few days other complications arose which necessitated an operation on Sunday night and another yesterday afternoon, the surgeons being Dr. Irwin Abell, of Louisville and Dr. D. C. Peyton and Dr. W. M. Varble, of this city. Mr. Voigt will be eighty-two years old next Saturday.

BRUTAL ASSAULT

BY EDWARD LEWANDE ON HELPLESS WOMAN.

Sent To Workhouse Following His Inability To Pay Fine.

Edward Lewande, who was arrested at 1139 West Market street Sunday afternoon after the police had forced open a barricaded door to reach him, was tried in Police Court yesterday for the brutal assault on his paramour, Eliza Skaggs, and was sent to the workhouse in default of payment of a fine of $19 and bond of $1,000. The charge, which was first assault and battery with intent to kill, was reduced to disorderly conduct with a view to sending Lewande to the workhouse, that he might be held in custody pending the result of his victim's injuries.

The evidence introduced indicate that had not Patrolman Miller interfered there would have been murder. Eliza Skaggs, though weak from loss of blood, and cringing with pain from her numerous cuts and bruises, testified that the assault was unprovoked. She said she prepared an appetizing dinner for Lewande, which he seemed to enjoy. After the meal, she says, he threw himself upon the bed and went to sleep. When he had been asleep an hour, she says, he suddenly awakened and without warning sprang at her in a fury, struck her in the face and felled her to the floor. When she arose she says he struck again, knocking her down the second time, when he kicked her in the face and about the body, rendering her unconscious.

Some one in an adjoining room heard her cries and notified Patrolman Miller, who was forced to break the lock and open the door. Lewande, when commanded to open the door, refused to do so, emphasizing his refusal with an oath and a threat. When Patrolman Miller threw the door open Lewande was near the prostrate form of the woman with a razor in his hand. He was covered with a revolver and held at bay until Lieut. Wickham and Patrolman Chalk reached the scene, when he was overpowered and placed under arrest.

The police believe his purpose was to kill the woman, but that he was frustrated by the arrival of Patrolman Miller. Lewande told the police after his arrest that the woman was drunk and fell against the stove, thus accounting for the injuries apparent on her face and body.

Mrs. Kate Hayman, jail matron, testified in the trial that Lewande attempted to influence the evidence of his victim by begging her to say she had injured herself in a fall against a stove. They were both in jail, the woman having been taken to the prison to be treated for her injuries.

BODIES OF LAKE VICTIMS RECOVERED.

Telegrams received yesterday afternoon by E. H. Bacon, of the Monon, announced the finding of the bodies of Donald MacLean and Fred Rytchner, who were drowned under tragic circumstances in Lake Pytonga, Quebec, Thursday night, October 27. One message was from W. A. MacLean, of New Albany, who was an uncle of Donald MacLean. The message read, "Found boys last night. Will be in Buffalo with them Tuesday."

Mr. Bacon, Henry Tamplet and E. L. Davis, of Louisville, were members of the party which was suddenly broken up by the tragic occurrence. Mr. Bacon and Mr. Tamplet returned to Louisville several days ago, while Mr. Davis is still with Mr. MacLean.

Dies At Extreme Age.

Mrs. Julia O'Brien, eighty-five years old, died at the home of her son, John O'Brien, at 2513 Eighteenth street, at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, from the infirmities of old age. Mrs. O'Brien was born in Ireland and came to America when ten years old with her parents, who settled in New York. She was married to Michael O'Brien in New York when twenty years old. Her husband died in New York about twelve years ago. She continued to reside there until the marriage of her son, John O'Brien, in this city five years ago, when she came to Louisville to make her home. The body will be taken to New York to-day to be buried by the side of her husband. It will be accompanied by John O'Brien and his family.



MUNYON'S REMEDIES

Are Safe Remedies and Should Be In Every Home.



In the compounding of my remedies and preparation is concentrated the knowledge and successful researches of the brightest medical minds that the century has produced.

There is nothing experimental about them. Years ago they passed that stage and countless thousands have testified that they have found health through their use.

There are no "cure alls" among them, but my list of remedies contains a separate cure for each disease. That is why they are called home remedies, or the "family doctor," as they are frequently termed by those who depend upon them absolutely to keep the household in good health—MUNYON.

Munyon's Paw-Paw Tonic is the grandest stomach and nerve tonic known. It builds up the run-down, gives strength to the debilitated, restores ambition and energy, makes old folks feel young and the weak feel strong.

My Rheumatism Cure has rid more people of this distressing disease than all other remedies combined. I will return the money to any rheumatic whom it will not help.

Kidney disease in nine cases out of ten yields promptly to my Kidney Cure and Bright's Disease is frequently prevented by its use.

If you are constipated or bilious or are troubled with headaches arising from a disordered stomach take a few doses of my Paw-Paw Laxative Pills and see how quickly you will feel better.

Colds, which come with the rainy season and which frequently end in bronchitis, grip and the more deadly pneumonia, can be cured quickly and surely with my Cold Cure.

And these are but a few of my remedies. Why not ask your druggist for my "Guide to Health," which is free and which tells you how to keep well. It may save you from a serious illness.

Remember that all of my remedies are absolutely harmless. In taking them you run no such chances as you do in taking drastic and debilitating drugs. They are safe. They are sure.—MUNYON.

Munyon's Witch Hazel Toilet Preparations—Soap, Face Cream and Talcum Powder—all dainty and delicate, should be used by every woman of refinement and taste. Make the skin soft as velvet. For sale everywhere.

RIVER AND WEATHER.

LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 45' West From Greenwich.

STAGE OF THE RIVERS.

Louisville, Nov. 7.

Stations.	Danger line ft.	Height in ft.	Change 24 hrs.	R'fall 24 hrs.
Louisville	28	3.1	+0.1	...
Frankfort	31	4.8	—0.2	...
Evansville	35	1.5	—0.1	...
Paducah	40	0.3	....	...
Nashville	40	6.8	+0.1	...
Chattanooga	33	0.6	+0.1	...
Cairo	45	9.2	—0.2	...
St. Louis	30	9.0	—0.1	...
Memphis	33	5.0	....	...
Helena	42	7.2	+0.2	...
Vicksburg	45	3.8	+0.1	...
Shreveport	29	—0.7	+0.2	...
New Orleans	16	3.2	....	...
Little Rock	23	4.0	+0.1	...
Fort Smith	22	2.7	—0.1	...
Kansas City	21	6.3	....	...
Davenport	15	7.5	—0.1	...
St. Paul	14	5.4	....	...

+Increase. —Decrease.

Reports of maximum temperature and precipitation for the twenty-four hours ended November 7 at 7 p. m.:

Stations.	Temp.	Pre.	Stations.	Temp.	Pre.
New York	46	.00	Cairo	68	.00
Pittsburg	44	.02	St. Louis	70	.00
Washington	52	.00	Cincinnati	58	.00
Charlotte	60	.00	Indianapolis	60	.00
Atlanta	60	.00	Chicago	54	.00
Jacksonville	68	.00	Davenport	60	.00
Montgomery	72	.00	Marquette	38	T
New Orleans	74	.00	St. Paul	46	.00
Galveston	72	.06	Bismarck	54	.00
Cor's Christi	74	.00	North Platte	66	.00
San Antonio	76	.00	Omaha	64	.00
Shreveport	76	.00	Kansas City	66	.00
Palestine	76	.00	Dodge City	66	.00
Vicksburg	72	.00	Oklahoma	76	.00
Little Rock	72	.00	Amarillo	64	.00
Fort Smith	72	.00	Abilene	72	.00
Memphis	68	.00	El Paso	66	.00
Nashville	64	.00	Modena	62	.00
Chattanooga	64	.00	Yello'ne Park	56	.00

T—Trace rainfall.

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

[Official.] Louisville, Nov. 7.

	7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer	30.13	29.98
Temperature	32	55
Dewpoint	30	38
Humidity	91	53
Wind, direction	S	S
Wind, velocity	2	7
Weather	Clear	Clear

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

Constants and Normals.

[Official.] Louisville, Nov. 7.

Maximum temperature	60
Minimum temperature	32
Mean temperature	46
Normal temperature	52
Departure for day	—6
Departure for month	+6
Departure since March 1	—45
Prevailing winds	S-SW
Mean barometer	30.06
Mean relative humidity	72
Character of day	Clear
Total precipitation	.00
Normal precipitation	.13
Departure for day	—.13
Departure for month	—.79
Departure since March 1	—10.59

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.

The river is on a stand, with .9 foot on the falls, 3.1 feet in the canal, and 4.1 feet at the foot of the locks. Business was a trifle better, four boats departing during the day. The trips were light. Weather fair, with prospects of colder.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.

John W. Thomas, for Owensboro, at 4 o'clock....Courier, from Cincinnati at 11 o'clock, returning at 5 o'clock....Tacoma, from Carrollton at 10 o'clock, returning at 4 o'clock.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

Bellevue, for Little Dixie and way landings at 4 o'clock....Tacoma, for Carrollton at 4 o'clock....Kanawha, for Cincinnati at 5 o'clock.

DRIFTWOOD.

The slight rise, which has been creeping up the gauge during the past two days, has come to a stand....The Conveyor will arrive at 10 o'clock this morning from Owensboro, Evansville and way landings....The Bellevue will leave this afternoon for Little Dixie. She will push a well-loaded barge....The Golden Gate has been entered in the Kentucky river trade while the Falls City is laid up on account of low water. She will run only between Madison and Frankfort, and made her first trip yesterday....Rivermen of Owensboro are putting up a strong fight for a Government water gauge. They are considered lucky at this season of the year to have any water at all....The Kanawha is the Cincinnati packet this afternoon....The W. C. Hite slipped away from the dock at which she has lain for the past three weeks, resplendent in a coat of new paint....The John W. Thomas is off the ways at last, after two months have been spent in rebuilding her bottom, and she re-entered the Owensboro and Evansville trade yesterday afternoon....It is being wildly rumored in Pittsburg and Cincinnati that the White Collar Line, for years one of the most influential lines on the river, has been sold by Commodore Laidley to Capt. Gordon Greene and William Rowe. Such a disposition of the property of the White Collar Line would have a good effect on the trade, as the line has gradually been disappearing, owing to the loss of boats and the failure of the owners to replace them. If the transaction is made, two boats will very probably be placed in the Memphis-Cincinnati trade during the winter, in competition with the Lee Line steamers. This rumor has also given rise to a second that a combination had been formed to gobble all the boats now in the upper Ohio, but no confirmation of such an event has yet been realized....Trade in general was light yesterday, as is generally the condition on Mondays. Four packets got away to fair trips, however, and a good stage is all that is needed to "whoop 'er along."

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 7. — [Special.]—At the offices of the Monongahela River Consolidated Coal and Coke Company today announcement was made of the purchase by that company of the business and property of the St. Louis and Mississippi Valley Transportation Company, an important factor in the grain and lumber transportation business between St. Louis and New Orleans. The purchase includes three modern steamers, the S. H. H. Clark, the Hoxey and Lowrey and thirty-one model barges. The consideration was withheld. The local company will continue the business. The chances for a rise here are no better, the gauges being as follows: Davis Island dam, 2.6 feet, stationary; Monongahela wharf, 6.2 feet; Herr's Island dam, 6.3 feet.

Wheeling, Nov. 7.—River 2 feet 4 inches, falling. Cloudy and warmer.

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—Stage of the river at 6 p. m. to-day at Cincinnati was 4.9 feet and falling. Clear and cooler. To-day's departures were: Greenland, Maysville, and Lizzie Bay, Louisville. The fall in the river here has interfered with navigation to such an extent that the head of navigation for all of the larger of the light-draft boats is at Maysville. There is every prospect of a rise coming out of the headwaters of the Kanawha and New river district. According to the report of the Weather Bureau, there is a storm headed for the headwaters, and the prospective rise will be here within a few days. The "river combine" has absorbed another company and rival in the transportation business. Capt. Chas. J. Menges, Master of Transportation and Harbor Master of this district, returned home to-day from Cairo, Ill. While there he purchased the interest of the St. Louis and Mississippi Valley Transportation Company.

Madison, Ind., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—River 4.3 feet, about stationary. The Courier, Levi J. Workum and Hattie Brown up. The Golden Gate, Hanover, Tacoma and Kanawha down. The Minnie and Raymond in port. Fair and pleasant. There is a report, seemingly reliable, that the White Collar Line has entered into a deal to withdraw its boats from the up-river trade above Cincinnati, disposing of the steamers Courier, Tacoma, M. P. Wells, New South and Henry M. Stanley.

Evansville, Ind., Nov. 7.—River 1.5 feet, stationary. Clear and warmer.

Paducah, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—River .3 foot on the gauge and stationary. Clear and cool.

Cairo, Ill., Nov. 7.—River 9.2 feet; fell one-tenth foot. Fair and warmer. Arrived: Carrie V., lower Mississippi; Mary Michaels, lower Mississippi; Georgia Lee, Memphis; Government boat Lily, St. Louis. Departed: Barrett, New Orleans.

St. Louis, Nov. 7.—River 9 feet, a fall of one-tenth foot in twenty-four hours. Fair and cool. Arrived and departed: Steamer Lee, Memphis.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 7. — [Special.]—River 5 feet, stationary. Only local packets moving.

New Orleans, Nov. 7.—Clear. Arrived: America, Vicksburg.

AMERICAN KILLED BY A POLICEMAN.

Havana, Nov. 7.—A dispatch from Pinar del Rio states that J. T. Cleveland, an American, has been killed there by a policeman. No details have been received.

AUCTION SALES.

By S. S. MEDDIS CO.

Executor's ABSOLUTE SALE of Part of E. Hitie Meddis Estate.

CENTRALLY LOCATED FIRST-CLASS PAYING REAL ESTATE!

No. 1922, south side Market; rented at....................$450 per year
No. 108, south side Walnut, First and Second; rented at....................$420 per year
No. 113, north side Walnut, First and Brook; rented at....................$300 per year

To be sold At Public Auction Wednesday and Thursday, November 9 and 10, 1904.

As executor of E. Hitie Meddis, deceased and by order of her heirs I will on the above dates sell to the highest bidder the above very choice interest-paying property.

FIRST ON WEDNESDAY, NOV. 9, AT 4 O'CLOCK,

That splendid three-story brick business house, No. 1922 West Market. The house contains large storeroom, two rooms in rear, five large rooms in second story and four in third story; nice 3-room frame cottage on rear, fronting Pirtle street; lot 30 feet front by 200 deep. This is one of the best-built houses in Louisville; always occupied; now leased to one of the best tenants in Louisville.

ON THURSDAY, NOV. 10, AT 4 P. M.,

No. 108, south side Walnut, between First and Second. Four-story brick of 14 rooms; now renting for $35 per month. Always occupied.

ON THURSDAY, NOV. 10, AT 4:30 P. M.,

No. 113, north side Walnut, between First and Brook. This is a splendid three-story brick house, leased to one tenant at $25 per month.

Both my sons have determined to leave Louisville and have ordered me to sell that portion of their estate above advertised. It is all first-class investment property and will be positively sold. Terms to suit buyers.

S. S. MEDDIS, Executor of E. Hitie Meddis.

S. S. MEDDIS CO., Auctioneers.

TO'DAY'S AUCTION SALES.

Auction Sales

By Stucky, Quest & Co.,

513 West Main St.

TUESDAY, NOV. 8, DRY GOODS, Notions and General Variety Goods, Carpets, Matting, Oilcloth, etc.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 9, BOOTS AND SHOES—Large stock of seasonable goods, including many fresh invoices just received. Manufacturers' Samples, Jobs, etc.

THURSDAY, NOV. 10, CLOTHING—Nice line of Men's Fine Cassimere and Worsted Suits, Men's Fine Belt Overcoats, in fancy styles; large assortment of Men's and Boys' Overcoats and Reefers, Men's, Youths' and Children's Suits and Pants in great variety. Also Hats, Caps and Furnishing Goods. TERMS CASH.

STUCKY, QUEST & CO.

AMUSEMENTS.

MACAULEY'S Friday and Saturday Nights, Saturday Mat.

The Greatest Cast Ever Organized.

9—FAMOUS STARS—9

James O'Neill, Louis James,
Grace George, Mrs. LeMoyne,
Clara Morris, J. E. Dodson,
Jameson Lee Finney, Sara Truax,
Elita Proctor Otis.

In the Greatest Play Ever Written,

THE TWO ORPHANS.

Seats now on sale. Prices 50c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00. Next—Dockstader's Minstrels.

HOPKINS Market near 2d | **VAUDEVILLE** Night and Bargain Mat

8 HIGH CLASS ACTS 8

ELECTION RETURNS TUESDAY NIGHT.

Matinee To-day, Every Day, 15 and 25c | THE NEW AVENUE

PATRICE in "DRIVEN FROM HOME"

Election returns from stage Tues. night. Next week—The Smart Set.

THE NEW MASONIC To-night—All week 15, 25, 35, 50 and 75c.

Special Mat. To-day. Best Seats 25 Cents. CHARLEY GRAPEWIN In the **Awakening of Mr. Pipp**

Election returns to-night. Next—Jos. Murphy.

STEAMBOATS.

Steamers INDIANA and BONANZA

For Madison, Carrollton, Cincinnati and Upper Ohio river points at 5 p. m. daily, except Sunday at 9 a. m., from foot of Third. Phones 141. C. C. FULLER, Supt.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—429 W. Chestnut; a dwelling of 7 rooms, with stable and conveniences, suitable for a doctor or dentist. Apply to FIDELITY TRUST CO., 206-210 Fifth st.

FOR RENT—1427 Second st.; a neat residence of 6 rooms, with all conveniences, in southern part of city, for $35 per month. Apply to FIDELITY TRUST CO., 206-210 Fifth st.

FOR RENT—1230 First st.; a 9-room residence, with conveniences, for $40 per month. Apply to FIDELITY TRUST CO., 206-210 Fifth st.

FOR RENT—608 W. Breckinridge st.; a 6-room dwelling, with conveniences, at $25 per month. Apply to FIDELITY TRUST CO., 206-210 Fifth st.

FOR RENT—917 Preston st.; a 6-room dwelling for $20 per month. Apply to FIDELITY TRUST CO., 206-210 Fifth st.

FOR RENT—Store and 9 rooms, 1104 W. Market, $48; store, 2617 Portland ave., $12. Inquire WM. RITCHER, 1200 4th.

FOR RENT—ROOMS AND FLATS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Connecting rooms 46 and 47, in the Courier-Journal building; possession given at once. Apply at counting-room LOUISVILLE COURIER-JOURNAL.

FOR RENT—MUSIC HALL—To lodges, clubs, socials, lectures, euchre parties, weddings, etc. 716 2d, bet Chestnut & Gray.

FOR RENT—Very desirable apartment, 7 rooms and reception hall, in "Sans Souci," cor. 3d and Burnett. Both phones 414.

FOR RENT—3 furnished rooms, single or together; first floor. Apply 1214 First.

SATIN TOILET SPECIALTIES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

U cannot guess age of ladies using Satin Skin Cream and Satin Complexion Powder for these give to all a "sweet 16" complexion. 25c.

SATIN TOOTH POWDER, "finer than silk." 50c size jars 25c at BACON'S.

FOR LEASE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR LEASE—On K. and I. tracks along the canal, near Eighteenth st., lots suitable for coal or lumber yard. ROWAN BUCHANAN, Owner, 518 W. Jefferson st., second floor.

LOST.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

LOST—A black silk skirt, out of carriage, between Preston and Breckinridge and Cherokee Park. Return to 319 E. Breckinridge and receive reward.

LOST—Diamond stud, on Jefferson street, between Second and Fourth streets. Reward of $25 for return to HENRY HENSEL, 1315 Quincy st., city.

LOST—Gold watch between Floyd and Broadway and Third and Ormsby; initials E. W. on front. Tel. East 658.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—POSITIONS for efficient, reliable, experienced office help, men and lady bookkeepers, cashiers, etc. I can supply you, on short notice, with the person you are looking for. W. H. TRUMAN, Expert Accountant, 172 Fourth.

BOYS' CONFERENCE ON Y. M. C. A. WORK

Will Be Held At Shelbyville During Thanksgiving Week.

The second annual boys' conference of the Kentucky Young Men's Christian Associations will be held in Shelbyville on the Friday, Saturday and Sunday following Thanksgiving, November 25-27. This gathering is practically a State convention for the discussion of boys' work, and is conducted by the State Executive Committee in response to a widespread and rapidly-growing conviction that this phase of association work largely involves the permanence and efficiency of the movement.

Shelbyville is well located with reference to securing a large attendance of boys, being about the geographical center of association work in the State. The conference will open on Friday afternoon with a banquet, provided and served by the Ladies' Committee of the Shelbyville association. In addition to the inspirational themes, to be treated, practical phases of boys' work will be taken up and discussed by the boys themselves, an effort being made to place upon them the responsibility for the conduct of the work for "the other fellow."

There will be present a number of specialists in boys' work who will participate in the conference, some of these being: E. M. Robinson, boys' work secretary of the International Committee, New York; M. D. Crackel, secretary West Side Boys' Club, Cleveland; H. E. Montague, boys' work director Louisville association. These and other prominent association leaders will contribute to the success of the gathering. The boys' orchestra of the Louisville association, composed of sixteen musicians, will furnish the music for the conference.

Attendance will be limited to boys from the associations of the State, each city and railroad association, and each county organization being allowed ten delegates. A rate of one and one-third fare for the round trip has been granted by the railroads, and free entertainment will be provided for all delegates.

Further information can be secured from any association secretary, or by writing to B. W. Godfrey, department secretary State Committee, Third and Broadway, Louisville.

Election Returns By Telephone.

The Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company will give by special wires to-night complete returns, both local and national, and bulletins will be flashed to the public by an electric stereopticon on a large canvas in front of their main exchange building on Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth.

Branch Offices.

Classified advertisements, such as Wants, Rents, Sales, Lost, etc., or subscriptions for the COURIER-JOURNAL and TIMES, may be left at any of the Branch Agencies named below. Rates same as at main office.

NO. 1—F. V. SIMMS, 549 Preston.
NO. 2—THEO. RECTANUS, S. E. cor. Market and Preston.
NO. 3—VOELCKER & CO., Clay and Market.
NO. 4—F. W. HOFFMANN, N. W. cor. Shelby and Washington.
NO. 5—JOHN J. SEIBERZ, Story and Webster.
NO. 6—H. G. YOUNG, 1102 Frankfort.
NO. 7—BADER & ZEHNLE, 2500 Frankfort.
NO. 8—W. B. YOUNG, Broadway and Baxter.
NO. 9—RILEY'S NEWS DEPOT, 1903 Baxter.
NO. 10—JOHN C. WEINEDEL, Baxter and Finzer.
NO. 11—J. D. JANSING, Breckinridge and Barret.
NO. 12—JULIUS H. SPELGER, Walnut and Campbell.
NO. 13—BUSCHEMEYER & SAAM, 800 E. Broadway.
NO. 14—F. SCHNEIDER, S. W. cor. Broadway and Preston.
NO. 15—C. L. WOODBURY, Cor. First and Breckinridge.
NO. 16—H. MOORMAN, Book Store, Preston and Caldwell.
NO. 17—HENRY A. BENDER, N. E. cor. St. Catherine and Logan.
NO. 18—GOSS-AVENUE PHARMACY, Cor. Goss and Texas.
NO. 19—RADEMAKER'S PHARMACY, 2000 Shelby.
NO. 20—J. A. SNYDER, Brook and Ormsby.
NO. 21—J. E. KILGUS, Third and Ormsby.
NO. 22—LESLIE P. BAKER & CO., Cor. Third and L.
NO. 23—ROBERT D. PEYTON, Fourth and Hill.
NO. 24—BLACK'S STAR DRUG STORE, Seventh and St. Catherine.
NO. 25—NUCKOLS BROS., Fifth and York.
NO. 26—W. B. HOPKINS, Thirteenth and Chestnut.
NO. 27—SHAFER'S PHARMACY, Twelfth and Broadway.
NO. 28—E. N. MENAR, Twelfth and Zane.
NO. 29—W. P. OVERSTREET, Cor. Fifteenth and Prentice.
NO. 30—C. F. MELTON, Eighteenth and Harney.
NO. 31—HENRY F. COHN, Eighteenth and Chestnut.
NO. 32—CHAS. H. BODE, Cor. Magazine and Twenty-second.
NO. 33—PARKLAND PHARMACY, Dixon Hall, 28th and Dumesnil.
NO. 34—W. D. MORRIS, Chestnut and Twenty-eighth.
NO. 35—H. ELLMER, Grocer, 2600 W. Market.
NO. 36—L. BIEHL, Grocer, 3300 High.
NO. 37—ALBERT STRUBY, Cor. Portland and Twenty-sixth.
NO. 38—JOSEPH MEUTER, Cor. Twenty-second and Griffiths.
NO. 39—J. M. COLL, Seventeenth and Bank.
NO. 40—C. A. DRALLE, Twentieth and Market.
NO. 41—KRIEGER BROS., Eleventh and Market.
NO. 42—EVANS DRUG CO., Tenth and Jefferson.

NEW ALBANY, IND.

NO. 43—FRANK E. MILLER, 602 Vincennes, cor. Oak.
NO. 44—CRECELIUS' ANTI-TRUST CUT-RATE DRUG & PAINT STORES, 131-133 E. Main, near Pearl.
NO. 45—CALLAHAN'S DRUG STORE, E. Eighth and Oak.

JEFFERSONVILLE, IND.

NO. 46—C. A. SCHIMPFF & SON, Stationery, 435 Spring.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—The ladies to know that we have on exhibition in our store some very pretty samples of art work. We teach embroidery, Battenberg and drawn work free. WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO., 637 Fourth st., near post-office.

WANTED—The ladies to know that Mr. Harris, of Chicago, is giving a free course of lessons in art work at the Wheeler & Wilson office, 637 Fourth st., near post-office.

WANTED—Ladies who appreciate nice work, good materials and moderate prices in millinery to call on MRS. EDELSON, 238 W. Market.

WANTED—S. F. Shrader, formerly at 315 Sixth, has reopened tailor shop at 409 Fifth, and is ready to serve friends; work called for and delivered. Home 'phone 6266.

WANTED—Wire frames made to order, ostrich feathers cleaned, dyed and curled; glossy black a specialty. 713 W. Jefferson.

WANTED—To buy old feathers, furniture and carpets. E. HYMAN, 137 E. Market st. Home 'phone 727. Cumb. 3181—Z.

WANTED — To buy snowcases, safes, scales, desks, office fixtures. L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 W. Jefferson st.

WANTED—SCHOENE, the Furrier; all kinds fur garments remodeled, redyed at reasonable prices; work unexcelled; 324 Brook st.

WANTED—Furnished flat, 4 or 5 rooms, for small family; will exchange references. Address X 189, this office.

WANTED—F. LUCHSINGER, PRACTICAL GUNSMITH, 415 PRESTON ST.

WANTED—McElroy & Bradford, cleaning, repairing, dyeing guaranteed. 426 W. Walnut.

WANTED—Machinist-table standard pipe tapping sizes 5c. E. E. Meyer, Allegheny, Pa.

WANTED—Bicycle repairing; work called for and delivered; prices inducement. 513 Third.

WANTED—D. S. Jackson, house and sign painter, grainer and glazier. 611 Sixth st.

WANTED—Diamond ring. Apply E. L. HARRIS, 513 Third.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Strong young men for firemen and brakemen, Kentucky and other railroads. Firemen $65 monthly, become engineers and average $125. Brakemen $60, become conductors and average $105. Name position preferred. Send stamp for particulars. RAILWAY ASSOCIATION, Room 70, 227 Monroe st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

WANTED—BOOKKEEPING taught at your home. Spare hours are worth dollars. An investment that pays 100 per cent. monthly. Write to-day for particulars. W. H. Truman, Expert Accountant, 172 4th st., Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade. Can nearly earn expenses before finishing. Top wages paid graduates. Write nearest branch, MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, St. Louis, Mo., or Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—Clerks, bartenders, watchmen, cabinetmaker, drivers, floorwalkers, packer, janitor, cooks, housemen, porters, etc. Apply 305 W. Market, MOBLEY'S NEW EMPLOYMENT CO.

WANTED—Paper ruler; good down line man; also young man with some experience at down-lining to take second machine; both steady. Address H. C. BASTER, Supt., Atchison, Kan.

WANTED—RIDGELY-WALKER CO., Wholesale Tailors, Louisville, Ky., are open for several traveling salesmen; applicants to quote detail experience and references.

WANTED—Job press feeder; experienced; steady employment. PAUL JONES & CO., 136 E. Main st.

WANTED—Men to solicit from wagon; steady work, good pay. 707 W. Jefferson.

WANTED — Stenographer, experienced. Address H 24, this office.

WANTED—Presser on fine custom coats. Apply 627 Fourth st.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Fifteen ladies immediately; home work, transferring, quick, fascinating; $1.50 to $3 day or evening; tools free; no expense. Room 43 Courier-Journal Office bldg.

WANTED—Nurse for baby 11 months old. Apply at 1629 Fourth ave., before 11 a. m. or after 7 p. m.

Wintersmith's Tonic is a specific for chills and fever.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

MONEY TO LOAN.

We loan on Furniture, Pianos, Horses, Wagons, etc.; also Salaries on plain note. We offer Longest time, Lowest rates, Easiest payments, Absolute privacy. "Live and let live" is our aim, so call and see us, let us explain our new and perfected plan to you, and you will readily agree with us that we are the most reliable Loan Office in the city. No red tape. Phone 5249.

AMERICAN LOAN AND TRUST CO., Bet. 4th and 5th, 421 W. Jefferson st., over 2d Floor. American Express Co.

NATIONAL LOAN AND TRUST CO. The ONLY company in Louisville loaning EXCLUSIVELY TO WHITE PEOPLE on FURNITURE or ANY SECURITY. We will pay any debt you owe a loan company and advance you more money. BUSINESS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. SEPARATE AND PRIVATE OFFICES. NATIONAL LOAN AND TRUST CO., 327 W. Market, bet. Third and Fourth, Second Floor, Oppo. Bacon's. Home 1155.

LET US HELP YOU FINANCIALLY. Do not put yourself under obligation to your friends, but let US help you. Our motto: Lowest terms and business strictly confidential. MUTUAL BANKING CO., Rooms 404 and 406 Equitable bldg. Both phones 1946.

FIDELITY LOAN CO.

LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES AND WAGONS, ETC. ALSO ON PLAIN NOTE On SALARY. PAYMENTS TO SUIT INCOME. FIDELITY LOAN CO., 502 FOURTH ST., 2D FLOOR.

HEADQUARTERS FOR PRIVATE LOANS On Furniture, Pianos, Live Stock, Salary, etc. HALF RATES. Business Strictly Confidential. UNION LOAN AND SECURITY CO., Room 216 Columbia bldg., Fourth and Main sts. Home 'phone 1516.

LOANS ON FURNITURE. LOANS ON SALARIES. LOANS ON ANY SECURITY. EASIEST TERMS. LOWEST RATES. GLOBE SECURITY AND TRUST CO., Rooms 215-216 Louisville Trust bldg., S. w. cor. Fifth and Market, Second floor.

MONEY LOANED. On all kinds of CHATTELS. Also to honest SALARIED EMPLOYES. OUR RATES ARE THE LOWEST. KY. LOAN AND BROKERAGE CO., N. e. cor. Fourth and Green sts., 423 Fourth. Both 'phones 2495.

MONEY ON YOUR PLAIN NOTE. We guarantee to do anything for you that any other company can or will do. FALLS CITY LOAN CO., 407 4th, 2d floor, bet. Jefferson and Green.

PATRONIZE HOME CAPITAL. We do all that others CLAIM to do. LOUISVILLE LOAN CO., Room 1 Courier-Journal bldg., 515 Fourth.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE— PIANOS. Prices Reduced. KIMBALL and six other great makes. Splendid assortment. Easy terms. Good used upright $85. The only piano store in Louisville out of the high-price district. F. M. TILLER, cor. Sixth and Walnut.

FOR SALE—Nice little grocery in Highlands; stock and fixtures will invoice between $300 and $350; or will lump. Home Phone 2274 or 3442. Rent reasonable.

FOR SALE—Do you want to get high-grade typewriter cheap? If so, join club—get your name in early. Address M., Post-office Box 362.

FOR SALE—Coal—Best screened nut $2.25 25 bushels; best Kentucky lump 25 bushels $2.50 c. o. d. W. H. SLAUGHTER, JR., any old 'phone.

FOR SALE—100, 125 and 400-light dynamos and 2, 5 and 7½ horse-power motors. CHAPMAN ELECTRIC CO. Tel. 589.

FOR SALE—Tents and tarpaulins, all sizes, cheap. L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 W. Jefferson st.

FOR SALE—Two grocery wagons, one new Jersey wagon, at WILLIAM HILLER'S, 137 E. Jefferson st.

FOR SALE—Radiant Home stove. Inquire E. A. Ehmann, bet. Lee and Schwartz aves., Highlands.

FOR SALE—Store fixtures, counters, all kinds, cheap. L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 W. Jefferson st.

FOR SALE—$40 Buck's Range; in use 4 months; come quick for a bargain. 2819 Virginia ave.

FOR SALE—Grocery and saloon, cheap; good stand. JOS. STAEBLER, 123 E. Market.

FOR SALE—New Sunlight gas machine, cheap. L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 W. Jefferson.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Drug store; up-to-date, cheap. Inquire 725 W. Jefferson.

FOR SALE — Horses; also to hire, and first-class livery. JOS. STAEBLER, 123-125 E. Market st.

FOR SALE — Safes, snowcases, scales, cheap. L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 W. Jefferson st.

FOR SALE—A1 wines and liquors. AUGUST HOLLENBACH, 248 Third.

FOR SALE—Fine line of heating stoves. W. H. HILL, 134 W. Market st.

FOR SALE—3 bicycles, tires and built-up wheels at bargains. 513 Third st.

FOR SALE—Horses and vehicles; also to hire. CITY HALL STABLES, 322 Sixth.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—THIRD-ST. DWELLING—One of the best and the location is unsurpassed; 4 rooms and reception hall on the first floor; 4 bedrooms, closets and two bathrooms on the second floor; 3 bedrooms on third floor; servants' bathroom, concrete cellar, hot water heat; brick stable; lot ——x——; in fact, one of the best houses in the city; the only reason for selling, owner leaving the city. COLUMBIA FINANCE AND TRUST CO., Agents, Columbia bdg., Fourth and Main.

FOR SALE—Only four left. If you want a home, be quick. Go to Second and Avery and see the prettiest variety of up-to-date, artistic houses in prettiest new court in the city; furnaces, natural gas, electricity, every modern equipment. 'Phones Cumb. Main 414; South 2159—A.

FOR SALE—TYPEWRITERS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—Latest model visible writing and tabulating Underwood typewriter; ten days' trial free of charge. Call or write UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER CO., n. e. cor. Fourth and Main.

FOR SALE—First-class second-hand typewriters of all makes for sale at the lowest prices. Call or write UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER CO., n. e. cor. Fourth and Main sts.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—An oil mill, large capacity, fully equipped with modern machinery; large, light buildings, nearly new. Adapted for manufacturing linseed, cottonseed or corn oil. Brick and concrete construction. Everything in first-class order. Located in Western city with unsurpassed railroad advantages. Will be sold on liberal terms to responsible parties at a wonderful bargain to close an estate. Write for full particulars to D. B. LYMAN, 1610 Title and Trust bldg., Chicago.

Three dollars buys acre oil lease, good 25 years, wonderful new Arkansas oil field; fortunes in future sale of leases. Write Bailey, Mo. Pac. Immigration Agt., Little Rock, Ark.

Wintersmith's Tonic is a specific for chills and fever.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.—Stations, Tenth and Broadway and First and Water streets.

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday. s Sunday only. a Stops at Fourth street to let off passengers from or take on passengers for Cincinnati.

From Tenth and Broadway Station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and East	* 3:15am	a* 2:30am
Cincinnati and East	a* 8:30am	a* 9:20pm
Cincinnati and East	a* 1:00pm	a* 2:45pm
Cincinnati and East	a* 4:20pm	a*11:40am
New Orleans and Memphis	* 9:30pm	* 8:20am
Atlanta, New Orleans and Memphis	* 2:45am	* 2:10am
Nashville and Atlanta	* 3:00pm	*12:50pm
Nashville and Chattanooga	* 8:00am	* 7:00pm
Bowling Green Accom.	† 5:05pm	†10:20am
Middlesboro Mail	* 8:15am	* 5:05pm
Knoxville Express	* 8:30pm	* 7:15am
Bardstown and Springfield	† 4:10pm	† 7:55am
Bardstown and Springfield	† 7:30am	† 5:45pm
Bardstown and Springfield	s 6:00pm	s 9:35am
Lebanon and Greensburg	s 6:30pm	s10:20am
Lebanon and Greensburg	* 8:15am	* 5:05pm
Lebanon and Greensburg	† 5:05pm	†10:20am

From First and Water-street Station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and East	† 7:20am	† 7:35pm
Frankfort and Lexington	† 7:20am	†12:05pm
Frankfort and Lexington	† 2:00pm	† 5:25pm
Frankfort and Lexington	s 5:10pm	s10:00am
Frankfort Accom.	† 4:00pm	† 8:00am
Bloomfield Accom.	* 5:00pm	† 8:20am
Bloomfield Accom.	s 5:00pm	s 9:00am
Bloomfield Accom.	† 7:30am	† 6:00pm
Lagrange Accom.	† 5:40pm	† 7:35pm

Through Pullman sleeping car on the 1:05 p. m. train to New York and on the 9:30 p. m. and 2:45 a. m. trains to Memphis and New Orleans.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY — Union Depot, Seventh and river:

WEST AND SOUTHWEST.

"Southern's St. Louis Special," 9 a. m., daily, Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia and St. Louis. Returning arrives 7:15 p. m.

St. Louis Express, 7:43 a. m., daily, Evansville, Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia, St. Louis, Rockport and Cannelton. Returning ar. 5:45 p. m.

"World's Fair Flyer," 10:15 p. m., daily, Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia and St. Louis. Solid train to St. Louis. Returning ar. 7:10 a. m.

Evansville Express, 5:47 p. m., daily, Huntingburg, Rockport, Troy, Tell City, Cannelton, Evansville. Returning ar. 12:20 p. m.

SOUTH AND SOUTHEAST.

Florida Limited, 7:40 a. m., daily, Lexington, Knoxville, Asheville, Charleston, Chattanooga, Atlanta and Florida. Returning ar. 8:10 p. m.

Florida Special, 7:25 p. m., daily, Lexington, Knoxville, Asheville, Chattanooga, Atlanta and Birmingham. Returning ar. 8:50 a. m.

Accommodation, 3:50 p. m., daily, Shelbyville, Lawrenceburg, Harrodsburg, Burgin, Lexington, Versailles and Georgetown. Returning ar. 6:15 p. m.

Courier-Journal "Owl" train (No. 5), leave Louisville (Fourth st.) 3:30 a. m., daily; ar. Jeffersontown *3:49 a. m.; ar. Fisherville *4:00 a. m.; ar. Shelbyville 4:25 a. m.; ar. Lawrenceburg 5:05 a. m.; ar. Tyrone *5:09 a. m.; ar. Versailles 5:22 a. m.; ar. Lexington 5:45 a. m.

*Stops on flag signal.

Lexington, Georgetown and Burgin Express, daily, arrives 10:40 a. m.

B. AND O. S. W.—Union Depot, Seventh and river. Cincinnati and the East, St. Louis and the West. Effective May 15:

TO ST. LOUIS, SPRINGFIELD AND WEST.

"World's Fair Special," No. 46, 9:10 a. m., daily, Seymour, Mitchell, Washington, Vincennes, Springfield, St. Louis and West.

"The Night Flyer," No. 44, 11 p. m., daily, Seymour, Mitchell, Washington, Vincennes, Springfield, St. Louis and West.

"The Fast Mail," No. 14, 2:30 a. m., daily, Seymour, Mitchell, Washington, Vincennes, St. Louis and West.

TO CINCINNATI AND EAST.

No. 16, 8:10 a. m., daily, Cincinnati, Columbus, Detroit, Cleveland, Wheeling, Pittsburg, Buffalo, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

No. 18, 2:10 p. m., daily, Cincinnati, Columbus, Pittsburg, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

No. 20, 5:45 p. m., daily, Cincinnati, Columbus, Toledo, Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo.

No. 14, 2:30 a. m., daily, Cincinnati, Columbus, Toledo, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, Pittsburg, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

TRAINS ARRIVE.

From East, 7:55 a. m., 11:52 a. m., 5:35 p. m., 9:30 p. m. From West, 7:55 a. m., 11:52 a. m., 5:55 p. m., 9:30 p. m.

City ticket office, s. e. cor. Fourth and Main.

PENNSYLVANIA LINES — Station, Tenth and Broadway. Trains leave Fourteenth and Main streets 14 minutes later.

*Daily, except Sunday. All other trains daily. †Leave and arrive Fourteenth street only.

From Louisville to	Leave.	Arrive.
Indianapolis, local	† 6:25am	*11:50am
Indianapolis and Chicago	8:20am	7:10pm
Indianapolis, local	* 1:45pm	†10:25pm
Indianapolis, Pittsburg, Michigan and East	3:30pm	10:05am
Indianapolis and Chicago	8:15pm	7:00am

EAST VIA L. & N. AND PENNSYLVANIA. (From Tenth and Broadway Station only.)

	Leave.	Arrive.
From Louisville to Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington	1:00pm	11:40am
Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Washington and New York	4:20pm	2:45pm
Philadelphia, Pittsburg, New York and Washington	8:30am	9:20pm
Pittsburg, Washington, Philadelphia and New York	3:15am	7:35pm

BIG FOUR ROUTE (Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway)—Union Depot, Seventh and river:

FROM LOUISVILLE.

Daily, except Sunday, 8 a. m., for Indianapolis, Terre Haute, Mattoon, Chicago, Greensburg, Anderson, Alexandria, Wabash, Elkhart, Niles and Benton Harbor. Returning arrives at 6:30 p. m.

Daily, 8 p. m., for Greensburg, Indianapolis, Peoria, Lafayette and Chicago. Compartment sleeper to Chicago. Returning ar. 7:20 a. m.

FROM CINCINNATI.

No. 46, daily, 8:30 a. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York and Boston.

No. 26, "Twentieth Century Limited," daily, 2 p. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo and New York.

No. 18, daily, 6:30 p. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York and Boston.

No. 28, daily, 9:30 p. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York and Boston.

No. 6, daily, 8:30 a. m.; No. 10, daily, 1 p. m., and No. 2, daily, 9:45 p. m., for Dayton, Toledo and Detroit.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL — Union Depot, Seventh and river:

	Leave.	Arrive.
Memphis and New Orleans	9:40pm	7:50am
Memphis and New Orleans	12:01pm	7:00pm
Paducah and Fulton	7:25am	4:55pm
Central City Accom.	5:20pm	8:30am
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	7:25am	4:55pm
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	5:20pm	8:30am
Owensboro	12:01pm	8:30am
Hopkinsville	12:01pm	7:00pm
California points, through car Tuesdays	9:40pm	7:00pm

All trains run daily, except no Sunday service to Elizabethtown, Hodgenville or Owensboro.

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY — Union Depot, Seventh and river. City Ticket Office, 257 Fourth ave.:

F. F. V. LIMITED, daily, 8:30 a. m., for Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Richmond, Old Point Comfort and Norfolk. Returning ar. 8 p. m.

WASHINGTON EXPRESS, daily, 6 p. m., for Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Richmond, Old Point Comfort and Norfolk. Returning ar. 11 a. m.

LEXINGTON SHORT LINE, trains daily, 8:30 a. m. and 6 p. m., for Lexington, Winchester, Mt. Sterling and Eastern Kentucky. Returning ar. 8 p. m. and 11 a. m.

MONON ROUTE—Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville Railway—Union Station, Tenth and Broadway:

No. 6, daily, 7:36 a. m., for Bloomington, Lafayette and Chicago. Parlor and dining cars. Returning ar. 7:09 p. m.

No. 6, daily, 7:36 a. m., for French Lick. Returning arrives 7:09 p. m.

No. 8, daily, except Sunday, 2:51 p. m., for French Lick and Bloomington. Returning ar. 10:27 a. m.

No. 4, daily, 8:21 p. m., for Bloomington, Lafayette and Chicago. Returning ar. 6:59 a. m.

HENDERSON ROUTE — Louisville, Henderson and St. Louis Railway—Union Depot, Seventh and river:

No. 41, daily, 8:30 a. m., Daylight Limited, for St. Louis. Returning arrives 6:50 p. m.

No. 43, daily, 4:42 p. m., for Evansville and way stations. Returning arrives 12:35 p. m.

No. 45, daily, 9:00 p. m., Night Express, for St. Louis. Returning arrives 7:15 a. m.

No. 47, daily, 7:00 a. m., for Evansville and way stations. Returning arrives 9:45 p. m.

BEARGRASS RAILWAY CO.—Cars every hour between Louisville and Jeffersontown, between 6 a. m. and 9 p. m. Leave Sixth and Jefferson streets, Louisville, for Jeffersontown on the hour; leave Jeffersontown for Louisville on the hour.

PERSONAL.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

PERSONAL—FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. R. G. RAYMOND'S Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; relief in 3 to 5 days. We have never known of a single failure. Mail orders promptly filled. Price $2. DR. R. G. RAYMOND REMEDY CO., room 30, 84 Adams st., Chicago, Ill.

PERSONAL—HAVE YOUR HAND READ BY MADAME ZOMAR; SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. Parlors Hopkins Theater, main entrance, second floor, room 1. Hours 10 a. m. to 11 p. m. Readings, 50c.

BOARDING.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

BOARDING—Boarders, couples or gentlemen; desirable rooms, excellent board, every convenience, private family; no children. 1205 2d.

HIGH CLASS DRUGGISTS
AND — OTHERS.

The better class of druggists, everywhere, are men of scientific attainments and high integrity, who devote their lives to the welfare of their fellow men in supplying the best of remedies and purest medicinal agents of known value, in accordance with physicians' prescriptions and scientific formula. Druggists of the better class manufacture many excellent remedies, but always under original or officinal names and they never sell false brands, or imitation medicines. They are the men to deal with when in need of anything in their line, which usually includes all standard remedies and corresponding adjuncts of a first-class pharmacy and the finest and best of toilet articles and preparations and many useful accessories and remedial appliances. The earning of a fair living, with the satisfaction which arises from a knowledge of the benefits conferred upon their patrons and assistance to the medical profession, is usually their greatest reward for long years of study and many hours of daily toil. They all know that Syrup of Figs is an excellent laxative remedy and that it gives universal satisfaction, and therefore they are selling many millions of bottles annually to the well informed purchasers of the choicest remedies, and they always take pleasure in handing out the genuine article bearing the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package. They know that in cases of colds and headaches attended by biliousness and constipation and of weakness or torpidity of the liver and bowels, arising from irregular habits, indigestion, or over-eating, that there is no other remedy so pleasant, prompt and beneficial in its effects as Syrup of Figs, and they are glad to sell it because it gives universal satisfaction.

Owing to the excellence of Syrup of Figs, the universal satisfaction which it gives and the immense demand for it, imitations have been made, tried and condemned, but there are individual druggists to be found, here and there, who do not maintain the dignity and principles of the profession and whose greed gets the better of their judgment, and who do not hesitate to recommend and try to sell the imitations in order to make a larger profit. Such preparations sometimes have the name—"Syrup of Figs"—or "Fig Syrup" and of some piratical concern, or fictitious fig syrup company, printed on the package, but they never have the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of the package. The imitations should be rejected because they are injurious to the system. In order to sell the imitations they find it necessary to resort to misrepresentation or deception, and whenever a dealer passes off on a customer a preparation under the name of "Syrup of Figs" or "Fig Syrup," which does not bear the full name of the California Fig Syrup Co. printed on the front of the package, he is attempting to deceive and mislead the patron who has been so unfortunate as to enter his establishment, whether it be large or small, for if the dealer resorts to misrepresentation and and deception in one case he will do so with other medicinal agents, and in the filling of physicians' prescriptions, and should be avoided by every one who values health and happiness. Knowing that the great majority of druggists are reliable, we supply the immense demand for our excellent remedy entirely through the druggists, of whom it may be purchased everywhere, in original packages only, at the regular price of fifty cents per bottle, but as exceptions exist it is necessary to inform the public of the facts, in order that all may decline or return any imitation which may be sold to them. If it does not bear the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package, do not hesitate to return the article and to demand the return of your money, and in future go to one of the better class of druggists who will sell you what you wish and the best of everything in his line at reasonable prices.

FURNITURE, CARPETS.

Modern Hand-woven Oriental and Wilton **RUGS** Axminster, Velvet, Body and Tapestry Brussels.

Popular Prices, Unexcelled Qualities, **CURTAINS** Arabian, Duchesse, Irish Point, Swiss, Ruffled Nottingham.

New and Novel Patterns. Desirable Fabrics. **DRAPERIES** Silk Damask Tapestries, Silk and Cotton Rep, Madras, Cretonnes.

Offering correct FURNITURE at popular prices. Splendid line of Mahogany Colonial Bedroom Dressers, Chiffoniers, etc. Also Fumed Weathered and Golden Oak Dining-room and Library Suits. Complete assortment Box Couches.

W. H. McKnight, Sons & Co.

—(Incorporated)— FOURTH AVENUE AND WALNUT.

GEHER & SON 217 Market, Near Second

We have the largest, best and most varied assortment of **Stoves and Ranges**

We make a specialty of stoves made in Louisville, and in after years when your stove begins to need repairs you will appreciate such a stove.

COURIER-JOURNAL OFFICE BUILDING DIRECTORY

Elevator Sunday 9 a. m. to 12 m.

- **Louisville Loan Co.** ....Room 1.
- **Barber Shop**—Room 2, second floor. H. R. Cook, Proprietor.
- **Drs. Orendorf & Weber**—Suite No. 3, second floor. Hours 9 to 1, 3 to 6, 7 to 8. Sunday 9 to 12. Tel. 924.
- **Arts and Crafts Co.**—Misses Bruce. Rooms 4 and 5.
- **Dr. John R. Collier, Osteopath**—Nervous diseases a specialty. Hours 8 to 4. 'Phone Main 3733—A............Room 8.
- **The Colonial Security Company of St. Louis** (incorporated)—A. V. Christensen, Supt............Room 9.
- **National Life and Accident Ins. Co.**—W. A. Johnson, Supt............Room 10.
- **Madame Stokes, Complexionist.** Hours 9:30 to 12 and 1 to 5:30 p. m..Room 12.
- **Dr. Wm. N. Spohn**............Room 12. Hours 8:30 to 9:30 a. m., 12 to 1 and 6 to 7 p. m.
- **Dr. B. G. Rees, Dentist**—Telephone 3689 A............Rooms 14 and 15.
- **Wm. J. Watkins & Co.**—Press and Ornamental Brick, Coke, Coal, Iron......Room 16.
- **Val. P. Collins, Architect**.......Room 16.
- **New Louisville Jockey Club**...Room 17.
- **Dr. A. F. Pelle, Dentist. Dr. W. M. Coulson,** " } Room 19.
- **Western and Southern Life Ins. Co.**—Alex. Altsman, Supt....Rooms 20, 21 and 22.
- **Louisville Truss and Rupture Co.**—Tel. 218 A—Main............Room 24.
- **Dr. C. C. Godshaw**............Room 24. Hours 9 to 10 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m. Tel. Main 218 A.
- **Dr. J. W. Clark, Dentist**—Rooms 25 and 26. Telephone 3089—M.
- **Hunter & Hellman**—Fire Insurance. Rooms 27 and 28.
- **Dr. W. C. McManama, Osteopath.** Hours 9 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 4 p. m. Both 'phones............Room 29.
- **Geo. J. Monroe, M. D.**—Room 30. Hours 9 to 11:30 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m.; Sunday 9 to 10:30 a. m. 'Phone 3733 Y, Main.
- **Miss Kate Fitzgerald**—Purchasing Agent. Room 31.
- **Miss Mary McGinn**—Shoe Parlor. Custom work a specialty. Cumb. 3689 Z....Room 32.
- **Tinsley Engraving Co.**—Rooms 33, 34, 35, 36 and 36½.
- **Mrs. J. T. Pendleton, Modiste.** Rooms 38 and 39.
- **Dr. Sue N. Epperson, Osteopath.** Room 40. Office hours 9 to 12 and 2 to 4. 'Phone Main 3089 Y.
- **The Atelier Novelty Mfg. Co.**...Room 42.
- **A. S. Keller**............Room 43. Decorator in China and Porcelain.
- **P. T. Archer**—Commercial Photographer. Room 44½.
- **Dr. H. B. Green, Dentist**........Room 45.
- **Thos. E. Grove, Artist**—Portrait and Ivory Miniatures............Room 50.
- **Harvey Joiner, Artist**—Room 51. Paintings on exhibition. Visitors welcome, 10 to 1 o'clock.
- **Louisville Bureau of Designing**—Architects, Engineers and Artists. Tel. Main 3220—M............Rooms 52 and 53.
- **Inland Farmer**............Room 54.
- **John Herr Sutcliffe**—Advertising Agency. Room 55.
- **Miss Linda Nuss**—Stamping; Art Needlework; Shirt Waists; Children's Clothes. Room 56.
- **California Fruit Agency**—A. B. Cauldwell, Manager............Room 57.



ECONOMIST STAR, The Wonderful Double HOT BLAST, Air-Tight SMOKE CONSUMING STOVE. 18 Sizes and Styles. Sold by all dealers. Made only by Bridgeford & Co. 501 W. Main.

Wintersmith's Tonic is a specific for chills and fever.

Will You Support

Parker

or

Roosevelt?

No matter which—nor how the election goes to-day, a savings account here will

Support You

in your old age; and a dollar will start it; and you'll get compound interest on every dollar you put into it.

Ky. Title Savings Bank,

Fifth and Court Place.

Under same management as Ky. Title Co. In business 30 years.

STEAMSHIPS.

WHITE STAR LINE.
Fast Twin-Screw Steamers of 11,400 to 15,000 tons.
NEW YORK AND BOSTON
DIRECT TO THE MEDITERRANEAN VIA AZORES.

FROM NEW YORK:
REPUBLIC............Dec. 1, Jan. 14, Feb. 25
CRETIC............Dec. 12, Feb. 4, Mch. 18

FROM BOSTON:
CANOPIC............Nov. 19, Jan. 7, Feb. 18
ROMANIC............Dec. 10, Jan. 28, Mch. 11

First Class $65 upward.

For plans, etc., apply to J. PINK CUNEO, 336 W. Main st.; HUMMEL & MEYER, 307 W. Main st.; M. SHEEHAN, 1854 Portland ave., or any agent in Louisville or vicinity.

WINTER CRUISES

18 Different Cruises and Special Services to the **West Indies Mediterranean & Orient,**

By Twin-Screw Palatial Cruising Steamers From 18 to 76 days—$125 to $300 up.

Send for illustrated booklets, rates, etc., before deciding winter plans.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 37 Broadway, N. Y.

HUMMEL & MEYER, 307 W. Main St.
J. PINK CUNEO, 336 W. Main St.

1904 WHITE TOURING CAR.

In perfect condition, owner disposing of same on account close of season in the North, and having ordered a 1905 model. Baskets, acetylene headlights, extra tires; in fact, all accessories included. Address S. H. W., P. O. Box 824, New York.

A short trial will convince you that Wintersmith's Chill Tonic is a cure for chills, fever or dengue.

WE WANT YOUR MONEY

But will give you good reliable Lumber, Mill Work and Tanks in exchange for it. So good, in fact, that you will part from your cash without regret.

J. N. **STRUCK** & BRO.
BOTH PHONES 40.

MME. BUSH—HAIR STORE.
Graduate of New York School of Dermatology.
513 FOURTH AVENUE.

MUST ANSWER

Plea of Not Guilty Is Denied.

ALLEGED TAX DELINQUENTS.

IMPORTANT RULING MADE BY JUDGE GREGORY.

VICTORY FOR COMMONWEALTH

Under a decision delivered by County Judge James P. Gregory yesterday a suit to recover back taxes is not a penal action and a defendant cannot make answer to a petition merely by a plea of not guilty. The ruling was made in the case of George H. Alexander, revenue agent, against J. B. Speed to enforce collection of back taxes claimed to be due the State and county from the defendant on $2,000,000 worth of property he is said to have failed to list with the Assessor. This was but one of many suits brought during the past six months by Mr. Alexander against a number of the wealthiest citizens of Louisville and its largest business firms. General personalty, including bonds, stocks, notes, mortgages, etc., it is alleged, the individuals sued failed to list. The corporations are accused of having failed to list for their full cash accounts.

Instead of making answer to the statements filed by the Revenue Agent against each defendant, their attorneys merely entered pleas of not guilty in their behalf. They contended that a suit for back taxes was a criminal procedure and, therefore, they possessed the right to make the plea of not guilty and stand mute just as any defendant when arraigned for a crime in the Criminal Court. The burden of proof is thus placed entirely upon the Commonwealth. They argued that a suit for back taxes is a criminal action because of the 20 per cent. penalty which delinquents are forced to pay when taxes are collected in this manner.

* * *

Merely Civil Procedure.

Counsel for the Revenue Agent, however, contended that the action was merely a civil procedure, and that the defendants should be compelled to answer and could be sworn and placed upon the stand and questioned as to alleged omissions in their schedules. It was represented that the Commonwealth did not allow the 20 per cent. as a punishment to the delinquent as a penalty, but merely as costs to reimburse the Revenue Agent and his counsel for bringing the action. In rendering his decision Judge Gregory orders the plea of not guilty stricken from the files. He held in accordance with the claims of the Commonwealth's counsel that the 20 per cent. penalty was not for punishment, but merely in the nature of an allowance for costs. He reaches this conclusion by a review of the history of the act which was passed in 1892 and the one prior to it.

The defendants are now compelled to file replies and will be subject to examination on the witness stand. Before the cases proceed further, however, the defendants' attorneys may make some test of the ruling. According to the Commonwealth's attorney, they cannot appeal on the ruling, because it is not a final order in the case. They are of the opinion that the cases will now have to be tried out on their merits before they can go to the higher courts. Defendants' attorneys, however, say that they will make some test of the ruling as soon as possible. The question was fought out by a great array of counsel on both sides, especially for the defense, and the victory for the Revenue Agent is looked upon as an important one. For the Revenue Agent were Benjamin F. Washer, Harry N. Peckenpaugh and Mat Holt. On the other side were Humphrey, Hines & Humphrey, Kohn, Baird & Spindle, Dodd & Dodd, O'Neal & O'Neal, Gibson, Marshall & Gibson, Major D. W. Sanders, Strother & Hardin, Pirtle & Trabue, Doolan & Cox and Matt Holt.

* * *

Some of Those Sued.

Followings are some of the more prominent individuals sued, the valuation sued on and the amounts sworn to by them in their respective schedules as their total personalty for 1904:

C. P. Moorman, $500,000, returned $30,000; Harry Bishop, $1,000,000, returned $125; James Ross Todd, $500,000 returned $5,100; Howard Burford, $500,000, returned $3,400; J. B. Speed, $2,000,000, returned $3,250; Edward Ferguson, $250,000, returned $2,560; Basil Doerhoefer, $250,000, returned $10,000; J. H. Caperton, $250,000, returned $965; J. J. Douglas, $250,000, returned $27,000; J. L. Smyser, no return; C. C. Mengel, $100,000, no return; Mrs. Ferdinand Pfingst, $100,000, returned $6,000; W. J. Hogan, $1,000,000, returned $40,000; Mrs. W. J. Hogan, $1,000,00, no return.

Some of the corporations sued and the alleged value of personalty sued on are as follows:

W. B. Belknap & Co., $300,000; S. Grabfelder & Co., $500,000; J. M. Robinson, Norton & Co., $200,000; Paul Jones & Co., $25,000; Stewart Dry Goods Company, $100,000; Bernheim Distilling Company, $750,000; Old Kentucky Distilling Company, $500,000; Kaufman-Straus Company, $100,000; Rhodes-Burford Company, $100,000; Peaslee-Gaulbert Company, $200,000; Kentucky Wagon Manufacturing Company, $250,000; Byrne & Speed, $50,000; Louisville Jockey Club, $100,000 (on franchise); Ouerbacker-Gilmore Company, $100,000; Mutual Life Insurance Company, $1,000,000; Kentucky Title Company, $1,000,000.

The total valuation sued on is $13,640,000.

SEELBACH HOTEL COMPANY INCREASES ITS CAPITAL.

At a recent meeting of the stockholders, the capital stock of the new Seelbach Hotel was increased from $550,000 to $650,000, this additional $100,000 being deemed a necessary expenditure by the Building Committee, of which J. L. Smyser is chairman. The stockholders first voted an increase in the capital stock from $500,000 to $550,000, but the papers were never filed in the County Court. When the need of further expenditure was explained to the stockholders, the additional $100,000 was authorized, and the sum immediately subscribed by the members of the Seelbach Hotel Company, of whom there are fifty, Charles Vogt being president, and F. A. Henry, secretary and treasurer.

Mr. Fanning's Programme.

Mr. Fanning's selections for the concert at the Woman's Club next Friday evening will comprise numbers by Victor Herbert, Planquette, Von Suppe, Schubert, Richard Strauss, Ries Clustsam, Kjerulf, Claribel, Korbay, Wileby Loud, White and Bruhns, besides old Scotch, Irish, Scandinavian and Hungarian melodies. The Apollo Club will sing the Bedouin Song, by Arthur Foote, and Handel's Largo arranged to the words of "Trust in the Lord."

Mrs. Newton G. Crawford will accompany Mr. Fanning, and Frederick A. Cowles will be the accompanist of the Apollo Club.

The proceeds of the concert will be devoted to the work of the Ladies' Missionary Society of the Second Presbyterian church.

CUBAN

Congress Opens Auspiciously For Winter Session.

PRESIDENT READS MESSAGE.

CONGRATULATES THE COUNTRY ON ITS TRANQUILLITY.

NO REFERENCE TO POLITICS.

Havana, Nov. 7.—The winter session of Congress opened to-day promisingly. In sharp contrast to the rows and disinclination to legislate, which characterized the summer session, the members of the minority party occupied their seats in full force. Nationalist leaders have informed the Associated Press that it is not their intention to pursue their former obstructive tactics. There were less than half a dozen absentees in each house, and the proceedings were characterized by friendliness.

In his message President Palma, after a lengthy review of the condition of the republic, outlined leading matters requiring action by Congress. The message made no reference to the political situation. In mentioning the progress that has been made in paying 50 per cent. of what is due the veterans, the total, amounting to $28,500,000, President Palma asked Congress to decide in what manner the remaining half should be raised or to suggest other mode of settlement. The President called attention to the fact that the Platt amendment would not permit Cuba to incur debt unless the ordinary receipts of the treasury were sufficient to pay off the sinking fund and interest, adding that as the present sources above the ordinary expenses are practically absorbed by the first loan, Cuba cannot create a new loan except through increasing taxes. The President suggests that the difficulty might be obviated by the creation of a perpetual debt bearing interest at 3 per cent. per annum, which the Government could be authorized to sink after twenty-five years, or to liquidate sooner if the means became available.

* * *

Health Conditions.

President Palma called attention to Cuba's responsibility under the Platt amendment for proper sanitation throughout the island, and stated that the executive department must assume general charge of all sanitation in order to secure uniform and effective results. Consequently Congress should appropriate sufficient money for the purpose and authorize definite executive control thereof.

The President reported that health conditions were as satisfactory as last year, with the exception that there had been a number of cases of diphtheria in certain localities in the province of Santiago, which disappeared as the result of special sanitary measures. The mortality the past ten months in Havana district was 21.20 per thousand and throughout he island 16.37. The one case of yellow fever had been disposed of and had not originated in Cuba. The sanitary department, the President said, is preparing new regulations to be carried out under executive authority.

President Palma alluded with pride to the gold medals awarded by the Louisiana Purchase Exposition at St. Louis to Cuba's sanitary department.

* * *

Budget of Expenses.

President Palma submitted the budget of expenses for next year, amounting to $19,000,000, of which he proposed to devote $2,500,000 for the construction of new roads and bridges. The message stated that if the customs revenues continue as heavy as at present the Executive will ask $20,000,000 for 1906. The special internal tax on liquors, matches, etc., levied for the payment of the present loan, now yields $3,360,000 annually, with a surplus of $1,270,000 above the amount needed. If the export duty authorized to be placed on sugar and cigars were also enforced it would yield upward of $500,000 more. In view of the situation in Cuba, President Palma asked for an appropriation of $266,150 to relieve the financial difficulties of the Van Horne railroad, which penetrates the heart of Cuba, and to place it on a sounder basis.

President Palma congratulates Congress upon the country's tranquility, which he attributes to the patriotism and confidence of the people in the Government, and which has attracted an influx of capital that is developing Cuba's resources and industries.

* * *

Schools Increasing.

The President compliments the military establishment and the various Government departments, especially referring to the Public Works, the State and Educational Departments. The number of schools has reached 3,600, with 120,000 pupils, an increase for the year of 10,000 pupils. The agricultural station, under the management of United States agricultural experts, is developing a high degree of usefulness.

The President urges the passage of the pending bill for the promotion of the immigration of white laborers.

TAX QUESTION

INVOLVING LOUISVILLE TRACTION COMPANY'S STOCK.

A Test Suit Brought By Agreement To Settle the Point.

A suit to test the question of whether the stock of the Louisville Traction Company is taxable was filed yesterday by Sheriff E. T. Schmitt. John Stites, president of the Fidelity Trust Company, is made defendant to the suit, which was brought against him individually. It is alleged that he holds $4,700 worth of stock which he failed to list with the County Assessor for taxation.

The action is brought by agreement between S. W. Hager, State Auditor, and the Louisville Traction Company, which is anxious to have the matter finally passed upon by the Court of Appeals. The Louisville Traction Company is the holding company for the Louisville Railway Company. The stock of the latter corporation is admitted to be nontaxable because the Louisville Railway Company pays taxes on its physical property. The statutes especially exempt the stock of such companies. The question is whether the traction company's stock, which merely stands in the place of the Louisville Railway Company's, is taxable, while the Louisville Railway Company's stock is not taxable.

If your proposition is one that will appeal to people of practical business sense it will pay you to place it in our "Business Chance" column. If it is not we don't want it there—nor would it pay you to have it there.

TRYING

To Agree On a Concerted Plan of Action

AGAINST THE WHISKY TRUST.

INDEPENDENTS SAY THEY WILL BE IN THE CUTTING.

QUOTATION REMAINS $1.24.

Peoria, Ill., Nov. 7.—No whisky quotations were posted on the Board of Trade to-day and none will be hereafter, at least until the whisky war is over. The independents announced today that they had agreed among themselves to maintain the basing price at $1.24, and that no attention will be paid to the price of $1.23 as announced by Col. Kinsinger, the trust manager of this city. The war among the independents therefore has come to a temporary halt. Jobbers are laying in large stocks at the present price, realizing that when the war is over the price will suddenly leap back to the old figure.

The agreement to keep the figures at $1.24 is said to apply only as between the independents, Woolner & Co., Corning & Co. and Clark Bros. & Co., and that when it comes to fighting the trust for business that the figures of $1.23 announced by their manager will be met and cut still lower.

The truce therefore, is of little moment save as giving the three independents time to formulate some concerted plan of action against the trust. The trust officials announce no modification of their plan of driving the independents out of business.

Cincinnati, Nov. 7.—The official quotation for whisky in Cincinnati remains at the basis price of $1.24. Twelve hundred and fifty barrels were reported to-day by the representatives of the independents at that price. When a representative of the whisky trust quoted the sale of 146 barrels on a basis of $1.23, the sale was challenged, and upon appeal to the superintendent of the Chamber of Commerce, the sale was suspended pending a hearing to be given to-morrow. This action leaves the official quotation at $1.24.

Demurrer Sustained.

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 7.—The Supreme Court to-day sustained the demurrer of the Jersey City and Barber Street Railway Company in the suit brought by the city of Jersey City against that company to recover unpaid car license fees of $10 per year per car, amounting in all to nearly $100,000. The demurrer set up the statutes of limitation, and under the court's decision Jersey City can now prosecute its suit to recover these unpaid fees for the past six years. The company refused to pay the fees, contending that a law passed by the New Jersey Legislature relieved them from further payment. A similar decision was rendered in the suit of Jersey City against the Consolidated Traction Company.

Electric Line Assured.

Harrodsburg, Ky., Nov. 7.—The people of this city are greatly elated over the prospects of an electric railway system connecting Harrodsburg, Danville, Junction City, Stanford, Lancaster and Perryville, and giving these towns direct connection with and competitive rates over both the Southern and L. and N. railroads. It is said that the plans of Mr. Snyder, who has been granted a franchise to build an electric line to Junction City, contemplates the building of such a line mentioned above, and Harrodsburg will at once take steps to have the line built and will do her part in the matter.

Miners Resume Work.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 7.—Reports received at State office of the United Mine Workers of America are to the effect that all coal miners in the two northern districts of the State have resumed work, the hoisting engineers who were out having voted to resume work. The principal mines around Peoria and Pana are working, but in the Springfield and the Chicago Alton subdistricts the mines are still idle except those independent mines which made terms with the hoisting engineers.

Furnace Statistics.

Younstown, O., Nov. 7.—J. G. Butler, Jr., chairman of the Bessemer Pig Iron Association, announces that on November 1, 187 furnaces, users of Lake Superior ore, reported to the association. Of this number 131 are in blast and 56 out of blast. The furnaces in blast represent a daily capacity of 41,515 tons and the furnaces out of blast a daily capacity of 13,225 tons. The capacity in blast November 1 was 75 per cent.

No Agreement Reached.

Fall River, Mass., Nov. 7.—Representatives of the Fall River cotton manufacturers and the striking operatives held another conference to-day, but were unable to reach an agreement so that as far as the negotiations are concerned, the situation is unchanged. The mills will be opened November 14 as previously decided upon, to give the strikers an opportunity to go to work under a 12½ per cent. cut.

Dividends Declared.

Philadelphia, Nov. 7.—The Board of Directors of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company to-day declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 3½ per cent, and a stock allotment of 10 per cent, to holders of record November 9. Subscriptions to the new allotment must be made and paid for in full between November 21 and December 3. After the latter date the privilege will cease.

The Strike Declared Off.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 7.—In an order issued this afternoon, Mack Taylor, president of the Hoisting Engineers' Union of Illinois, declares the strike of the hoisting engineers off in obedience to a referendum vote, which resulted 750 to 315 in favor of returning to work. The question of joining the United Mine Workers of America will be submitted to a referendum vote.

Sale of Bessemer Iron.

Youngstown, O., Nov. 7.—The Bessemer Pig Iron Association has sold to independent concerns, Jones & Laughlin, Lackawanna Steel Company and Youngstown Iron, Sheet and Tube Company, 50,000 tons of Bessemer iron. The price was $13.50 furnace. Small lots have been sold at $14.

Will Adopt New System.

Toledo, O., Nov. 7.—The coal roads represented in the Ohio Coal Traffic Association have agreed to abolish on December 1 the system of reconsigning coal at distributing points and particularly at Toledo. Notices are being sent out by the various railroads today.

Big Sale of Stock.

Owensboro, Ky., Nov. 7.—[Special.]—Mr. C. W. Bransford, vice president of the Owensboro Wagon Company, has sold $20,000 of stock in the company to Robert and Andrew Brodie. Mr. Bransford received $40,000 for the stock.

A Whaler's Big Catch.

San Francisco, Nov. 7.—The whaling steamer Belvedere, Capt. Tilton, has arrived here, twenty-three days out from Fox Island. Her catch is reported to have been 5,280 pounds of bone.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, Nov. 7.—To-day's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the Division of Redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $145,605,142; gold, $85,100,228.

Great Britain's Trade.

London, Nov. 7.—The October statement of the Board of Trade shows an increase of $8,798,000 in imports and a decrease of $2,087,500 in exports.

PROMOTIONS FOR SOUTHERN RAILWAY EMPLOYES.

A. L. Stalcup, during the past four years chief dispatcher in the Louisville offices of the Southern railway, has resigned his position, and has been succeeded by J. G. Kesheimer, who has been one of the dispatchers under Mr. Stalcup. Mr. Stalcup resigns to accept another position, in itself a promotion, and which throws him in line for further advancement. His new position is with one of the Northern railroads, and will probably cause his removal from Louisville. R. H. Shivell, a Southern operator, has been promoted to the dispatcher's offices, filling the vacancy made by Mr. Kesheimer's promotion.

DISTRIBUTING

CIRCULARS DIRECTED AGAINST BILL OF LADING.

Board of Trade Directors Take Further Steps In Their Fight.

In accordance with action taken by the Board of Directors of the Louisville Board of Trade at their last meeting, the following preamble and resolution have been printed in circular form, and will to-day be sent to all persons interested in the movement:

Whereas, It has come to the notice of the members of this Board of Trade that shippers in Central Traffic Association territory will, after January 1, 1905, be compelled to accept bills of lading with the words, "not negotiable," printed across the face thereof, which, it is said, will destroy in many instances the commercial value of the paper, and will, on that account, work a great hardship on and cause a serious restriction in the business of many shippers in this and other cities, who have, by long-established custom, been able to use the same as collateral in banking operations; and,

Whereas, Under the provision of the proposed bill of lading, shippers will also be compelled to attach their signatures thereto, which signatures, in addition to that of the railroad company or its agent, will, it is said, make the bill of lading a valid contract legalizing every provision contained therein, and thus practically release the carrier from all responsibility for traffic during transit and afterward; or, in default of signing such bill of lading, then 20 per cent. will be added to the published tariff rates as a penalty, and the shipment will then be carried subject only to common law liability as at present; thus in effect forcing upon shippers an advance in rates on every commodity carried; and,

Whereas, We believe that the use of the bill of lading as proposed will be detrimental to the commercial interests of this city, and an unnecessary and uncalled-for restriction upon trade generally; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the directors of this Board of Trade recommend to its own members and all shippers in the aforesaid territory that they shall decline to sign the uniform bill of lading; and, if compelled to do so, then to sign it under protest. And we further recommend that all receivers of freight decline to honor drafts for any commodity having attached thereto this uniform bill of lading.

Copies of these preambles and resolution to be sent to Chairman Tucker, of the Central Traffic Association, and to the local representatives of all railways centering in Louisville; also to the Interstate Commerce Commission, and to all commercial bodies interested in these proceedings. By order.

THEO. AHRENS, President.

* * *

Further Step In Fight.

The sending of the circulars is a further step in the fight being waged by Board of Trade and commercial bodies throughout the territory affected by the proposed measure. Organizations and shippers in the territory traversed by the Central Traffic Association are more vitally interested in the success of the protest which has arisen, but they are also receiving encouragement and moral support from shippers in other territory. This latter class, while not affected at present, believe that should the proposed bill of lading be put into effect and maintained by the Central Traffic Association it would be merely a question of time until the same measure would confront them. In aiding in the present fight they assert that they are taking a precautionary measure which will be worth a mountain of cure.

The two features set out in the resolution are denounced in most vehement terms by all shippers, but it is claimed by grain men that the small shippers will be the ones to suffer most—those who depend upon the money usually obtained by depositing the bill of lading in the bank to pay their immediate expenses. It is the intention of the Board of Trade to reach each shipper in the territory by means of the circular containing the resolution, and to arouse the interest of all who will be affected. The feeling still exists that the bill of lading will, under the pressure brought to bear, be modified to an acceptable form before January 1.

Pullman Conductor Dead.

Thomas Kane, who was employed as a Pullman car conductor on the Iron Mountain route, running out of St. Louis, died yesterday at 1 o'clock after a protracted illness of a complication of diseases. His death occurred at his home, 1729 West Market street. Mr. Kane moved to Louisville a month ago, after having given up his position on account of failing health. He is survived by a widow and one child. He was thirty-two years old. The funeral will be held at 9 o'clock this morning at the residence, and the burial will be in St. Louis cemetery.

Dr. Steedman's Name Stands.

Judge Gregory yesterday overruled a motion to strike the name of Dr. J. B. Steedman from the poll books which had been made by the Republicans. Dr. Steedman is a member of the State Board of Valuation and Assessment and registered from the Galt House. Because he has a farm in Oldham county, to which he goes occasionally, the Republicans claimed that he had no right to vote here. This claim was made in spite of the fact that Dr. Steedman has regarded the Galt House as his official residence for a number of years.

Real Estate Transfers.

M. R. Scully to R. T. Durrett, 18 feet, south side Main street, 210 feet ast of Sixteenth, $13,000.

Thomas Butler, etc., by Commissioner, to H. C. Hess, 20 feet south side Market and Brook streets, $8,625.

Alexander Bros., to C. C. Early, 65 feet, east side Second street, 254 feet south of Burnett, $4,050.

G. E. Hungerland to Ben O. Ford, 35 feet, east side Coral, 150 feet north of Onyx, $2,075.

Bruce Hoblitzell to L. B. Crowder, 30 feet, south side L street, 180 feet east of Seventh, $1,600.

B. W. Woods' executor to Fred Gohmann, 200 feet, east side Kentucky street and Sylvan avenue, $750.

William Martin to John Beninger, 24 feet, north side Chestnut street, 100 feet west of Clay, $500.

M. R. Scally to J. H. Kalb, 20 feet, south side Market street, between Brook and First, $13,250.

Philip Weehrether to F. L. Borntraeger, 37 feet, southeast side Lee avenue, 200 feet southwest of Hemlock lane, $187.

J. S. Waters to W. W. Hobson, one acre, Jefferson county, $120.

Columbia Finance and Trust Co. to Nellie M. Miller, lot 18, Homeview subdivision, $195.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

Monday Evening, Nov. 7.—While business with the banks was active to-day, it consisted mainly of the heavy counter transactions incident to Monday, and the large mails generally received on the first day of the week. There was some out-of-town borrowing demand, but generally speaking the inquiry for credit was limited to normal proportions. Louisville banks will shortly be decidedly in favor of this city, notwithstanding any drain that is yet to come from the handling of the tobacco crop. In New York rates for time loans were a shade firmer to-day, but no change is noted there in the comfortable situation which has prevailed in the money market for some little time.

New York exchange is quoted locally at par.

The report of the Clearing-house to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing	$1,958,521
Balance	276,142

The market for securities proved more active than early indications promised, sales of bonds aggregating $72,000 par value, and of stocks 825 shares. There was some realizing in bonds, but prices were generally firm and unchanged. The favorite buying in the stock list was in the Rochesters, sales of Rochester Railway and Light common amounting to 500 shares at prices ranging all the way from 47¼ to 48½. The latter sale was made during the afternoon, the stock being purchased in Philadelphia, where it is firmly held at 48, according to a telegram to a local broker. Rochester Railway and Light preferred was also strong, with one sale at 81½, and bids at the close of 81 failing to bring out any offerings. A spurt was noted in Home Telephone stock, with a sale reported as high as 22½. Toledo Railways and Light sold in New York at 25¾ and a round lot later sold there at 26½. St. Louis United Railways preferred was stronger, being quoted at 67¾@68 in St. Louis, with Transit unchanged. The underwriting was quoted to-day at 106 bid and 107 asked, with the last sale at 106 and the market having a firm tone. While East St. Louis and Suburban did not sell, it would probably bring 81@81½. San Francisco Railways preferred sold in New York at 60½ and 61, later reacting to 60¾, which is about a point below recent quotations. Louisville Traction common was unchanged, being nominally quoted at 71½. Detroit did not sell to-day.

Louisville having no exchange where daily prices for securities are established, the following sales reported to-day are published for what they may be worth:

$11,000 Rochester Ry. and Light 5s	*94½
$5,000 St. Louis United Ry. 4s	85½
$4,000 L. and N. collateral trust 4s	97½
$3,000 Southern Railway 5s	118¼
$1,000 K. and I. first mor. 5s	*104¼
$1,000 City of Louisville 3s	*89½
$2,000 Southern Railway 5s	118¼
$10,000 L. and N. collateral trust 4s	97¾
$10,000 Consolidated Tobacco 4s	75¼
$10,000 American Tobacco 4s	63⅝
$1,000 Ind. Long Dis. Tel. 5s	65
$3,000 Rochester Railway and Light 5s	*94½
$4,000 Home Telephone 5s	80½
$7,000 Springfield Ry. and Light 5s	*95½
100 shares Roch. Ry. and Light com.	48¼
110 shares Home Telephone	22½
100 shares Toledo Rys. and Light	26¼
100 shares Roch. Ry. and Light com	47¾
100 shares Rochester Ry. & Light com	47¾
75 shares Rochester Ry. pref.	109¾
50 shares Rochester Ry. & Light pref	81½
100 shares Rochester Ry. & Light com	47¼
100 shares Rochester Ry. & Light com	47½

*And interest.

The suit filed this afternoon by Sheriff Schmitt to test whether or not Louisville Traction stock is taxable as personalty will result in the settlement of a question about which there has been some division of opinion. While the Louisville Traction Company is chartered under the laws of New Jersey, all of its property is owned in this State. It claims exemption from taxation on its capital stock for the reason that it pays taxes on its property. The defense will be that to tax the holders on the stock would be double taxation. Judge Alex. P. Humphrey, who will defend the suit, states that it is well known that holders of L. and N. stock, and of bank and trust company stocks, do not have to pay taxes on them, as the property they represent is taxed by the State. There is a statute, he says, which prohibits taxation of the stock if the property is taxed, and that it has been the policy of Kentucky to either tax the holders of stock or the property which it represents, and not both. The Louisville Traction Company has no property except the Louisville Railway stock, which it acquired at the time of formation, and which makes it the virtual owner of the property subjecte to bonded indebtedness. If the highest court should decide that Louisville Traction is taxable the next step would probably be to amend the charter of the Louisville Railway Company and increase its capitalization, doing away with the holding company in New Jersey.

A sale appears in the New York bond list to-day of $10,000 St. Louis United Railway 4s at 87. It is possibly an error, as local brokers were unable this afternoon to secure confirmation, and that price would mean an advance of 1½ points over the St. Louis market.

The Rand gold output in October is estimated at 332,000 ounces, an increase of 20,000 ounces over September. There is expected a still more marked increase this month. The estimated value of the October output is $6,640,000, against $6,245,720 in September, and $6,245,540 in August. The largest monthly output of Transvaal gold on record was 450,109 ounces, in August, 1899, valued at $9,194,180. Production for the ten months, with October comparisons, is as follows:

		Ounces.			Ounces.
October,	1904	332,000	October,	1903	274,544
Sept.,	1904	312,283	October,	1902	181,439
August,	1904	312,277	October,	1901	33,293
July,	1904	307,840	October,	1900	None.
June,	1904	309,219	October,	1899	19,906
May,	1904	314,480	October,	1898	400,791
April,	1904	305,946	October,	1897	274,175
March,	1904	308,242	October,	1896	199,889
Feb.,	1904	289,502	October,	1895	192,652

Looking at the money market from a short-distance view, says the New York Journal of Commerce, it would appear that the very rapid increase in the circulation in recent months and the assurance that the seasonable return of cash from crop sections to banking centers will shortly be on in full volume, will enable depository banks to respond without inconvenience to the prospective recall of deposits by the Treasury. There is always the possibility of a surface disturbance in money at the turn of the year, but a very general disinclination among borrowers to contract loans maturing in December indicates that the amount of indebtedness which will be due at that time will be comparatively small. The prospect now seems favorable to comparative ease in the money market until another spring, when an expansion of the volume of general trade may bring seasonable demands upon the credit supply.

It is stated that arrangements have been completed for the retirement of the Detroit Citizens' 5s, and the directors of the Detroit United Railway will early next spring increase the dividend on this stock.—(Wall Street Journal.

According to the figures which have passed under the review of the United States Investor, the bond sales for the month of October amounted to $32,302,418, not including temporary loans. Of this amount $31,463,818 were issued by cities and towns and $838,600 by counties. This amount shows an increase of $13,796,254.05 from the $17,607,563.95 reported for the month of September, and an increase of $22,943,308 reported for the month of October, 1903. Of the larger issues we note one of $800,000 by Jersey City, N. J.; one of $680,000 by Providence, R. I.; one by Trenton, N. J., of $569,000; one by Buffalo, N. Y., of $458,000; one by Baltimore, Md., of $463,412; one by Columbus, O., of $290,000; one of $231,000 by Harrison, N. J.; one by Lawrence, Mass., of $200,000.

Railroad earnings continue to show improvement. Total gross earnings of all United States roads reporting for the three weeks of October are $24,401,033, a gain of 7.6 per cent. over last year. For the three weeks of September earnings of the same roads were 6.5 per cent. larger than in the corresponding period last year, while for the month of September, with many leading systems in all sections of the United States included, earnings show a gain of only 3.8 per cent. Below is given earnings of all United States roads reporting for the three weeks of October, compared with last year, and earnings for practically the same roads for the three weeks of September; also earnings of leading railroads

in the United States reporting for the month of September and the two preceding months:

	1904.			P.C.
Oct., 3 weeks...	$24,491,033	Gain	$1,726,108	7.6
Sept., 3 weeks..	20,167,192	Gain	1,226,905	6.5
Sept., month....	90,536,850	Gain	2,857,094	3.8
Aug., month....	83,413,718	Gain	1,061,986	1.3
July, month.....	77,401,155	Loss	3,852,928	4.7

MANUFACTURING CONCERNS COVERING PIG IRON REQUIREMENTS FOR THE COMING YEAR.

The heavy sales of pig iron in all districts at prices recorded a week ago have been followed by further advances in most quarters, and the buying movement as yet has shown no signs of halting, according to Rogers, Brown & Co. The process of covering for next year's requirements of raw materials on the part of large manufacturing concerns has continued, and reports from the makers of railroad equipment, heavy machinery and pipe indicate that their expectations of increased orders for finished material are beginning to be realized. Rolling mills report increased orders, and even the shipbuilding trade seems hopeful of good business during the coming year. The average foundryman, too, seems to have made up his mind that he will need considerable pig iron before the winter is out, and that it is time to stock up. Those who have not believed that the advance in prices was warranted by conditions have laid stress on the fact that the recent buying movement was largely accounted for by this desire on the part of consumers to lay in stocks, and claim that it did not indicate an actual increase in consumption. It would appear, however, from the rate in which shipments are actually being made, and also from the last reports of business in finished materials, that the present rate of consumption is to be at least maintained. The last advances, however, have placed most Northern irons on a basis of $15 for No. 2 foundry at the furnace, and it is only to be expected that this will check buying temporarily. Southern furnacemen have shown a disposition during the past week to sell more liberally than they have done for some time past, and to be satisfied with securing $12, Birmingham, for their stocks and output for the first part of next year. Producers in the North will also be inclined to sell more liberally at the last figures, so that there would appear to be no immediate danger of a scarcity in the regular foundry grades. High silicon irons and also basic are undeniably scarce, and it is quite probable that these grades will see relatively higher prices.

WALL STREET BRIEFS.

All grades of copper advanced ⅛@¼c per pound.

None of the exchanges of the country will be open to-morrow.

United States Steel orders booked at rate of 30,000 tons a day since November 1.

Pennsylvania earnings for nine months equal to 8 per cent. on stock.

American Cotton Oil report for the year ended August 31 shows net profits of $979,835; for 1903 $1,665,081.

Railroad earnings reported to-day were as follows:

Missouri, Kansas and Texas earnings for the fourth week of October show an increase of $162,425.

Louisville and Nashville for the fourth week of October shows a decrease of $77,652; month increase $47,000; from July 1 increase $154,480.

MARKET LETTERS.

New York.—To-day's stock market was extremely unusual, both as regards activity and strength for a market on the eve of a national election. The most active speculation was conducted in the industrial quarter, with the Iron and Steel and Collateral stocks the leading features of this list. New records on the year's movement were made by United States Steels, the common showing a disposition to develop independent leadership. Tennessee Coal and Iron advanced about six points. C. I. P., R. B. C., Steel Foundries and Colorado Fuel and Iron made more or less extensive advances. Strength was also shown by Amalgamated International Paper, Sugar and other industrial specialties. The railway list was less of a favorite than usual, but the advances in leading issues exceeded a point. There were some sharp reactions in the last hour on the taking of profits. In the final dealings, however, bidding was resumed throughout the list and the market closed strong on the rally.—(Hutton & Co. to John L. Dunlap.

New York.—Stocks continued firm throughout the afternoon, with further gains in many important issues, including the Steels and Tennessee Coal and Iron, the last-named five points above yesterday's closing. The standard railroad list also ended with good advances. As we intimated at noon, the feeling is that stocks will open up all around on Wednesday, and prices may be carried some further even in the face of heavy profit-taking sales, which are expected to occur. Fresh news from steel manufacturing centers indicates that orders are coming in with a rush, and sellers are exceedingly independent. The buying of Steel shares all day was of a very confident character, and was participated in by leading men who should be in a position to get good inside information. They are the key to the stock market for the time being.—(C. I. Hudson & Co. to John W. & D. S. Green.

New York.—Under the influences of London's strength and buying, the start was a strong one, operations centering largely in Steels, with Tennessee Coal and Iron, Colorado Fuel and Iron and Republic Steel following, activity also developing in corn products due to its splendid trade outlook on the shortage of beet sugars and an enormous corn crop. Manhattan and Brooklyn Rapid Transit were bullish features. St. Paul was taken on, due to the belief of a large short interest. Missouri Pacific, Atchison and Rock Island also developed bullish features. Bullish talk was heard on the Harriman stocks, as well as on Atchison, and the Gould issues, while there were predictions for a decided upturn in Brooklyn Rapid Transit. The buying of Steel common was tremendous, and it looked as if Boston was taking on Amalgamated Copper. Buying of St. Paul, Union Pacific, Missouri Pacific and Reading was of a good character, while Eries and the coalers were in excellent demand. There was some realizing all around the room late in the day, mostly in the way of evening up over election, but the big men of the street stood by their guns.—(Ware & Leland.

New York.—The market closed at about the best prices of the day. There was some little profit-taking, causing fractional losses in some of the active issues. At no time did the market halt or show any hesitation. Steel stocks were again prominent, and were by far the leaders. Tennessee Coal and Iron advanced at one time 5¼ points over Saturday's close. The general market took its tone from the Steel issues and kindred stocks. The tone of the market is very gratifying to the bull leaders, as much profit-taking and irregularity were expected on this, the last day before election. Commission-house business showed some little increase.—(Harriman & Co. to W. L. Lyons & Co.

New York.—The strongest stocks were the steel and iron and the manufacturing industrials. The strength spread to the general list, with the buying of Union Pacific a conspicuous feature. The market is tending to an increase in activity.—(Ex. Norton & Co. to J. J. B. Hilliard & Son.

New York.—The market reacted somewhat toward the close on profit-taking, but there was no evidence of pronounced weakness. On the whole the situation looks sound and encouraging.—(Kelley, Miller & Co. to Almstedt Bros.

New York.—Buying was general on the expectation that the market would open higher Wednesday, and continue its upward course. Reports have been coming in steadily during the past week attesting improvement in nearly all branches of trade, which, it is believed, will have their effect after the election. The attitude of banking interests is decidedly favorable to higher prices, as is indicated by their willingness to furnish plenty of cheap money to carry on the bull campaign. The belief here is that a broad and advancing market will follow the election, as conditions at this time are entirely favorable to such a movement. Public interest is likely to be largely increased, and from this time on deliberation will be a feature of the market. We think that a trading position on the long side will be the safest and most conservative course to pursue, buying on the reactions and taking fair profits on the bulges.—A. O. Brown & Co. to Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.

NEW YORK BOND SALES

(Reported by W. L. Lyons & Co.)

Am. Tobacco 4s, ctfs.
$309,000 .... 63⅝
$85,000 .... 63¾
$97,000 64
$55,000 .... 64⅛
$3,000 .... 64¼
Am. Tobacco 6s, ctfs.
$13,000 ....106⅜
$97,000 ....106⅞
$81,000 107
$51,000 ....107⅛
$10,000 ....106⅝
Atchison gen. 4s.
$3,000 ....102½
Atchison adj. 4s.
$29,000 93
$1,000 .... 93¼
Atch. adj. 4s, stamped.
$2,000 .... 93¼
$2,000 93
A. C. L. 1st con. 4s.
$3,000 .... 98⅝
B. and O. 3½s.
$20,000 .... 96½
$5,000 .... 96⅝
B. and O. 4s, reg.
$1,000 96
B. and O. 4s.
$27,000 ....103⅜
B. and O. S-W.Div.3½s
$19,000 .... 92⅛
Brook. City Ry. 1st 5s.
$3,000 ....109½
B. R. T. 4s.
$11,000 .... 84⅜
$140,000 .... 84¼
Brook. Un. El. 1st 4-5s.
$10,000 ....109⅜
Can. Southern 1st 5s.
$2,000 ....104¼
Cen. Ga. con. 5s.
$16,000 112
Cen. Ga. 1st income 5s.
$17,000 93
Cen. Ga. 2ds.
$10,000 71
$11,000 72
$5,000 .... 71⅜
$6,000 .... 72½
Cen. Ga. 3d income.
$3,000 .... 63½
$4,000 .... 64½
$7,000 65
$1,000 .... 64¼
Cen. Pacific 3½s.
$1,000 .... 88⅝
C. and O. 4½s.
$29,000 ....105⅞
$179,000 106
$10,000 ....106⅛
$4,000 ....106⅛
C. and A. 3s.
$36,000 81
C., B. and Q. joint 4s.
$2,000 .... 98⅝
$110,000 .... 98⅞
$6,000 99
C. and N. W. deb. 5s, 1909.
$10,000 ....103⅝
C., R. I. and P. gen. 4s.
$12,000 ....104⅜
C., R. I. and P. 4s.
$99,000 .... 76½
$9,000 .... 76⅝
$69,000 .... 76⅞
$75,000 77
C., R. I. and P. con. 5s.
$14,000 .... 89⅞
$26,000 .... 89½
$15,000 .... 89⅝
C., St. P., M. and O. C. 6s.
$2,000 ....135¼
C. F. and I. con. ctf.
$44,000 81
$10,000 82
$10,000 .... 81⅞
Con. Gas con. deb. 6s.
$26,000 ....186⅜
$49,000 187
Con. Tobacco 4s.
$6,000 .... 74⅝
$95,000 .... 74¾
$197,000 75
$51,000 .... 74⅞
$47,000 .... 75⅛
$130,000 .... 75¼
$100,000 .... 75⅛
$278,000 .... 75⅜
$80,000 .... 75⅞
$55,000 .... 75⅝
$530,000 76
Detroit So. 1st 4s.
$1,000 45
Dist. Securities 5s.
$6,000 75
$5,000 .... 74⅞
$5,000 .... 74¾
Erie gen. lien 4s.
$8,000 .... 88⅞
$1,000 89
Erie prior lien 4s.
$20,000 ....100⅜
Erie-Penn. col. tr. 4s.
$10,000 .... 93½
G. B. and W. B.
$11,000 .... 18½
$29,000 18
Ill. Central 4s, 1953.
$1,000 102
$5,000 103
K. C., Ft. S. and M. 4s.
$11,000 87
$1,000 .... 87¼
L. S. M. deb. 4s.
$124,000 ....100¼
$9,000 ....100½
L. V. and N. Y. 4½s.
$1,000 ....110½
La. and Ark. 1st 5s.
$5,000 ....103¼
$2,000 ....103¼
L. and N. col. 4s.
$10,000 .... 97½
Mexican Central 4s.
$11,000 73
Mex. Cen. 1st income.
$10,000 .... 21½
$15,000 23
M., K. and T. 4s.
$1,000 .... 84½
$10,000 85
Mo. Pacific 5s, 1917.
$1,000 ....106½
Nat. Ry. of Mexico 4s.
$12,000 .... 79¾
N.Y.C. and H. R. 3½s.
$1,000 ....100⅜
$2,000 ....100⅝
N. Y. C.-L. S. col. tr. 3½s.
$25,000 .... 90¼
$1,000 .... 90⅜
$1,000 .... 90⅝
N. Y., O. and W. 4s.
$4,000 ....104⅝
N. Y. S. and W. G. 5s.
$5,000 ....107¼
N. and W. 4s.
$23,000 ....100⅜
$1,000 ....100½
$15,000 ....100⅝
$14,000 101
N., W. and I. ex. 6s.
$2,000 ....132½
Northern Ohio 1st 5s.
$7,000 ....116½
N. P. gen. 3s.
$4,000 .... 74½
$1,000 .... 74⅜
N. P. prior lien 4s.
$27,000 105
O. R. and N. con. 4s.
$2,000 ....103⅞
O. S. L. 4s and partict
$36,000 ....104¼
Penn. convertible 3½s.
$10,000 ....101½
$10,000 102
Reading gen. 4s.
$7,000 ....101⅞
$49,000 ....101¾
$20,000 ....101⅝
Reading-N. J. ct. 4s.
$10,000 96
$12,000 .... 96⅛
R. D. H. and W. V. 4s.
$1,000 100
St. J. and Gr. I. 5s.
$1,000 .... 91⅜
St. L. and I. M. R. and G. 4s.
$11,000 94
St. L. and I. Mtn. 5s.
$9,000 ....115⅞
St. L. and S. F. ref. 4s.
$26,000 .... 87⅛
$12,000 .... 87⅜
St. L. and S.W. con. 4s.
$34,000 .... 81½
$15,000 .... 81⅝
St. L. and S. W. 1sts.
$4,000 .... 97⅝
Seaboard Air Line 4s.
$16,000 .... 83½
$7,000 .... 83⅜
So. Pacific col. tr. 4s.
$14,000 .... 94⅝
Southern Pacific 4½s.
$3,000 ....102¼
Southern Railway 5s.
$1,000 ....118⅜
$2,000 ....118¼
T. C. and I. gen. 5s.
$1,000 .... 94½
T. and P. 1st 5s.
$2,000 ....121¼
Third Avenue 4s.
$34,000 .... 96⅝
Union Pacific 4s.
$1,000 ....105¼
$7,000 ....105⅜
U. P. convertible 4s.
$30,000 110
$10,000 ....110¼
$74,000 ....110⅜
$199,000 ....110½
$136,000 ....110⅝
$10,000 ....110⅞
$24,000 111
$120,000 ....111¼
$91,000 ....111⅜
$101,000 ....111¼
$145,000 ....111½
$115,000 ....111⅝
$145,000 ....111¾
$20,000 ....111⅞
United Rys. of S. F. 4s.
$25,000 .... 85¼
$4,000 .... 85⅛
$20,000 85
Un. Rys. of St. L. 4s.
$10,000 87
U. S. Realty deb. 5s.
$8,000 .... 89⅞
$27,000 90
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s.
$79,000 .... 86⅜
$16,000 .... 86⅞
$25,000 87
$120,000 .... 87¼
$177,000 .... 86⅞
$37,000 .... 86¼
$375,000 .... 86½
V. C. and C. 5s.
$5,000 79
Wabash deb. Bs.
$35,000 .... 65½
$45,000 .... 65¾
$2,000 .... 65⅞
Wab. and Det. E. 5s.
$10,000 ....111¼
W. M. W. and N. W. 5s.
$6,000 ....105⅝
$5,000 106
West. Md. 4s.
$7,000 .... 88⅝
$50,000 .... 88¾
$19,000 .... 88⅞
$16,000 89
Western Union 4½s.
$2,000 104
W. and L. E. 4s.
$8,000 91
W. and E. 1st 5s.
*$1,000 ....112⅜
Wisconsin Central 4s.
$1,000 97

Total sales (par value) $8,477,000.

STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

New York, Nov. 7.—Money on call steady at 2@2¼ per cent.; closing bid and offered 2; time loans steady; 60 and 90 days and six months 3½@4; prime mercantile paper 4@4½. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.8640@4.8645 for demand and at $4.8350@4.8355 for 60-day bills; posted rates $4.84½ and $4.87; commercial bills $4.83¼ @4.83⅝. Bar silver 58c. Mexican dollars 46¼c. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds firm.

Last week's pre-election conservatism in Wall street was manifest to-day only in a somewhat contracted volume of business, the aggregate shares sold falling slightly below the previous smallest total since before the middle of October, when the market took on its greater volume. As for the price movement, it disclosed an emphatic expectation of higher prices and an enlarged public demand after the hesitations due to the election has been cleared up.

The expectation, so far as it was registered in the day's transactions, was very largely professional, and particularly traceable to the powerful speculative forces which have acted in concert in the leadership of the market for sometime past. But the movement became so comprehensive, and the demand was so widely disseminated, as to forbid attributing it wholly to concentrated speculative forces. In the early part of the day the railroads hung back and were inconspicuous, and while they did not fully retrieve their position of importance in the market, they shared sufficiently in the day's strength to restore the balance of the list. The great transcontinental stocks were leaders, Union Pacific, St. Paul, Missouri Pacific and Atchison being most active, in the order named. Gains were greater, transactions were larger and the number of issues dealt in much higher in the industrial department in accordance with the assertions freely distributed from the headquarters of the speculative parties that the principal interest in the market was to shift to the industrials for the future. The United States Steel stocks were the features of the whole market, and other iron and steel industrials shared in the attention given to them. The character of the market cannot be better indicated than by a simple list of stocks of the industrial combinations and corporations which rose from 1 to 3 points in the course of the day's trading. Amalgamated Copper, American Locomotive, Smelting, General Electric, Pressed Steel, Republic Iron and Steel, Tennessee Coal and Iron, Sloss Sheffield Steel, the United States Steel stocks, the United States Cast Iron Pipe stocks, Virginia Coal and Coke, Cotton Oil, Sugar, American Ice, Corn Products, International Paper, Associated Merchants, Union Bag and Paper and American Tobacco.

There were many other miscellaneous specialties not coming so clearly within the definition of industrial securities. None of these were subject to any news of special application to them. The buying was avowedly based on the assumption that the revival and improvement in the country have not yet had adequate expression in the securities market, that the passing of the presidential contest will bring renewed speculation in stocks, and that the speculative preference will now turn to industrials on account of the length to which profit-taking on the day's rise cost something to the extreme high level of prices, but the decline was checked and the price level partly restored before the market closed.

Bank Clearings.

St. Louis, Nov. 7.—(Special.)—Clearings $11,002,510; balances $919,164. Call money 4@4½ per cent. New York exchange 5c discount bid, par asked.

Boston, Nov. 7.—(Special.)—Clearing-house exchanges: In Boston $18,151,646; in New York $155,217,345. New York funds sold at 5c discount.

Memphis, Nov. 7.—(Special.)—Clearings $1,552,345.51. New York exchange $1 discount buying, $1 discount selling.

Cincinnati, Nov. 7.—(Special.)—Clearings $5,640,950. New York exchange at par. Collateral loans 3@3½ per cent.

Chicago, Nov. 7.—(Special.)—Clearings $33,376,318; balances $3,393,302. New York exchange 15c premium.

New Orleans, Nov. 7.—Clearings $2,496,852. New York exchange: Bank at par; commercial $1 discount.

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Cls'g Bid.
Atchison	20,700	87	85¾	86⅛
Do preferred	1,600	101⅝	101⅛	101⅜
B. and O.	20,600	95⅝	94⅜	95¼
Do preferred	....	....	....	95
Brooklyn Rapid T.	16,700	68½	67½	68⅛
Canadian Pacific	2,600	129⅝	128⅛	129⅛
Central of N. J.	200	185	184⅝	184½
*C. and O.	2,700	44⅝	43⅞	44
C. and A.	300	38⅜	38⅜	36
Do preferred	....	....	....	80
Chicago Gt. West.	11,100	24	23⅛	23⅜
C. and N. W.	1,000	194⅜	194	194½
C., M. and St. P.	12,500	172⅛	171	172
Do preferred	....	....	....	182
Chicago T. and T.	700	10½	10⅛	10⅛
Do preferred	1,200	23½	23	22⅞
C., C., C. & St. L.	200	85½	85¼	85
Colorado Southern	1,300	23⅝	22⅞	22⅞
Do 1st pref	200	55	54⅝	54⅝
Do 2d pref	1,800	34	33½	34
Del. and Hudson	2,300	185	184	184⅜
D., L. and W.	100	315	315	310
D. and R. G.	....	....	....	30
Do preferred	400	83	83	82½
Erie	62,300	40⅛	39⅜	39⅞
Do 1st pref	4,600	72⅝	71⅜	72⅛
Do 2d pref	500	52⅝	51⅞	52⅛
Hocking Valley	....	....	....	80
Do preferred	200	89	88⅜	88⅛
Illinois Central	2,800	144⅛	142⅞	143¼
Iowa Central	200	27⅝	27⅜	27½
Do preferred	....	....	....	48
K. C. Southern	200	29⅛	29	29
Do preferred	1,300	51⅝	50½	51
L. and N.	4,900	133⅜	132⅝	133¾
Manhattan L.	2,500	162½	161⅞	162
Met. Securities	4,400	83	81½	82
Met. St. Ry.	14,100	124⅝	123⅛	123⅛
Minn. and St. L.	200	60	59	59½
M., St. P. & Sault Ste. Marie	700	92	91½	91½
Do preferred	600	148	146⅛	148
Missouri Pacific	13,500	104⅜	102⅞	103⅞
M., K. and T.	8,600	31⅞	31	31⅞
Do preferred	5,500	59⅜	58⅞	58⅞
Mexican Central	8,100	18⅛	17⅞	18⅝
Nat. Ry. Mex. pf.	100	40	40	39⅜
N. Y. Central	2,400	135⅛	134⅜	135
Norfolk and West.	3,200	73⅛	73	72⅜
Do preferred	....	....	....	90
Ontario and West.	3,100	43	42⅝	42⅝
Pennsylvania	48,600	136	135	135¼
P., C., C. & St. L.	....	....	....	72
Reading	20,200	74½	73	74¼
Do 1st pref	300	87⅜	87½	87½
Do 2d pref	100	79⅞	79⅞	79½
Rock Island Co.	32,700	34¼	33⅜	34
Do preferred	500	74	73⅝	73⅞
St.L. & S.F. 2d pf.	1,600	63½	62¾	62⅜
St. L. Southwest	1,400	23⅜	22⅝	23
Do preferred	3,600	50½	49⅜	49½
Southern Pacific	194,300	62¼	61⅛	61⅝
Do preferred	800	116¾	116	116¼
Southern Railway	18,300	35	34½	34⅝
Do preferred	400	94⅜	94⅛	94½
Texas and Pacific	5,200	35¾	34⅝	34⅝
T., St. L. and W.	....	....	....	29
Do preferred	300*	48½	48½	48¼
Union Pacific	67,800	112	110¾	111⅝
Do preferred	300	95½	95⅛	95
Wabash	4,200	22¼	21⅞	22⅛
Do preferred	3,300	43⅞	42⅝	43⅜
W. and L. E.	1,600	19¼	18⅞	18⅞
Wisconsin Central	800	22⅞	22⅝	22½
Do preferred	500	45⅝	44½	45⅛

*Ex-dividend.

Express Companies.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Cls'g Bid.
Adams	......	....	....	240
American	......	....	....	210
United States	......	....	....	113
Wells-Fargo	......	....	....	237

Industrials.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Cls'g Bid.
Amal. Copper	35,700	73½	72¼	72⅜
Am. Car & F'dry	4,000	27⅝	27⅜	27⅝
Do preferred	500	85⅜	85	85½
Am'n Cotton Oil	3,300	32⅝	31½	32½
Do preferred	100	97	97	96
American Ice	300	8½	8¼	8¼
Do preferred	800	37⅜	36	36
Am'n Linseed Oil	......	....	....	14
Do preferred	......	....	....	35
Am'n Locomotive	12,200	30	28⅞	29⅞
Do preferred	300	98⅜	98	98
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	9,100	74⅞	73⅝	74⅜
Do preferred	2,000	112	111⅜	111⅜
Am. Sugar Ref'g	23,700	146⅜	145⅜	145⅝
Ana. Mining Co.	1,100	106	104	105
Col. Fuel and I.	14,900	43¾	42½	42⅞
Consolidated Gas	4,800	217⅞	216¾	216⅝
Corn Products	9,600	20	19½	19½
Do preferred	1,100	77½	76½	76⅝
Dist. Securities	1,900	36	35⅝	36
Gen. Electric	200	175	174	175
Internat'l Paper	10,400	19⅜	18¾	19
Do preferred	900	78⅜	77⅞	78¼
Internat'l Pump	......	....	....	38
Do preferred	200	79	79	79
National Lead	800	25	24⅝	24⅞
North American	800	97½	96	97¼
Pacific Mail	2,600	41	39⅞	40½
People's Gas	3,700	109	108⅛	108⅝
Pressed Steel Car	7,500	34½	32½	34
Do preferred	1,100	81⅜	80¼	81½
Pullman Pal. Car	......	....	....	220
Republic Steel	11,800	15¼	14⅞	14⅞
Do preferred	8,200	60½	58½	60
Rubber Goods	900	23	22½	22¼
Do preferred	......	....	....	84
Tenn. Coal and I.	50,200	69⅜	63⅞	67⅞
U. S. Leather	8,200	13⅝	13⅛	13⅜
Do preferred	900	92⅜	92¼	92¼
U.S.Realty & Imp.	2,500	65½	63	64⅞
U. S. Rubber	1,100	28½	28	28⅝
Do preferred	200	84	83⅞	83
U. S. Steel	161,800	26¼	24⅞	25⅞
Do preferred	12,900	84⅜	82⅜	83¾
Westin'house Elec.	200	170½	170¼	170
Western Union	400	91	90⅞	91

Total sales for the day, 1,195,300 shares.

BOND QUOTATIONS.

New York, Nov. 7.—Bonds were firm. Total sales (par value) $8,475,000. U. S. bonds were unchanged on call.

The following are the closing bid prices on Government bonds:

U. S. Bonds.

Refunding 2s, registered 104⅝
Do coupon 104⅝
3s, registered 104¼
Do coupon 104¼
New 4s, registered 130¼
Do coupon 130¼
Old 4s, registered 106¼
Do coupon 106¼

Miscellaneous Bonds.

Atchison general 4s 102¼
Do adjustment 4s 93¼
Atlantic Coast Line 4s 98⅜
Baltimore and Ohio 4s 103⅜
Do 3½s 96⅝
Central of Georgia 5s 112
Do first income 93
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s 106⅝
Chicago and Alton 3½s 80
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy new 4s .. 98⅞
Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul gen. 4s. 110¼
Chicago and Northwestern consol. 7s 127½
Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific 4s 77
Do collateral 5s 89½
C., C., C. and St. Louis general 4s 102¼
Chicago Terminal 4s 82
Consolidated Tobacco 4s 75⅞
Colorado and Southern 4s 88½
Colorado [illegible] 5s 81⅞
Denver and Rio Grande 4s *102
Erie prior lien 4s 100⅜
Do general 4s 89
Fort Worth and Denver City firsts 110¼
Hocking Valley 4½s 108⅜
Louisville and Nashville unified 4s 102
Manhattan consolidated gold 4s 105
Mexican Central 4s 73
Do first income 23
Minneapolis and St. Louis 4s 97
Missouri, Kansas and Texas 4s 102
Do seconds 85
National Railway of Mexico consol. 4s... 79⅜
New York Central general 3½s 100⅝
New Jersey Central general 5s 135⅛
Northern Pacific 4s 105
Do 3s 74⅜
Norfolk and Western consol. 4s 101
Oregon Short Line 4s and participating... 104¼
Pennsylvania convertible 3½s 101½
Reading general 4s 101⅞
St. Louis and Iron Mountain consol. 5s... 115⅞
St. Louis and San Francisco fdg. 4 ...... 87¼
St. Louis Southwestern firsts 84⅝
Seaboard Air Line 4s 83⅝
Southern Pacific 4s 94⅜
Southern Railway 5s 118⅜
Texas and Pacific firsts 121⅛
Toledo, St. Louis and Western 4s 80½
Union Pacific 4s 105⅜
Do convertible 4s 111⅝
United States Steel second 5s 87½
Wabash firsts 117
Do debenture Bs 65⅜
Wheeling and Lake Erie 4s 91
Wisconsin Central 4s 92⅛

*Offered.

FOREIGN FINANCIAL.

London, Nov. 7.—Money was in good demand to-day. Discounts were maintained. Trading on the Stock Exchange was quiet, owing to it being the eve of settlement, but prices were fairly steady. Consols were steady. Americans opened dull, with the changes fractional, became irregular and inactive pending the result of the presidential election, then grew firm in places and closed steady. Mexican rails were firm. Copper shares were in demand. Kaffirs were cheerful in anticipation of a favorable statement regarding Transvaal gold fields. Imperial Japanese Government 6s of 1904 were quoted at 94¼. Closing quotations: Consols for money 87 11-16; do for the account 87⅞; Anaconda 5½; Atchison 88½; do preferred 104¼; Baltimore and Ohio 97⅝; Canadian Pacific 132; Chesapeake and Ohio 45⅞; Chicago Great Western 23⅞; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul 175¼; De Beers 18½; Denver and Rio Grande 31¼; do preferred 84½; Erie 40⅝; do first preferred 74; do second preferred 53½; Illinois Central 146¼; Louisville and Nashville 136⅜; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 32½; New York Central 138⅝; Norfolk and Western 74⅝; do preferred 93½; Ontario and Western 43⅛; Pennsylvania 70¼; Rand Mines 10⅝; Reading 37⅝; do first preferred 45; do second preferred 40⅜; Southern Railway 35⅛; do preferred 96½; Southern Pacific 62⅝; Union Pacific 113½; do preferred 97⅜; United States Steel 25⅞; do preferred 87½; Wabash 23; do preferred 44½; Spanish fours 87. Bar silver quiet at 26⅜d per ounce. Money 2½@3 per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for both short and three months' bills is 3 per cent. Bullion amounting to £20,000 was withdrawn from the Bank of England to-day for shipment to Malta.

Paris, Nov. 7.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were firm at first, but subsequently the market became inactive and heavy. Russian Imperial 4s were quoted at 94 and Russian Imperial bonds of 1904 at 515. The private rate of discount was 2⅜@2⅝ per cent. Three per cent. rentes 98f 25c for the account. Exchange on London 25f 12c for checks.

Berlin, Nov. 7.—On the Boerse to-day only slight changes in prices were recorded. Exchange on London 20 marks 35 pfgs. for checks. Discount rates: Short bills 4½ per cent.; three months' bills 4 per cent.

MOVEMENT LEADING ARTICLES

Louisville Board of Trade, Nov. 7, 1904.—Movement of leading articles by rail and river during the past twenty-four hours and corresponding time last year:

ARTICLES.	Rec'd 1904.	Ship'd 1904.	Rec'd 1903.	Ship'd 1903.
Ag'l impl'ts, lbs.	30,000	99,855	1,000	68,860
Bagging, lbs.	......	8,000	......	4,125
Boots and shoes, cases	172	463	541	353
Coffee, lbs.	154,320	31,853	27,260	21,097
Cotton, bales	74	......	60	......
Flour, bbls.	792	2,775	2,154	1,452
Furniture, lbs.	45,865	205,745	43,980	82,933
Barley, bush.	11,000	......	3,400	500
Corn, bush.	19,825	24,500	21,350	18,125
Malt, bush.	......	1,090	5,460	350
Oats, bush.	7,200	8,700	12,200	9,400
Rye, bush.	5,800	1,100	......	1,040
Wheat, bush.	17,400	7,265	4,720	7,500
Hardware, pkgs.	363	5,112	1,864	2,947
Hay, tons	240	......	207	16
Bacon, lbs.	66,400	183,854	47,375	138,972
Hams, lbs.	2,000	14,005	......	7,479
Lard, lbs.	5,200	104,515	27,175	58,508
Pig iron, tons	401	62	329	......
Leather, lbs.	500	75,884	660	20,269
Nails, kegs	1,100	917	......	473
Apples, gr., bbls.	1,477	1,204	2,534	602
Onions, bbls.	610	485	400	5
Potatoes, bbls.	825	361	1,606	54
Seed, grass and clover, lbs.	5,730	47,900	......	29,465
Soap, lbs.	2,800	60,545	4,000	111,595
Sugar, bbls.	800	427	500	218
Tobacco, leaf, hds.	53	398	133	354
Tobacco, mfd., lbs.	3,355	237,775	1,200	143,238
Whisky, bbls.	513	2,532	845	1,162
Wool, lbs.	17,000	......	550	15,243

LOCAL MARKETS.

(Unless otherwise specified, as in the case of produce, etc., handled by commission men or brokers without charge, these quotations represent the prices charged by wholesale dealers of this city. Produce quotations represent the prices charged by shippers.)

BEANS—Northern hand-picked $1.90 per bu.; Indiana new beans $1.90 per bu.; Lima beans 5½c per lb.; California pinks $2.30 per bu.; New York red kidneys $3.50 per bu.

CEMENT LIME AND PLASTER—Portland cement $1.55@3.50 per bbl.; Louisville cement 73@87c per bbl.; lime 80c per bbl.; plaster Paris $1.55@2 per bbl.

CHEESE—New York cheddars 12½c; Western cheddars 11½c; full cream flats and twins 13c; full cream dairies 14c; full cream, long horns 14½c; skim goods 10@10½c.

COFFEE—Washed Guatemala 12½@13½c; Maracaibo 10½@12½c; Laguayra 10½@11½c; Mocha 19⅝@23c; Java 24½@28c. Green Rios: Fancy 12½c; choice 11½c; prime 10½c; good 10c; roasting grades 10@12c; Santos 10½@15.

FLOUR—Jobbing trade quotations are as follows: Minnesota spring patents $6.50@6.75 per bbl.; plain patents $6@6.50; straights $5.75@6; family $5; low grades $4.75; winter patents $6@6.25; winter straights $5.75@6; low grade $4@4.25; bolted meal $1.50 per 100 lbs.

FEATHERS—Prime white goose 48@49c per lb.; gray 35@39c; No. 1 old 35@38c; dark and mixed old goose 15@25c; white duck 38@40c; old and mixed duck 25@30c.

FOREIGN AND PACIFIC DRIED FRUITS—Currants, per lb. 7@8c; raisins, London layers, per box $1.40; Sultana raisins 12@13c per lb.; loose muscatels, in 50-lb. boxes 5½@6c; prunes, California new 3@6½c; peaches 8@11c; pears 10@11c; figs, in layers 10@12c, in bags 7c per lb.; apricots 11@11½c; Persian dates 5c; Fard dates 8@9c; evaporated apples 6½c.

FIELD SEED—Selling prices from store: Choice timothy $1.30@1.40 per bu.; clover $7@7.50; orchard $1.30@1.45; bluegrass, fancy 75@80c; red top, fancy 5½@6c; rye 95c@$1; winter oats 60@65c; English bluegrass $1.40.

HAY—These quotations are for hay in car lots on track: Choice $14; clover hay $11@11.50; wheat straw $6@6.50; No. 1 $12.50@13; No. 2 $11.50@12. This is for baled hay; hay from store $1.50@2 per ton higher.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides; Southern green hides ½c lower. We quote assorted lots: Dry flint, No. 1 17½c; No. 2 15½c; dry salted, No. 1 14c; No. 2 13c; round lots of green salted beef hides 9@9½c; round lots, dry 14@15c; dry kip and calf 15½c; green salted, No. 1 9⅝c; No. 2 9c; kip and calf 9c; sheepskins, butchers' 75c @$1; country skins 40@80c; shearings 15@25c; shearings, dry 5@15c; lambskins 40@60c; horse hides, No. 1 large $3; No. 2 $2.

KRAUT—45-gallon casks $5; ½ bbl., 15 gallons, $2.25.

MILL OFFAL—In car lots: Bran $19.50@20; shorts $20.50@21. Prices are $1.50 per ton higher in bags.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—Caramels 22c per gallon; New Orleans molasses, open kettle 40c; centrifugals 24@30c; sorghum 35@38c per gallon, according to quality.

NUTS—Dealers' prices as follows: Almonds 14c per lb.; filberts 10c; California walnuts 15¼c; French walnuts 12c; peanuts, fancy Virginia 6½c; choice Virginia 6c; Texas pecans 8@10c; home-grown pecans 10c; cocoanuts $3.25 per 100; mixed nuts 11c per lb.; Brazil nuts 10c; chestnuts 7@7½c.

OILS—Castor, No. 1 82c per gallon; No. 2 78c; linseed 39c for raw and 40c for boiled, 1c less in 5-bbl. lots; lard oil, winter strained 57c; extra No. 1 52c; No. 1 43c; No. 2 40c; gasoline, 87 degrees 19c; stove gasoline 12½c; benzine, 63 degrees 11½c; straits oil 33c; black oil 9@18c; golden machinery 12c; extra golden lubricator 25c; Corliss cylinder 35c; cotton-seed oil, refined 35c per gallon; coal oil, Kentucky test 11½c; Indiana 11½c; water white, 150 degrees 12½c; headlight, 175 test 13½c; turpentine 57c per gallon.

PAINTS AND COLORS—Strictly pure white and red lead 6½c per lb., less 2 per cent. discount for cash. Colors—Venetian red 1@1½c; yellow ochre ⅝c.

RICE—Louisiana, broken 3c per lb.; fancy 5½c; Japan 4½c; Java 6c; Indian head 6¼c; Carolina head 5½c; fancy Patna 6c.

ROOTS—Clean ginseng, Kentucky $7@7.25 per lb.; "Indiana $7.25@7.50; Southern ginseng $7@7.50; "Golden Seal" yellow root $1.15@1.20; Mayapple 4c; blood root 6c; Virginia snake root 30c; Seneca snake root 45c; pink root 12@13c; lady slipper 5c. Dealers do not want ginseng split, or strung, and washed before dried.

SALT—Delivered in dray load lots as follows: Ohio river 7-bu. bbl. $1.30; do 5-bu. bbl. $1.05; Michigan 7-bu. bbl. (medium) $1.30; do 5-bu. bbl. (medium) $1.04; do 5-bu. bbl. (fine) 97c; do 7-bu. bbl. $1.20; dairy salt $1.25@1.95 per bbl.; freezing salt, 200-lb. sack 65c.

TALLOW—No. 1 4½c; No. 2 4c.

WINDOW GLASS—Discounts are now as follows from list October 1, 1903: First three-bracket sizes 90 and 20 per cent.; all other sizes 90 and 15 per cent.

WOOL—Quotations are for Kentucky and Indiana wool. For Southern wool quotations are from 1c to 2c per lb. lower on grease wool; Burry 16@20c; clear grease 27@27½c; medium tub-washed 36@38c; coarse, dingy tub-washed 33@35c; black wool 23c.

REFINED SUGAR PRICES.

The following prices on refined sugars to retail merchants are believed to approximate a fair price in the Louisville market:

Crystal dominos	8.40	No. 3	5.52
Eagle tablets	7.40	No. 6	5.37
Cut loaf	6.47	No. 7	5.32
Cubes	6.02	No. 8	5.27
XXXX powdered	5.92	No. 9	5.22
Powdered	5.87	No. 10	5.17
Stand. gran., bbls.	5.60	No. 12	5.07
Stand. gran., 2-lb.	6.02	No. 14	4.97

GRAIN.

WHEAT—
No. 2 red and longberry $1 16
No. 3 red and longberry 1 14
Rejected 2@8c less; on levee 1½c less.
CORN—
No. 2 white 57½
No. 2 mixed 56½
OATS—
No. 3 white 34½
No. 2 mixed 33½
RYE—
No. 2 Western 88½
No. 2 Northwestern 92½

The prices for wheat are those paid by dealers; the quotations for corn, oats and rye are selling prices.

PROVISIONS.

MESS PORK—$11.

HAMS—Choice sugar-cured, light and special cure 12¼@13c; heavy to medium 11¼@12c.

BACON—Clear rib sides 10½c; regular clear sides 10½c; breakfast bacon 14@16c; sugar-cured shoulders 8½c; bacon, extra 10c; bellies light 11c; heavy 11c.

LARD—Prime steam in tierces 7⅝c; choice leaf in tierces 8¾c, in tubs 9c; pure leaf lard in tierces 9½c, in tubs 9⅝c, in firkins 9¾c.

BULK MEATS—Ribs 9c; regular clear 9c; extra short 9c.

DRIED BEEF—12½c.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

IRON BARS—$1.65@1.75 for base.

TOOL STEEL—8c to 15c for base.

SOFT STEEL—$2.20 for base.

STEEL ROOFING—Corrugated $2.10@2.15; V-crimped $2.25@2.30 per square.

BLACK SHEETS—No. 10 $2; No. 12 $2.10; No. 14 $2.25; No. 16 $2.35; Nos. 18 and 20 $2.50; Nos. 22 and 24 $2.70; No. 26 $2.80; No. 27 $2.75 per 100 lbs.

GALVANIZED SHEETS—70 and 10 per cent. discount.

CUT STEEL NAILS—$2.10 base.

WIRE NAILS—$1.95 base rate.

PLAIN BLACK WIRE—$1.90 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.

GALVANIZED WIRE—$2.25 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.

BARBED WIRE—Painted $2.10; galvanized $2.40 per 100 lbs.

HORSE SHOES—No. 2 and larger, Juniata $3.75 base; Perkins' $4 base; Burden $4.25 per keg.

HARROW TEETH—$3 per 100 lbs.

MACHINE BOLTS—70 per cent. discount.

CARRIAGE BOLTS—70 per cent. discount.

COTTON.

Middling 9⅞c; strict middling 10c.

PRODUCE AND FRUITS.

These prices are wholesale.

BUTTER—Packing 11½c lb.; good country 15@16c; Elgin 23½c in 60-lb. tubs, 25½c in 30-lb. tubs; Elgin lb., prints 26c.

EGGS—21c, loss off.

POULTRY—Hens 8c per lb.; spring chickens 9@10c; ducks 11c; geese $6 per dozen; turkeys 11@13c per lb.

FRUIT—Home-grown apples $1@2 per bbl.; Northern apples $2.50@3 per bbl.; lemons $3.50@4 per box; pineapples $2.75 case; bananas $1@1.75 bunch; Northern grapes 18c per basket; Florida oranges $3 per box; crabapples $1 per bu.; pumpkins 10@20c; cranberries $6.50@7 per bbl.; imported Malaga grapes $5@5.50 per bbl.

VEGETABLES—New onions $1.75 per bag; leaf lettuce 60c per bu.; head lettuce $1; parsley 30c per dozen; egg plants 75c per dozen; green beans $1 per bu.; home-grown beets 20c dozen; home-grown radishes 1@15c per dozen; home-grown tomatoes $1.50 per bu.; Northern cabbage 60@75c per bbl.; home-grown potatoes $1.50@1.75 per bbl.; home-grown pepper $1@1.50 per bu.; Spanish onions $1.50 per crate; Michigan celery $2.50 per case, 40c per dozen.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Louisville.

(Reported by the Louisville Live Stock Exchange, Bourbon Stock Yards.)

Louisville, Nov. 7.—Cattle—The receipts of cattle to-day were light, 938 head, against 1,091 last Monday, 1,322 a year ago and 1,807 two years ago. There was a fairly good attendance of buyers here to-day, both local and foreign, and a fairly good inquiry for slop steers of desirable weights. The market opened up rather brisk, with a better feeling on all grades than has existed for some time past, partly owing to the moderately good demand, but principally on account of the supply being much lighter than usual. Everything in the way of choice handy-weight butcher cattle sold out readily at 10@15c better prices than last week, and there was a better feeling on other grades. Choice heavy high-grade feeders were in good demand and selling readily; the medium to good feeders sold out 10@15c higher, but plain rough feeders and common, light, trashy stock cattle showed very little improvement. The bull market ruled firm and a shade higher. The canner market was about steady. Choice milch cows were in fairly good demand; common cows slow sale. Not many heavy shipping cattle here; that class firm to a shade better. At the close this evening the pens were well cleared of all desirable grades of cattle, and the market closed up in very good shape. We look for a fairly good trade through the week.

Calves—Receipts of calves 51 head; market about steady; best light veals $5.50@6; common calves slow sale.

Hogs—The receipts of hogs to-day were 5,292 head, against 5,767 last Monday, 4,194 a year ago and 5,176 two years ago. The market was slow in opening, buyers trying hard to force prices down and salesmen contending for a steady market. The market was finally settled at steady prices on all but medium-weights and pigs; they were 5c lower. The best hogs, 200 pounds and up, sold at $5.10; 120 to 200 pounds $4.95; best pigs $4.65; light pigs $4.50; roughs $4.50. The market ruled active after the price was settled, and everything closed out. The market closed steady.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts of sheep and lambs to-day very light, 52 head. The market was firm on choice stock; best lambs $5@5.25; best fat sheep $3@3.25; other grades unchanged.

Quotations.

CATTLE.

Extra good export steers	$4 40@4 65
Light shipping steers	4 00@4 40
Choice butcher steers	3 75@4 00
Fair to good butcher steers	3 00@3 65
Common to medium butcher steers	2 50@3 00
Choice butcher heifers	3 40@3 60
Fair to good butcher heifers	2 75@3 25
Common to medium butcher heifers	2 00@2 65
Choice butcher cows	3 00@3 50
Fair to good butcher cows	2 50@3 00
Common to medium butcher cows	2 00@2 50
Canners	75@1 75
Choice feeders	3 40@3 65
Medium to good feeders	2 75@3 25
Common and rough feeders	2 25@2 75
Good to extra stock steers	3 00@3 40
Fair to good stock steers	2 50@2 75
Common to medium stock steers	1 50@2 25
Good to extra stock heifers	2 40@2 65
Common to medium stock heifers	1 50@2 25
Good to extra oxen	3 50@4 00
Common to medium oxen	2 00@3 00
Good to extra bulls	2 40@2 60
Fair to good bulls	2 00@2 40
Choice veal calves	5 50@6 00
Common to medium veal calves	3 50@4 25
Coarse, heavy calves	2 50@3 25
Choice to fancy milch cows	35 00@40 00
Medium to good milch cows	20 00@30 00
Plain common milch cows	15 00@20 00

HOGS.

Choice pack. & butch., 200 to 300 lbs.	5 10
Medium packers, 165 to 200 lbs.	4 95
Light shippers, 120 to 165 lbs.	4 95
Choice pigs, 90 to 120 lbs.	4 65
Light pigs, 50 to 90 lbs.	4 25@4 50
Roughs, 150 to 400 lbs.	4 00@4 50

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

Good to choice fat sheep	3 00@3 25
Fair to good sheep	2 25@2 50
Common sheep	1 25@2 00
Bucks	1 25@2 25
Choice shipping lambs	5 00@5 25
Seconds	4 00@4 50
Good butcher lambs	4 00@4 50
Culls and tail-ends	3 00@4 00

(Reported by the Central Live Stock Exchange, Central Stock Yards.)

Louisville, Nov. 7.—Cattle—Receipts 341 head. There was a good attendance of buyers on the yards. The market had more life than for some time and everything changed hands readily at steady to strong prices. Choice light-weight butcher cattle and good heifers sold readily at 10@15c higher prices, with not enough to supply the demand. Some few heavy shipping steers on sale; market was steady on that class; the common half-fat stuff is more sought after than last week, but is still selling very mean. Good choice heavy dehorned feeders, weighing around 900 to 1,000 lbs., are selling at steady to strong prices; thin, rough, light stockers and feeders are slow sellers. Choice bologna bulls are about steady; canners a shade higher. Choice heavy milch cows and heavy springers are in good demand at a shade higher prices than last week, while the thin, small cows are selling at very mean prices. The pens are well cleared of all desirable stuff and the prospects look fairly good for the balance of the week.

Calves—Receipts light. Market strong on choice light veals; best $5.50@6; fair to good $4.50@5; coarse heavy calves slow sale.

Hogs—Receipts 1,237 head. Market opened up with a decline of 5c on light and an advance of 5c on heavy pigs; best 200 lbs. and up $5.10; 160 to 200 lbs. $5; 120 to 160 lbs. $4.90; heavy pigs $4.70; light pigs $4.25@4.50; roughs $4@4.50. Market closed strong.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts liberal. Market steady on all classes; best fat sheep $2.75@3.25; fair to good $2@2.50; common $1@2; bucks $1.50@2.50; choice shipping lambs $5@5.25; good butcher lambs $4.25@4.75; fair to good $4@4.25; tail-ends $3.50@4.

New York.

New York, Nov. 7.—Beeves—Receipts 5,385; medium and good steers 10@15c higher; common steady; bulls and mediums and thin cows steady; fat cows steady to lower; native steers $3.65@6.10; Western and half-breeds $3.50@3.95; bulls $2@3.25; cows $1.10@3.25; cables quoted live cattle steady at 8½@12c; tops 12¼c, dressed weight; sheep firm at 10@12c; lambs 13@13½c, dressed weight; refrigerator beef selling at 9@9½c per lb. Calves—Receipts 1,419; veals 25c higher; grassers and Westerns lower; veals $4.50@8.25; tops $8.50; little calves $4; grassers $2@2.50; Westerns $2.87½@3.50; dressed calves steady; city-dressed veals 7½@12½c per lb.; country-dressed 7½@11c. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 12,505; sheep firm; lambs 15@25c higher; sheep $3@4.50; choice and export do $4.70@4.80; few choice $5; culls $2.50@2.75; lambs $5.25@6.25; Canada lambs $5.75@6.05; culls $4@5. Hogs—Receipts 15,874; market lower; Pennsylvania and State hogs $5.25@5.50.

Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 7.—Cattle—Receipts 21,000, including 3,000 Westerns; market 10@15c higher; good to prime steers $6.10@7; poor to medium $3.90@6; stockers and feeders $2.10@4.15; cows $1.60@4.60; heifers $1.80@5.30; canners $1.35@2.40; bulls $2@4.15; calves $3@7; Western steers $2.85@5.10. Hogs—Receipts to-day 31,000, estimated for to-morrow 25,000; left over 2,603; market 5@10c higher; mixed and butchers $4.80@5.20; good to choice heavy $4.95@5.15; rough heavy $4.65@4.80; light $4.75@5.05; bulk of sales at $4.85@5. Sheep—Receipts 32,000; market strong; lambs steady to 10c higher; good to choice wethers $4.35@4.75; fair to choice mixed $3.50@4.50; Western sheep $3@4.50; native lambs 4.10@5.75; Western lambs $3.50@5.65.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Nov. 7.—Cattle—Receipts 7,000, including 300 Southerns; market 5@15c higher; choice export and dressed beef steers $5.20@6.40; fair to good $3.75@5; Western-fed steers $3.75@5.75; stockers and feeders $2.25@4; Southern steers $4.75; Southern cows $1.50@3; native cows $1.50@3.50; native steers $2.50@4.75; bulls $1.75@3.50; calves $2.25@5.50. Hogs—Receipts 5,000; market heavy and steady; light 5@10c higher; top $5.10; bulk of sales at $4.75@5.05; heavy $5@5.05; packers $4.85@5.05; pigs and lights $4.50@5.05. Sheep—Receipts 5,200; market strong to 10c higher; native lambs $4.25@5.70; do wethers $3.75@4.25; do ewes $3.50@4; Western lambs $4.25@5.65; Western yearlings $4@4.40; stockers and feeders $2.50@3.75.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Nov. 7.—Hogs—Market active; butchers $5.15@5.25; common $3@4.80. Cattle—Market active; fair to good shippers $4.25@4.90; common $2@2.25. Sheep—Market active and higher at $1.50@4. Lambs—Market active and strong at $3.50@6.

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, Nov. 7.—Reports of unfavorable weather were the principal cause of a firm tone in wheat here to-day. At the close both the December and May deliveries were up ¼@⅜c.

Corn is up ⅛@¼c. Oats are unchanged. Provisions are 2½c to 15c higher.

Strength in the wheat pit developed early in the session. Under the influence of liberal world's shipments and lower cables the market opened easier, December being down ⅛c, at $1.11¾. May was off a shade to ⅛c, at $1.11¼ to $1.11⅜@1.11½. Pit traders were the principal sellers at the start. Offerings were taken quite readily by commission houses. As a result of continued dry weather in the Southwest, sentiment in the pit changed quickly to the bull side. Many of the early sellers became buyers, the result being a sudden advance, December selling up to $1.12⅝. Meantime May advanced to $1.12⅛. Part of the gain was lost later in the day on profit-taking, but a firm undertone was manifested throughout the remainder of the session. From various sections of the winter wheat belt came reports of damage by Hessian flies. Advices from Argentina indicated that the weather there was too wet. These rumors induced considerable covering by shorts, and were largely responsible for the firm tone of the market. On the whole, trading was of light volume, the holiday to-morrow being a drag on the market. The close was firm, with December at $1.12⅛@1.12¼. May closed at $1.11⅜@1.11½. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 70,400 bushels. The amount on passage increased 736,000 bushels, while the visible supply increased 1,867,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 1,786,200 bushels, compared with 1,696,000 bushels a year ago. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 1,199 cars, against 1,208 cars last week and 1,480 cars a year ago.

Higher cables and the strength of wheat caused a firm tone in the corn market. The volume of trading was small. December opened ⅛@¼c higher, at 48⅜c, sold between 48½c and 48⅞c and closed at 48⅝c. Local receipts were 138 cars, with eight of contract grade.

There was a fair trade in oats, but prices showed practically no change. December opened unchanged at 28⅞c, sold up to 29c and closed at 28⅞c. Local receipts were 188 cars.

Provisions were strong on a fair demand from packers. At the close January pork was up 12½@15c, at $12.67½. Lard and ribs were each up 2½@5c, at $7.10@7.12½ and $6.52½@6.55, respectively.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow: Wheat 92 cars; corn 143; oats 180; hogs 18,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
WHEAT—				
Dec.	$1 11¾	$1 12⅝	$1 11⅝	$1 12⅛
May	1 11¼	1 12⅛	1 11⅛	1 11⅜
July	98	98½	97⅞	98
CORN—				
Dec.	48⅜	48⅞	48½	48⅝
May	45⅝	46	45⅝	45⅞
July	45⅛	45⅞	45⅜	45⅜
OATS—				
Nov.	....	....	....	29⅝
Dec.	28⅞	29	28⅞	28⅞
May	31⅛	31⅝	31⅛	31¼
July	31	31¾	31	31⅛
PORK—				
Jan.	12 52½	12 67½	12 50	12 67½
May	12 50	12 65	12 50	12 65
LARD—				
Jan.	7 05	7 12½	7 05	7 12½
May	7 20	7 25	7 20	7 22½
RIBS—				
Jan.	6 47½	6 55	6 47½	6 55
May	6 62½	6 67½	6 62½	6 67½

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour—Winter patents $5.30@5.40; straights $4.90@5.20; spring patents $5.10@5.60; straights $4.70@5.20; bakers' $3@4. Market easy.

Grain—No. 2 spring wheat $1.08@1.14; No. 3 do $1@1.12; No. 2 red $1.15¾@1.16⅝; No. 2 corn 55c; No. 2 yellow do 58½c; No. 2 oats 29⅝c; No. 2 white do 31½c; No. 3 white do 30@30½c; No. 2 rye 83@85c; good feeding barley 37@38c; fair to choice malting do 41@52c; No. 1 flax seed $1.10½; No. 1 Northwestern do $1.16½; prime timothy seed $2.62½; clover, contract grade $12.

Provisions—Mess pork $11.16@11.12½ per bbl.; lard $7.05@7.07½ per 100 lbs.; short rib sides, loose $6.87½@7.12½; short clear sides, boxed $7@7.12½.

Whisky—On basis of high wines, $1.23@1.24.

On the Produce Exchange to-day the butter market was firm; creamery 15@21½c; dairy 14@20c. Eggs firm at mark; cases included 16½@19½c; firsts 21c; prime firsts 23½c; extras 25½c. Cheese steady at 10¼@11c.

Receipts—Flour 18,300 bbls.; wheat 208,000 bu.; corn 100,500; oats 224,800; rye 13,200; barley 102,900. Shipments—Flour 13,300 bbls.; wheat 83,700 bu.; corn 194,000; oats 213,700; rye 5,200; barley 23,900.

GENERAL MARKETS.

New York.

New York, Nov. 7.—Butter very firm; street price, extra creamery 25@25¼c; official prices, creamery, common to extra 15@25c; held extras 22c; State dairy, common to extra 14@23c. Cheese firm; State full cream, small colored fancy September 10⅝c; December to October 10¼c; do white fancy September 10⅝c; do choice October 10¼c; do good to prime 9⅞@10c; do poor to fair 8@9½c; do large colored fancy September 10¼c; do choice October 10c; do good to prime 9½@9⅞c; do white fancy September 10c; do choice October 9⅞c; do good to prime 9¼@9½c; do poor to fair 7½@9c; skims, full to light 2¼@8⅞c. Eggs firm; State, Pennsylvania and nearby fancy selected white extra 33@35c; do choice 29@31c; Western fancy selected 27c; do average best 25@26c; Southerns 18@24c. Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining 3⅞c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 7-16c; molasses sugar 3⅝c; refined firm; crushed 6c; powdered 5.40c; granulated 5.30c.

Flour—Receipts 19,804 bbls.; exports 10,778; sales 1,500 packages; market dull and featureless. Rye flour firm; sales 250 bbls. Buckwheat flour dull. Corn meal steady. Rye nominal. Barley firm.

Wheat—Receipts 18,000 bu.; sales 2,200,000 bu. futures; spot market firm; No. 2 red $1.20⅝ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth $1.26⅛ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Manitoba $1.07 f. o. b. afloat. Corn—Receipts 3,205 bu.; exports 400; sales 10,000 bu. futures and 56,000 bu. spot; spot market firm; No. 2 nominal in elevator and 61¼c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow 68c; No. 2 white 64c. Oats—Receipts 124,500 bu.; spot market dull; mixed oats, 26 to 32 lbs., 34½@35½c; natural white, 30 to 32 lbs., 35½@37c; clipped white, 36 to 40 lbs., 37@39½c.

Feed steady; spring bran $19.85. Hay steady. Hops, hides, leather and wool firm. Beef steady; beef hams $22.50@24. Cut meats steady. Lard easy; Western steamed $7.45; November closed at $7.45, nominal; refined easy; continent $7.60. Pork quiet. Tallow barely steady. Cotton-seed oil firm; prime crude nominal; do yellow 27@27¼c. Petroleum and rosin steady. Turpentine quiet at 53@54c. Rice firm. Molasses steady.

Metals—The London tin market, meeting with speculative liquidation, was lower, closing at £131 7s 6d for spot and at £131 for futures. Locally the market was a shade lower in sympathy, but showed a good undertone, with spot quoted at £63 13s 1d and futures at £63 11s 3d. Locally the market was also firm and higher. Lake is quoted at from 13⅝c to 14⅛c, with most of the large dealers holding for the outside prices. Electrolytic is held at 13⅝@14c and casting at 13⅜@14c. Lead was higher in London, where it closed at £12 16s 3d. Locally the market was unchanged, with spot quoted at $4.20@4.50. Spelter closed at £23 17s 6d in London and at $5.35@5.40 in the local market. Iron closed at 51s 6d in Glasgow and at 45s 10½d in Middlesboro. Locally iron was unchanged; No. 1 foundry Northern and No. 1 do Southern $15.50@16; No. 2 foundry Northern $15@15.50.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, Nov. 7.—Wheat higher; No. 2 red cash in elevator $1.14, on track $1.15@1.15½; December $1.13⅞@1.14; May $1.14⅞; No. 2 hard $1.11@1.12. Corn firm; No. 2 cash 51c, on track 52c new, 53@53½c old; December 44⅞c; May 44⅛c. Oats firmer; No. 2 cash 30c, on track 30½@31¼c; December 30⅛c; May 32c; No. 2 white 31½@32c. Lead firmer at $4.20@4.22½. Spelter firm at $5.20. Eggs steady at 19½c, case count. Flour dull; red winter patents $5.40@5.55; special brands $5.60@5.75; extra fancy and straights $4.95@5.15; clear $4.25@4.60. Timothy seed steady at $2.25@2.45. Corn meal steady at $2.70. Bran dull; sacked on east track $1@83½c. Hay dull and heavy; timothy $8@12; prairie $6@10. Whisky steady at $1.23. Iron cotton ties 95c. Bagging 7½@7⅞c. Hemp twine 7c. Pork higher; jobbing $11.30. Lard higher; prime steam $6.85. Bacon steady; boxed, extra shorts $8.50; clear ribs $8.75; short clear $9.

New Orleans.

New Orleans, Nov. 7.—Hog products quiet. Pork—Standard mess $12. Lard—Refined tierce 5¾c; pure lard 7⅝c. Boxed Meats—Dry salt shoulders 8c; sides 8c. Bacon—Clear rib sides 8¾c. Hams—Choice sugar-cured 13⅞@14½c. Coffee firm; Rio, 8s to 4s 8⅝@9c. Rice steady; screenings 1¼@1⅞c; head 2⅝@4⅝c; extra fancy 4⅝@5c. Flour—Extra fancy $5.50; patent $6. Corn meal steady at $2.60. Bran quiet at 95c. Hay—Prime $13@14; choice $15. Corn—No. 2 bulk white 56c; mixed 55c; yellows 57c. Oats—No. 2 bulk 37c. Sugar strong; open kettle centrifugal 4@4¼c; centrifugal whites 4⅝c; yellows 4¼@4⅜c; seconds 3¼@3 13-16c. Molasses—Open kettle 27@30c; centrifugal 12@28c. Syrup 25@30c.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Nov. 7.—Whisky—Distillers' finished goods active on basis of $1.23@1.24. Eggs higher at 23c. Butter firm. Poultry dull; hens 8c; springs 8@9½c; turkeys 13c. Cheese strong; Ohio flats 11c. Flour quiet; fancy $5.25@5.45; family $4.45@4.70. Wheat steady; No. 2 red $1.18@1.20. Corn steady; No. 2 mixed 56¼@57c. Oats dull; No. 2 mixed 31@31¼c. Rye easier; No. 2 85@87c. Lard steady at $7.50. Bulk meats quiet at $7.50. Bacon easy at $8.75. Sugar firm; hard refined 4.78@6.33c.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Nov. 7.—Wheat steady; December $1.03⅝; May $1.03⅜; cash: No. 2 hard $1.05@1.06; No. 3 $1.02@1.04; No. 4 83@99c; rejected 70@88c; No. 2 red $1.09@1.10; No. 3 $1.04@1.07; No. 4 93c@$1. Corn firm; December 42⅝c; May 41⅝c; cash: No. 2 mixed 48¼@49½c; No. 3 48½c; No. 2 white 48½@49c; No. 3 48@48½c. Oats steady; No. 2 white 30@30½c; No. 2 mixed 29@30c. Butter—Creamery 19@21c; dairy 16½c; fresh 21c.

Duluth.

Duluth, Nov. 7.—Wheat—To arrive: No. 1 Northern $1.17; No. 2 Northern $1.07; on track: No. 1 Northern $1.15; No. 2 Northern $1.07; December $1.14; May $1.13⅜. Flax—On track, to arrive and November $1.16½; December $1.15; May $1.18. Oats—To arrive and on track 29¼c.

Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Nov. 7.—Wheat—December $1.13⅜; May $1.14⅝@1.14⅜; September 94⅝c; No. 1 hard $1.17½; No. 1 Northern $1.15; No. 2 Northern $1.09½.

Toledo.

Toledo, Nov. 7.—Clover-seed—Cash $7.37½; December $7.40; March $7.50; prime alsike $7.60; prime timothy $1.27½.

Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Nov. 7.—Barley steady; No. 2 55c; sample 36@53c.

New York Dry Goods.

New York, Nov. 7.—The status of the dry goods market is little changed, with the exception that more general quiet is evidenced in all sections, both first and second hands. Prices are firm, but operations have been suspended until after election, or until something more definite has been learned regarding the course of the raw material.

Visible Supply of Grain.

New York, Nov. 7.—The visible supply of grain Saturday, November 5, as compiled by the New York Produce Exchange, was as follows: Wheat 28,362,000 bu., increase 1,867,000; corn 2,388,000 bu., decrease 661,000; oats 24,563,000 bu., increase 564,000; rye 1,557,000 bu., decrease 216,000; barley 6,149,000 bu., decrease 248,000.

St. Louis Wool.

St. Louis, Nov. 7.—Wool steady; medium grades, combing and clothing 20@27½c; light fine 16@21c; heavy fine 12@17c; tub-washed 23@38c.

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, Nov. 7.—The cotton market opened steady at an advance of 9@11 points, in response to better cables than looked for, short sales by some of the room trade, and immediately following the call prices slipped off a point or two. But Liverpool continued firm and sent some buying and the scalping element soon reversed its position on the market, which in the afternoon became particularly firm on the report that Lower Wall street was covering shorts and that certain leading Southern traders were taking on a line of long contracts through various wire houses. The close was very steady at the best prices of the day, a net advance of 13@16 points. Sales were estimated at about 150,000 bales, a large proportion of the business being done in the last hour. The strength at Liverpool was attributed to Alexandria buying. During the afternoon here general business seemed to be improving somewhat, with commission houses reporting larger selling orders as prices reached 10c for January. The private advices of a firmer spot quotation in the South and expectation of a better demand both for the spinners and for speculative account after election were probably influential in causing the demand to cover shorts.

Estimated receipts at the ports to-day 66,000 bales, against 95,180 last week and 71,973 last year; for the week 400,000 bales, against 436,920 last week and 431,079 last year; to-day's receipts at New Orleans 21,612 bales, against 24,300 last year, and at Houston 12,298 bales, against 21,150 last year.

Spot cotton quiet; middling uplands 10.20c; do gulf 10.45c. Closed quiet at 5 points advance; middling uplands 10.25c; do gulf 10.50c; sales 100 bales. Exports Great Britain total since September 1, 1,056,450 bales.

The following is the range of prices for futures on the New York Cotton Exchange:

MONTH.	Opening.	Closing.	Highest.	Lowest.
November	9.65	9.73	9.73	9.63
December	9.85	9.91	9.91	9.83
January	9.95	10.00	10.00	9.91
February	9.97	10.07	....	....
March	10.04	10.12	10.12	10.02
April	10.05	10.16	....	....
May	10.14	10.21	10.22	10.12
June	....	10.20	....	....
July	10.15	10.24	10.24	10.15

New Orleans, Nov. 7.—Spot cotton quiet, but steady. Sales 4,400 bales, including 3,050 to arrive. Quotations unchanged; ordinary 7⅞c; good ordinary 8 9-16c; low middling 9 5-16c; middling 9⅝c; good middling 9 15-16c; middling fair 10 7-16c; receipts 21,135 bales; stock 282,497. Futures opened steady at an advance of from 6@8 points, influenced by better Liverpool cables than expected. Business was very light, traders generally holding off until after the election, consequently the ring was nearly deserted. December opened 7 points up at 9.75c, advanced to 9.81c, declined to 9.73c and finally sold up to 9.78c. The market closed quiet and steady, with net gains of 10@11 points.

Liverpool, Nov. 7.—Spot cotton in fair demand; prices 4 points higher; American middling fair 5.76d; good middling 5.50d; middling 5.40d; low middling 5.28d; good ordinary 5.14d; ordinary 4.98d. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 6,700 American; receipts 4,000 bales, including 3,100 American. Futures opened steady and closed very steady.

Memphis, Nov. 7.—Cotton steady; middling 9⅝c; receipts 8,796 bales; shipments 9,426; sales 2,850; stock 96,876.

St. Louis, Nov. 7.—Cotton steady; middling 9 11-16c; sales 4 bales; receipts 3,750; stock 95,667.

Savannah, Nov. 7.—Cotton quiet; middling 9⅝c; sales 400 bales; receipts 10,829; stock 131,098.

Galveston, Nov. 7.—Cotton quiet; middling 9⅝c; receipts 17,624 bales; stock 195,272.

Boston, Nov. 7.—Cotton quiet; middling 10.15c; net receipts 196 bales; gross 2,224.

COFFEE MARKET.

New York, Nov. 7.—Spot, Rio steady; No. 7 invoice 8⅝c; mild quiet. The market for futures opened steady at unchanged prices to a decline of 5 points and a little later increased the loss to a matter of 5@10 points under scattering liquidation, encouraged by the disappointing cables and larger primary receipts. There was a good demand at the decline, however, and around midday the market rallied, closing steady at unchanged prices to a decline of 5 points. Sales were reported of 55,000 bags, including December at 6.90@6.95c, January at 7c, March at 7.20@7.25c, May at 7.35@7.40c, July at 7.55@7.60c, September at 7.70@7.75c and October at 7.70c.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, Nov. 7.—Spirits of turpentine firm at 50c. Rosin firm; A, B, C $2.55; D $2.60; E $2.62½; F $2.67½; G $2.72½; H $2.77½; I $3.25; K $3.75; M $4.25; N $4.50; window glass $4.75; water white $5.

Wilmington, Nov. 7.—Spirits of turpentine and rosin, nothing doing. Tar firm at $1.60. Crude turpentine firm at $2.30, $3.80 and $3.80.

Charleston, Nov. 7.—Turpentine and rosin, nothing doing.

Elgin Butter.

Elgin, Nov. 7.—Butter advanced 2c a pound on the Board of Trade here to-day, selling at 25c, as compared with 23c a week ago. Sales for the week 663,000 pounds.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, Nov. 7.—Wheat—Spot nominal; futures steady; December 7s 2⅛d; March 7s 4¼d; May 7s 3⅛d. Corn—Spot steady; American mixed 4s 8d; futures steady; December 4s 8⅝d; January 4s 5d.

Oil Quotations.

Oil City, Nov. 7.—Credit balances $1.56; certificates, no bid; shipments 204,092 bbls., average 99,833; runs 122,930, average 79,740; shipments (Lima) 120,839, average 66,678; runs (Lima) 80,931, average 56,540.

TRAPPIST ABBOTS ELECT NEW SUPERIOR GENERAL.

Choose the Rt. Rev. Dom Augustine de la Mare To Succeed Dom Sebastian Wyarth.

New York, Nov. 7.—All the abbots of the Trappist Order have just gathered at Rome, says a dispatch from that city to the World. They met in general chapter to elect a new Superior General to succeed Dom Sebastian Wyarth, recently deceased. Most of those present were Frenchmen, the Trappist Order having more houses in France than in any other part of the world.

Among the Americans who attended were the abbots of Gethsemane abbey in Kentucky, of Melleray abbey in Iowa and of Londsdale, R. I.

The meeting resulted in the unanimous election of the Rt. Rev. Dom Augustine de la Mare, Bishop of Constance and Abbot of Notre Dame D'Igny, in France, who will now reside in Rome. The new general is fifty-one years old.

The Trappist Order at present numbers 3,500 members, distributed among fifty-six monasteries. There are also sixteen houses of female trappists, who have adopted the same rules, and who number 1,500, mostly in France.

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Worth $15 and More For - - - $10

Express yesterday brought us all the lightweight covert top coats that Hart, Schaffner & Marx had left in their tailor shops—of this season's make—closed out to us "at a price."

They are tan, green and brown shades; hand-tailored; sleeves lined with silk; the short, snappy garments that the young fellows want—and all worth $15 or more. Choice for $10. See window show. And you'll have to hurry if you want one.

Levy's Third & Market.

Courier-Journal.

TUESDAY.....NOVEMBER 8, 1904

CITY FEATURES.

Do Not Miss

The Fourth Annual Opening, to be held on Friday, November 11, from 10 a. m. until 8 p. m., in the private parlors of Jennie C. Benedict & Co. You will find german favors from 40 cents a dozen to $6 a dozen; souvenirs for any occasion, and anything you wish for the holidays. You can look and at the same time listen to beautiful music. Everybody will find a welcome.

Yes, gentlemen, it costs a trifle over $500.00 every day that my message is carried to you—have you read to-day's The "Clothes-ology-ist?"

BAPTISTS COMING

FOR CONGRESS WHICH WILL CONVENE TO-DAY.

Plans For Great World's Gathering To Be Discussed At Length.

The first Congress of the Baptist Church ever held in Louisville will commence this afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Broadway Baptist church. The Congress will be welcomed to Louisville by three of her most eloquent citizens. Alex P. Humphrey will speak on behalf of the Commonwealth, Dr. E. L. Powell, on behalf of the Christian community, and Dr. Carter Helm Jones, on behalf of the Baptist churches. The response to these addresses will be made by the president of the Congress, Dr. J. B. Marvin.

Many of the visitors and speakers of the Congress have arrived in the city, and all will be in by to-night. Prof. E. B. Burton, of Chicago University, the Rev. O. P. Gifford, of Buffalo, and the Rev. John S. Sowers, of Cincinnati, who take part in the discussion, "What Should the Church Demand of the Theological Schools," this afternoon, will arrive this morning. The evening session will be devoted to the discussion of: "Are Christian Principles a Hindrance to Financial Success." Those engaged in the discussion will be the Rev. M. Ashby Jones, of Richmond, Va.; J. S. Dickerson, of Chicago; Prof. Arthur Yager, of Georgetown, Ky., and the Rev. E. B. Pollard, of Georgetown.

A matter of kindred interest to this Congress, is the World's Congress of the Baptist Church, which will be held in London, England, next year. The committee of the Southern Baptist Church will meet this morning at 9 o'clock in the lecture room of the Broadway Baptist church to discuss the plans of the World's Congress, and on Wednesday morning at the same hour, the committee of the Northern Baptist Church will meet with the Southern committee in joint session. As a number of the speakers in the Southern Baptist Congress will go to London a great interest will be taken in the deliberations of the two committees.

A more than ordinary local interest will be felt in the World Congress, as it is due in great measure to the efforts of the Rev. J. M. Prestridge, editor of the Baptist Argus, that the World Congress is to be held. He has exerted himself unceasingly for nearly a year in behalf of such a meeting, and has aroused great enthusiasm in the Baptist Church all over the world in favor of the Congress.

COMMERCIAL CLUB TO ARRANGE OPEN MEETING.

An open meeting of the Commercial Club will be held in the Louisville Hotel some time in the near future, the date to be set and the programme arranged at a meeting of the Entertainment Committee, of which John J. Saunders is chairman. The membership of the club is growing rapidly, and during the last year several important movements have been brought to successful issue by the organization. Others, equally as important, are now contemplated, and with a view to getting them before the members and friends of the club, the open meeting is to be held. The Entertainment Committee will meet in the rooms of the Commercial Club Wednesday, and the plans in detail, which include speeches, a reception and supper, will be afterward announced.

NO FAULT

Found With Negro Special Delivery Messenger

BY POST-OFFICE OFFICIALS.

C. S. BALDWIN NOT SATISFIED WITH RESULT.

SUIT AGAINST COAL COMPANY.

C. S. Baldwin, whose special delivery letter had been opened and read when he received it, is not fully satisfied with the manner in which the negro messenger boy's action has been investigated by the post-office officials. Mr. Baldwin declared at first that he believed the boy guilty of negligence and that he would be amply satisfied if the messenger was discharged from the service, but it now appears that nothing is to be done. The post-office officials take the ground that the boy discharged his duty in delivering the letter to 116 West Walnut street, where the letter was addressed. That he did not take particular care to see that he turned it over to a responsible person to deliver to Mr. Baldwin, but let a negro woman living in the basement sign for it is explainable, they say, by the fact that the boy had been employed but five days at the time of the occurrence.

Dr. T. H. Baker, the postmaster, was not at his office yesterday afternoon and William A. Evans, the assistant postmaster, said that the incident was practically closed. "The boy is just learning his duties," he said, "and it is not surprising that he thought a delivery at the house where Mr. Baldwin lives is sufficient. There is no charge or evidence that the boy opened the letter or had any desire to do so or learn the contents."

James N. Steele, the superintendent of delivery, to whom was assigned the duty of investigating the case, said yesterday that he would make a written report to Dr. Baker, but that he could say nothing for publication. The name of the messenger boy has been withheld and if he learns who the boy is Mr. Baldwin may swear out a warrant for his arrest.

SUE BIG COAL COMPANY.

Damages Claimed On Account of Fred Wilson Wreck.

Three suits against the Monongahela Consolidated Coal and Coke Company were filed yesterday in the Federal Court for damages as a result of the explosion of the towboat Fred Wilson. The plaintiffs are Emma Williamson, who asks $10,000 for injuries; George Martin, executor of Thomas Johnson, who asks $2,000 for his decedent's death, and Carl Cody, who asks $5,000 for injuries received. The suits are filed under a ruling by Judge Evans, holding the company responsible only for an amount equal to the value of the wreck, which was appraised at $500 by a commission appointed by the court. All the plaintiffs except to the ruling and deny the jurisdiction of the court, but the suits were filed in order to protect their interests should Judge Evans be sustained.

GO HOME TO VOTE.

Customhouse Officials Leave Posts of Duty.

Many of the customhouse officials left yesterday for their homes in other parts of the State, where they will vote to-day. C. M. Barnett, Surveyor of the Port, and the cashier in his office, James Thomas, left for Hartford, Ky., where their homes are. Jack Richardson, the appraiser, went to Munfordville, where he will cast his ballot. Dr. A. D. James, the United States Marshal, will vote at Penrod, Ky., and his chief deputy, Walter Blackburn, went to Marion, Crittenden county, to vote. Maj. A. T. Wood, the United States Pension Agent, left last night for Mt. Sterling, his home, and R. M. Shelly, the Internal Revenue Agent, will vote at Nashville, Tenn., to-day. J. A. Craft and R. D. Hill, who formerly lived in the Eleventh district, have changed their residences to Louisville and will vote here.

Snake River Valley.

The largest irrigation enterprise in America is located in the rich Snake River valley of Idaho, which has been reclaimed through man's handiwork alone. In this valley, which is now comfortably settled, there remains 270,000 acres of land belonging to the State of Idaho which is under the Twin Falls irrigation canals and open to settlement. This land is among the richest in America, as experiments have proved. Potatoes here yield 200 to 400 bushels to the acre, of large size and fine variety. Wheat yields from 40 to 70 bushels to the acre, with an average weight of 63 pounds per bushel. Three crops of alfalfa are raised each season in the Snake River valley. The climate is superb, and of great value as a tonic for mind and body. Homeseekers' low rates to the Snake River valley are in effect via Union Pacific, the only direct route. Why not visit this district in person and fully realize its great possibilities? For full information address W. H. CONNOR, G. A., 53 East Fourth st., Cincinnati, O.

FREIGHT MEN AFTER GOVERNMENT CONTRACT.

Freight representatives from many competing lines will arrive in Jeffersonville to-day in order to be early on the ground in the scramble for the contract which will be let at noon Wednesday by the United States Government. This contract, which is much coveted, is for the handling of about fourteen cars of supplies for the soldiers in the Philippines, and will be billed through to San Francisco, where the Government transports will receive the goods.

Since the maintenance of an army in the Philippines these consignments have been sent from the Quartermaster General's station in Jeffersonville several times each year. The supplies consist of caps, clothing, tents and other necessaries of life.

Rest Cottage Dinners.

The board of the Jennie Casseday Rest Cottage will give a series of dinners at 317 West Market street November 8, 9 and 10, to defray the expenses for necessary repairs on the buildings and premises.

For FAMILY and MEDICINAL USES



Old Tom Jones Whiskey

At 75c for a full quart—is just like finding 25c.

It's worth a Dollar.

Pure, old Bourbon Stock. We have a special offer for out-of-town customers of six full quarts—plain box—five dollars—CASH WITH ORDER—express prepaid, to all points east of Missouri river, except to Florida.

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NEGRO

Becomes a Member of November Grand Jury.

THE FIRST IN TEN YEARS.

ONLY ONE CONTESTANT IN PARR WILL SUIT.

VALUE OF CROSS ESTATE.

When the grand jury for November was organized in the Criminal Court yesterday D. L. Knight, a negro teamster, qualified for service and was administered for oath. This is the first colored man to become a member of a Jefferson county grand jury for the past ten years. When the jury commissioners last summer were engaged in placing the names in the jury wheel several negro lawyers petitioned Judge Pryor to order the names of a number of negroes put into the wheel in view of the fact that such a large percentage of the defendants are negroes. Judge Pryor called the attention of the commissioners to this and it was understood at the time that the names of some negroes went into the wheel. A negro served on the regular panel in the petit jury last winter. It was the first time this had occurred for several years.

Judge Pryor delivered to the grand jury the usual statutory charge. The following were selected:

George A. Ouerbacker, foreman; John Katheriner, Henry Speisberger, H. H. Beech, Fred Westerman, John B. Alexander, D. L. Knight, S. Blum, Charles Weikel, E. J. Miller, Morris Stern, Charles Hugo.

Charles Craig, charged with breaking into the safe of H. A. J. Puls, was indicted for robbery.

Only One Contestant.

When the suit to contest the will of Capt. Daniel G. Parr, which has been anticipated for some time,, is filed, only one of the testator's children will appear as contestant. This will be Mrs. Virginia Parr Sale, wife of John H. Sale. The other children who have already accepted the terms of the will are Mrs. Birdie Marshall, of Georgetown, Ky., and William Parr, of Collinsville, Ill. When the petition is filed only the formal allegations will be made. No specific allegations will be made regarding whether Capt. Parr was mentally able to make a will until the opening statement of the case at the jury trial upon which the whole affair hinges. The attorneys representing the contestant refused to discuss the case at all. The suit will probably be filed shortly.

Awarded $1,000 Damages.

M. Wilson, of Dawson Springs, was given $1,000 damages against the Illinois Central Railroad Company yesterday afternoon in Judge Gordon's court. Wilson's compaint was that he was unlawfully seized by the officials of the road and searched for a pocketbook which had been lost by another passenger. Wilson protested at the time that he did not take the pocketbook and knew nothing of it. Though members of the train crew made a close investigation of his clothing they did not find it. He had filed suit asking $2,000 damages. The railroad, in its defense, claimed that Wilson was not searched at its instance, as alleged by him in his petition.

Value of Cross Estate.

An inventory and appraisement of the property of George Cross, the umbrella merchant who was found dead in bed recently, was filed yesterday in the County Court. The total value of the estate is placed at $25,817.44, of which $19,463.48 is stock in his store, and $4,340 stock in the Louisville Lighting Company. Nieces and nephews of Mr. Cross on Saturday filed suit contesting the validity of the will.

Joseph Garr's Will.

The will of Joseph W. Garr, a well-known citizen of the county, who died a short time ago, went to probate yesterday. It bears date of April 9, 1899, and provides that all the property shall go to the widow, Pauline E. Garr. The two sons, Benjamin A. and James J. H. Garr, are named as heirs in remainder, and made executors without bond.

Court Paragraphs.

—Fred Pound sued W. C. Barrackman and James Trigg for $761.25, claimed as balance due on a note.

—Fred Ruby sued Katie Ruby for divorce, alleging five years' separation. They were married November 11, 1895.

—W. C. Hunt, who sued Ballard & Ballard Company, got $1,200 damages on account of injuries received while in the employ of the defendant.

—Edwin C. Hegan sued H. Heidinger & Co. for $300 for alleged failure to comply with a contract to furnish a gas engine up to certain specifications.

—The Barber Asphalt Company sued William Glover and others for $508.16 on apportionment warrants for improvement of part of Virginia avenue.

—Mamie F. Dickinson sued the Louisville Railway Company for $2,550 damages, While getting off a car at Fifth and Market streets she was thrown to the street and internally hurt.

—Emma Roberts sued Richard Roberts for divorce, alleging cruelty. They were married July 19, 1884, and the plaintiff asks custody of their six children. Judge Kirby granted an order restraining the defendant from violence towards the plaintiff.

Court of Appeals Decisions.

Commonwealth vs. The Licking Valley Building Association No. 3.—Filed October 19, 1904.—(To be reported.) Appeal from Campbell Circuit Court. Opinion by Judge Hobson, reversing.

First—Corporations—Original Organization—Filing Amended Articles—New incorporation.—Where by the original articles an association was formed on April 12, 1886, with a capital stock not to exceed $1,000,000, or 2,000 shares of the par value of $500 each, to commence business May 3, 1886, and to continue twenty-five years, with authority to incur an indebtness not exceeding $25,000, and by amended articles filed in the County Clerk's office April 19, 1897 under chapter 32, Kentucky Statutes, section 554, and reorganized under the same name, the stockholders of the new the same as the old without transfer upon the books of the company, the capital stock not to exceed $1,000,000, or 1,500 shares of the par value of $500 each, and 1,000 half shares of the par value of $250 each, the highest amount of the indebtness not to exceed 20 per cent. of its paid-up capital, to commence business May 3, 1897, and to continue twenty-five years, the amended articles did more than conform to the new statute—they created a new corporation, and under the law the old corporation was destroyed, and a new one with new powers and new responsibilities came into existence.

Second—Organization Tax—Defense—Want of Legal Organization.—In an action under Kentucky Statutes, section 4225, to recover an organization tax against a corporation organized in this State under chapter 32, Kentucky Statutes, section 566, providing that "no corporation organized under this chapter shall be permitted to set up or rely upon the want of a legal organization as a defense to any action against it," such corporation is not permitted to set up the want of a legal organization, and, therefore, it was unnecessary to allege in the petition, facts showing that it had complied with the requirements of the statute. The simple allegation that it is a corporation, created under the laws of the State, is, under the statute above named, sufficient.

Third—Demurrer—Exhibits Filed—Consideration.—In considering a demurrer to an answer filed by a corporation, with which its articles of incorporation are filed as an exhibit, the court will construe the articles of incorporation in determining whether the demurrer should have been sustained.

Fourth—Same.—Under Kentucky Statutes, section 4226, providing that "every corporation which shall be incorporated under the laws of this State, having a capital stock divided into shares, shall pay into the State treasury one-tenth of 1 per cent. upon the amount of the capital stock which the corporation is authorized to have. Held—The fact the building and loan association does not sell its stock is immaterial. By the express terms of the statutes it must pay the tax upon the stock which it is authorized to have. The purpose of the statute is not only to raise revenue, but to prevent stocks being watered, or fictitious stocks being issued or put on the market, and we are not at liberty to make an exception to the statute when it makes none.

James M. Guthrie for appellant; Louis Rinscher for appellee.

Louisville Tobacco Warehouse Company vs. Wood & Baumgardner.—Filed October 25, 1904.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Hart Circuit Court. Opinion by Judge Hobson, affirming.

Action to Vacate Judgment—Allegations of Petition—Failure to Make Original Proceedings Part of Petition.—Civil Code sections 520, 521, regulating proceedings to vacate or modify a judgment, require that they "shall be by petition verified by affidavit setting forth the judgment, the grounds to vacate or modify it, and the defense to the action if the party applying was defendant." They also provide that a judgment shall not be vacated "until it be adjudged that there is a valid defense to the action in which the judgment is rendered." Held—Where the proceedings in the action in which the judgment complained of was rendered are not made part of the petition and are not copied on the appeal, and from the allegations of the petition we cannot determine what was the nature of the action and precisely what judgment was rendered in it, or upon what the judgment was based, and are, therefore, unable to determine whether a valid defense to the action is disclosed, the Circuit Court properly sustained a demurrer to the petition as amended.

Humphrey, Burnett & Humphrey, H. A. Watkins for appellant; D. A. McCandless, H. L. James, R. L. Greene for appellees.

Mrs. S. C. Craig, etc., vs. J. H. Armstrong, etc.—(Not to be reported.) Filed October 19, 1904. Appeal from Todd Circuit Court. Opinion by Judge Paynter, affirming.

Lands—Verbal Exchange—Possession—Rights Acquired.—In this action involving the rights of the parties under a verbal exchange of strips of land owned by each on opposite sides of a branch, so as to make the branch the dividing line between their lands, where each party took possession of the parts exchanged and improved and used same by building a barn on one parcel and cutting and selling the timber from the other parcel exchanged respectively, in an action by one of the parties against the vendee of the other to recover the strip on which the barn was built, she claiming that she had acquired possession of the barn from the vendor of the defendant, the judgment of the lower court that the defendant acquired the interest of his vendor which he had by the verbal exchange and the erection of the barn, and fixed the enhanced value of the land by the erection of the barn at $200, for which a lien was adjudged to the defendant, will not be disturbed.

C. A. Denny for appellants; James R. Mallory for appellees.

J. H. Nolen, etc., vs. W. F. Hall.—Filed October 25, 1904.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Harlan Circuit Court. Opinion by Judge Hobson, affirming.

First—Land—Title—Previous Patent—Possession—Equitable Action.—In an equitable action for land brought under Kentucky Statutes, section 11, providing that "every person having both the legal title and possession of lands, to institute suit by petition in equity in the Circuit Court of the county where the lands, or some part of them, are situated against any other person setting up claim thereto, and if plaintiff shall be able to establish and does establish his title to said land, the defendant shall be decreed to release his claim thereto," where the plaintiff claims under a patent of date of February 15, 1889, and the proof showed that the land had been previously patented on March 4, 1845, the plaintiff's patent was void under Kentucky Statutes, section 4703, of chapter 127, providing that "every entry, survey or patent made or issued under this chapter shall be void so far as it embraces land previously entered, surveyed or patented."

Second—Void Patent—Constructive Possession.—In an equitable action brought under Kentucky Statutes, section 11, for land the plaintiff, as in ejectment, must succeed or fail, accordingly as he establishes his own title, and where the patent under which the plaintiff claims is void he is not in the constructive possession thereof, and, not having the actual possession, he is without title or possession, and so is not in a position to question his adversary's title or right to possession.

H. C. Clay for appellants; R. L. Greene, W. A. Black for appellee.

Brook vs. Commonwealth.—Filed October 27, 1904.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Knox Circuit Court. Opinion by Judge Burnam, affirming.

Criminal Law—Evidence.—Upon the trial of appellant for killing Harrison Taylor, evidence to the effect that deceased had made several wills in which he had failed to make any provision for the stepchildren of appellant, and the testimony of a daughter of deceased that appellant had told her he had heard that deceased was going to try to take his stepson to the House of Correction, and that she responded that the child was as much to her (being her sister's child) and to leave him with her and she would see her father and see that he did not take him off, when appellant replied, "No, by God, he will go back with me, and if a man ever comes after him I will take this big gun and he will not get him." There was nothing in this testimony of which appellant complains that affected his substantial rights.

B. B. Golden, J. D. Black for appellant; N. B. Hays, Loraine Mix for appellee.

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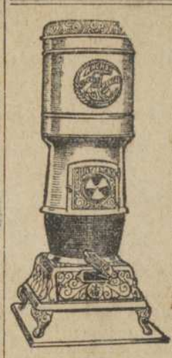
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